Installer manual

# Ground source heat pump
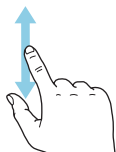# NIBE S1155

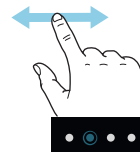# Quick guide

## NAVIGATION

### Select

Most options and func-
tions are activated by
lightly pressing on the
display with your finger.

### Scroll

If the menu has several
sub-menus, you can
see more information
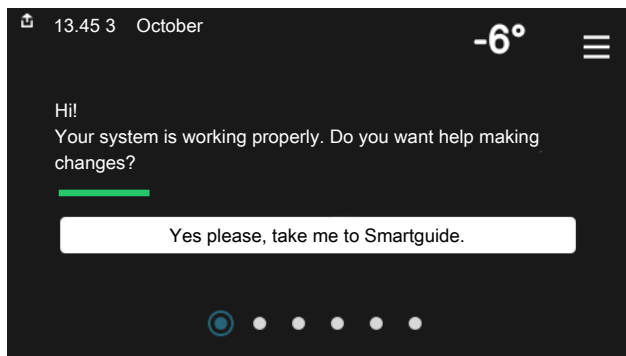by dragging up or
down with your finger.

### Browse

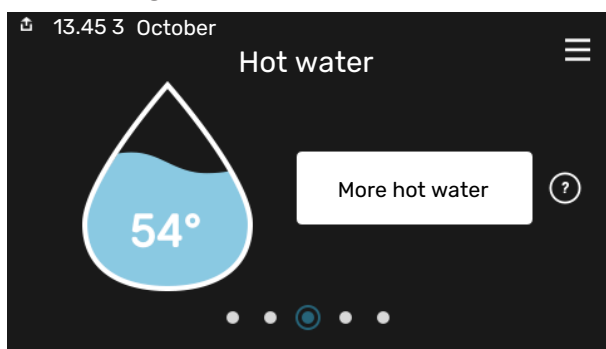The dots at the bottom
edge show that there
are more pages.

Drag to the right or left
with your finger to
browse between the
pages.

### Smartguide

13.45 3 October                                    -6°  ≡

Hi!
Your system is working properly. Do you want help making
changes?

[ Yes please, take me to Smartguide. ]

◉  ●  ●  ●  ●  ●

Smartguide helps you both to view information about the current
status and to make the most common settings easily. The inform-
ation that you see depends on the product you have and the ac-
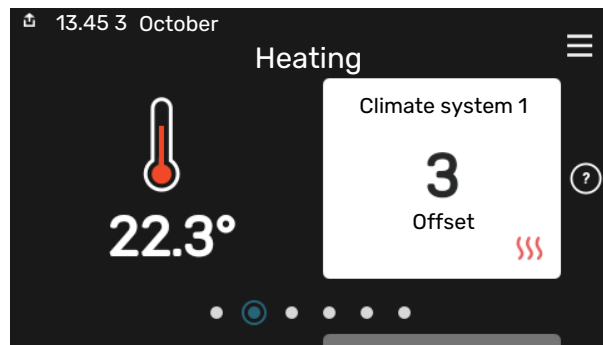cessories that are connected to the product.

### Setting the indoor temperature.

13.45 3 October                                         ≡
Heating

Climate system 1

**3**

Offset

22.3°                                                  ?

●  ◉  ●  ●  ●  ●

Here, you can set the temperature in the installation's zones.
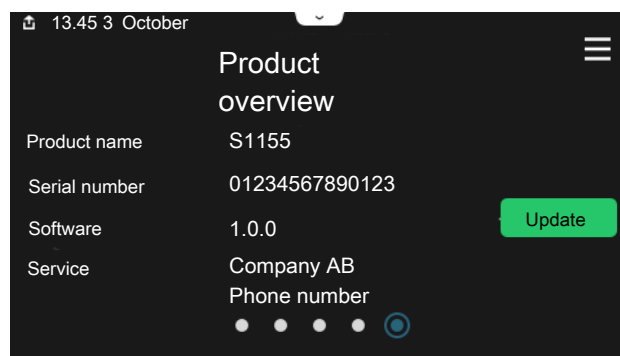
### Increasing hot water temperature

13.45 3 October                                         ≡
Hot water

[ More hot water ]   ?

54°

●  ●  ◉  ●  ●

Here, you can start or stop a temporary increase in the hot water
temperature.

This function page is only visible in installations with a water
heater.

### Product overview

13.45 3 October                                         ≡

Product
overview

Product name       S1155

Serial number      01234567890123

Software           1.0.0                    [ Update ]

Service            Company AB
                   Phone number

●  ●  ●  ●  ◉

Here, you can find information about product name, the product's
serial number, the version of the software and service. When
there is new software to download, you can do it here (provided
that S1155 is connected to myUplink).

# Table of Contents

# Important information

## Safety information

This manual describes installation and service procedures for implementation by specialists.

The manual must be left with the customer.

## Symbols

Explanation of symbols that may be present in this manual.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> This symbol indicates danger to person or machine.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> This symbol indicates important information about what you should consider when installing or servicing the installation.

> ☼ **TIP**
>
> This symbol indicates tips on how to facilitate using the product.

## Marking

Explanation of symbols that may be present on the product's label(s).

📖 Read the User Manual.
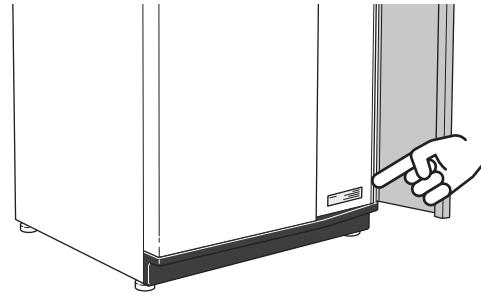
📖 Read the Installer Manual.

⊘ Disconnect the voltage supply before starting work.

⚡ Dangerous voltage.

## Serial number

The serial number can be found at the bottom right on S1155, in the display on the home screen "Product overview" and on the type plate(PZ1).



> ☞ **Caution**
>
> You need the product's (14 digit) serial number for servicing and support.

# Inspection of the installation

Current regulations require the heating installation to be inspected before it is commissioned. The inspection must be carried out by a suitably qualified person. In addition, fill in the page for the installation data in the User Manual.

| ✔ | Description | Notes | Signature | Date |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Brine side** | | | | |
| | System flushed | | | |
| | System vented | | | |
| | Antifreeze | | | |
| | Level/Expansion vessel | | | |
| | Filterball (particle filter) | | | |
| | Safety valve | | | |
| | Shut off valves | | | |
| | Circulation pump setting | | | |
| **Climate system** | | | | |
| | System flushed | | | |
| | System vented | | | |
| | Expansion vessel | | | |
| | Filterball (particle filter) | | | |
| | Safety valve | | | |
| | Shut off valves | | | |
| | Circulation pump setting | | | |
| **Electricity** | | | | |
| | Connections | | | |
| | Main voltage | | | |
| | Phase voltage | | | |
| | Fuses heat pump | | | |
| | Fuses property | | | |
| | Outside sensor | | | |
| | Room sensor | | | |
| | Current sensor | | | |
| | Safety breaker | | | |
| | Earth circuit-breaker | | | |
| | Set emergency mode in menu 7.1.8.2 | | | |

# Delivery and handling

## Transport

S1155 should be transported and stored vertically in a dry place. When being moved into a building, S1155 may be leant back 45 °.

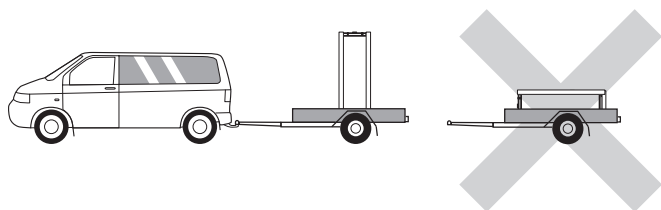Ensure that S1155 has not been damaged during transport.

☞ **Caution**

The product can be tail heavy.

If the cooling module is pulled out and transported upright, S1155 can be transported on its back.

Remove the outer panels in order to protect them when moving in confined spaces inside buildings.
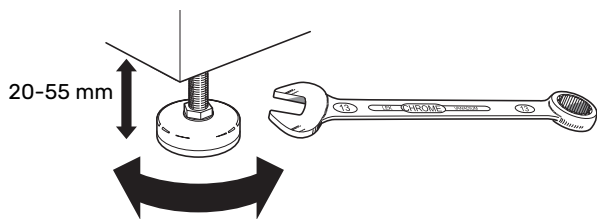


### EXTRACTING THE COOLING MODULE

To simplify transport and service, the heat pump can be separated by pulling the cooling module out from the cabinet.

## Assembly

- Place S1155 on a solid foundation indoors that can take the heat pump's weight.

  Use the product's adjustable feet to attain a horizontal and stable set-up.



20-55 mm

- Because water comes from S1155, the area where the heating pump is located must be equipped with floor drainage.

- Install with its back to an outside wall, ideally in a room where noise does not matter, in order to eliminate noise problems. If this is not possible, avoid placing it against a wall behind a bedroom or other room where noise may be a problem.

- Wherever the unit is located, walls to sound sensitive rooms should be fitted with sound insulation.

- Route pipes so they are not fixed to an internal wall that backs on to a bedroom or living room.

### INSTALLATION AREA

Leave a free space of 800 mm in front of the product. Approx. 50 mm free space is required on each side, to allow the side panels to be removed (see image). All service on S1155 can be carried out from the front, however the right-hand panel may need to be removed. Leave free space between the heat pump and the wall behind (and any routing of supply cables and pipes), to reduce the risk of any vibrations being propagated.
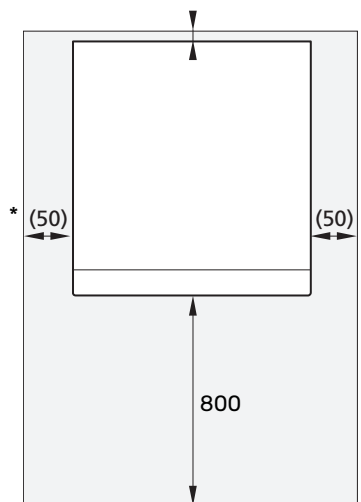


* A normal installation needs 300 – 400 mm (any side) for connection equipment, e.g. level vessel, valves and electrical equipment.
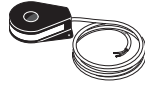
# Supplied components



Outdoor temperature sensor (BT1)
1 x

Room sensor(BT50)
1 x

Current sensor[1]
3 x

O-rings
8 x

Temperature sensor
3 x
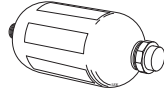
Level vessel (CM2)[1]
1 x

Aluminium tape
1 x
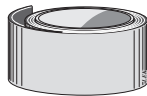
Insulation tape
1 x

Safety valve (FL3)
0.3 MPa (3 bar)[1]
1 x

Filterball (QZ2)

**6 KW**
1 x G1
1 x G3/4

**12/16 KW**
1 x G1
1 x G1 1/4

**25 KW**
2 pcs G1 1/4

Compression ring couplings

**6 KW**
2 x (ø28 x G25)
3 x (ø22 x G20)

**12/16 KW**
5 x (ø28 x G25)

**25 KW**
5 x (ø35 x G32)

[1] Not Italy and the DACH countries.

## LOCATION
The kit of supplied items is placed in packaging on top of the heat pump.

# Handling panels

## OPEN FRONT HATCH
Press the hatch's top left corner to open it.



## REMOVE THE FRONT

1. Remove the screw in the hole next to the on/off button (SF1).
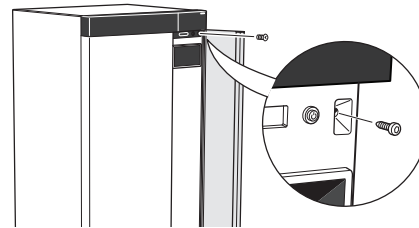


2. Pull the panel's top edge towards you and lift diagonally upwards to remove it from the frame.
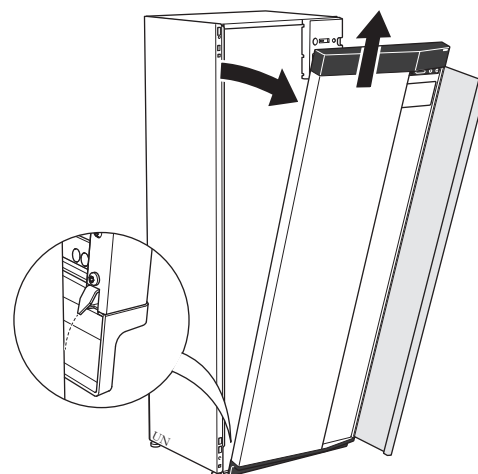
## ASSEMBLE THE FRONT

1.  Hook one bottom corner of the front onto the frame.
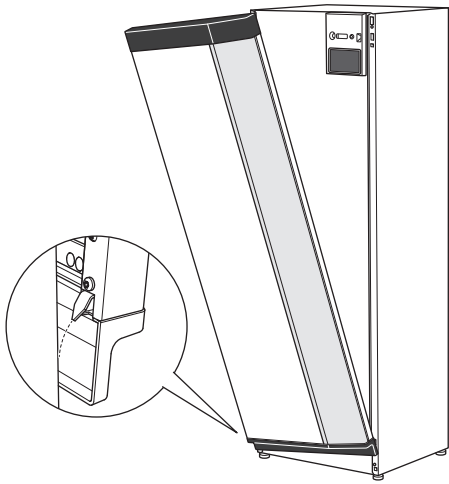


2.  Hook the other corner in place.
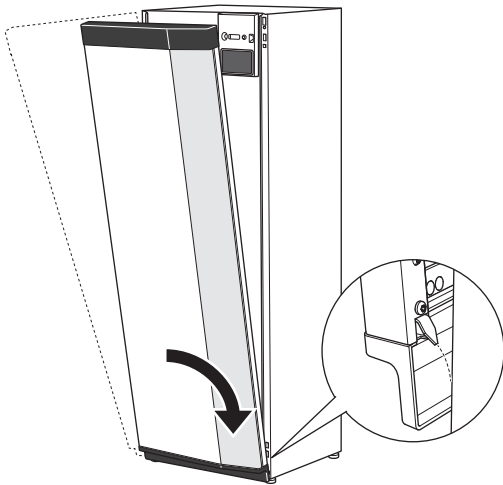


3.  Check the display is straight. Adjust if necessary.
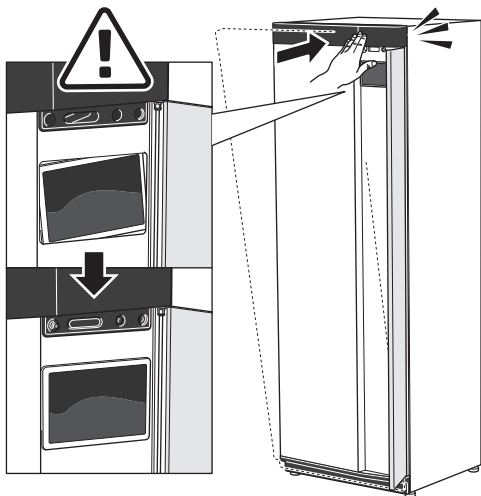


4.  Press the top of the front section against the frame and screw it into place.
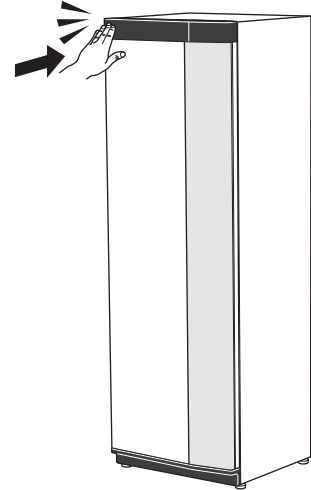


## REMOVE SIDE PANEL

The side panels can be removed to facilitate the installation.

1.  Remove the screws from the upper and lower edges.
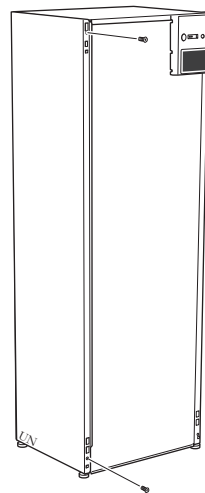


2.  Twist the panel slightly outwards.
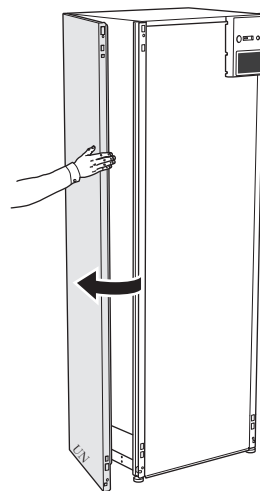
3.  Move the panel outwards and backwards.
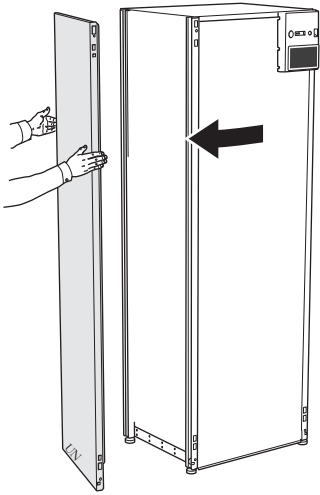
4.  Assembly takes place in the reverse order.

# The heat pump design

## General

**S1155-6, -12, -16**
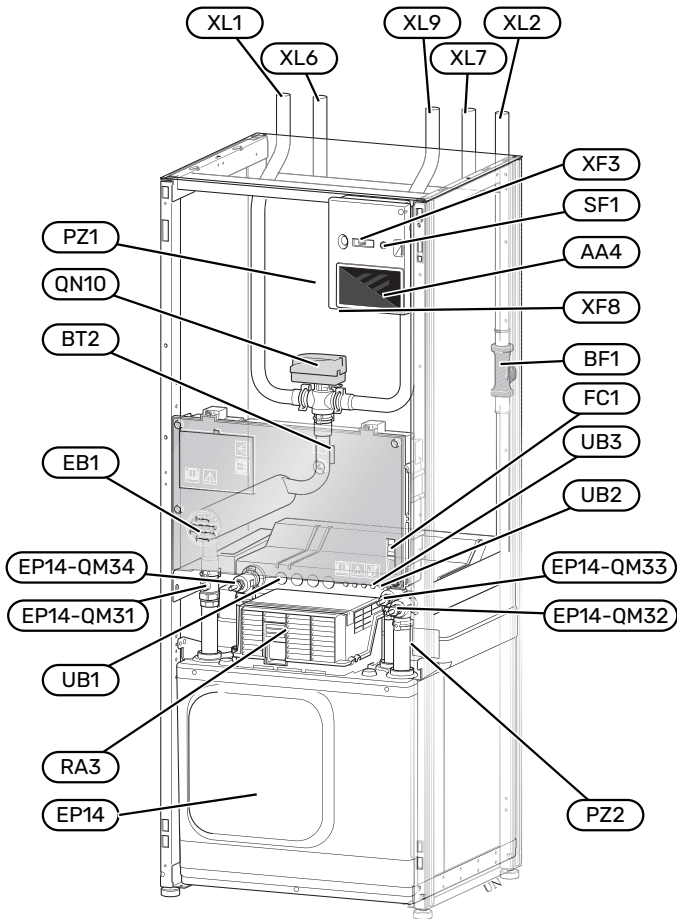


**S1155-25**
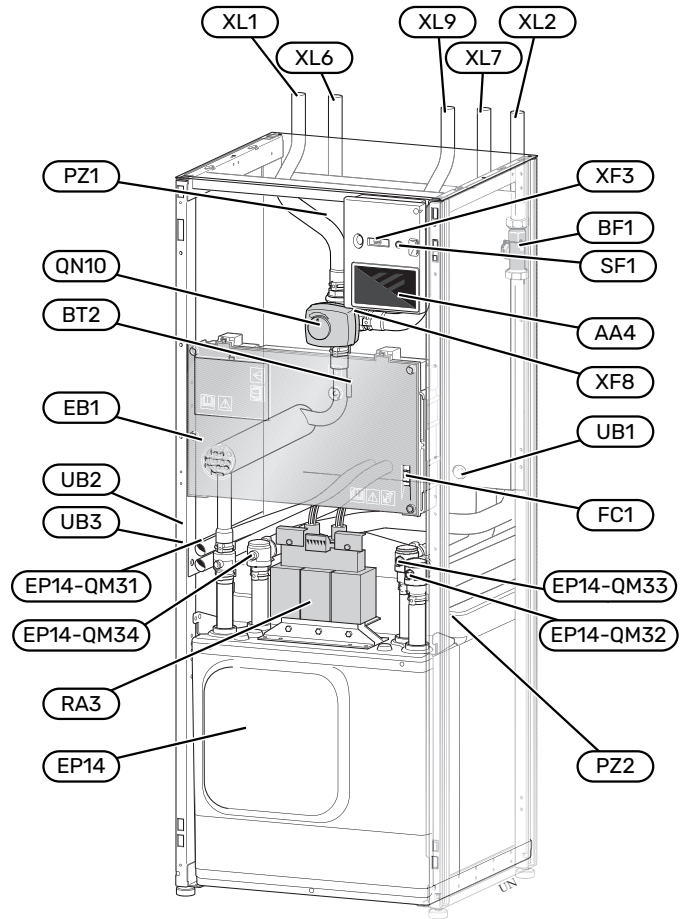
## PIPE CONNECTIONS

XL1        Connection, heating medium flow
XL2        Connection, heating medium return
XL6        Connection, brine in
XL7        Connection, brine out
XL9        Connection, hot water heater

## HVAC COMPONENTS

EP14      Cooling section
           EP14-QM31 Shut-off valve, heating medium supply
           EP14-QM32 Shut off valve, heating medium return
           EP14-QM33 Shut off valve, brine out
           EP14-QM34 Shut-off valve, brine in
QN10      Shuttle valve, climate system/water heater

## SENSORS ETC.

BF1        Flow meter
BT2        Temperature sensors, heating medium flow

## ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

AA4      Display unit
EB1       Immersion heater
FC1       Miniature circuit breaker[1]
RA3      Choke[2]
SF1       On/off button
XF3       USB socket
XF8       Network connection for myUplink

[1]  S1155-6 3x400 V is not equipped with miniature circuit breakers (FC1).

[2]  Only for S1155-12 and -25, 3x400 V.

## MISCELLANEOUS

PZ1       Rating plate
PZ2       Identification plate, cooling module
UB1      Cable gland
UB2      Cable gland
UB3      Cable gland, rear side, sensor

Designations according to standard EN 81346-2.

# Distribution boxes
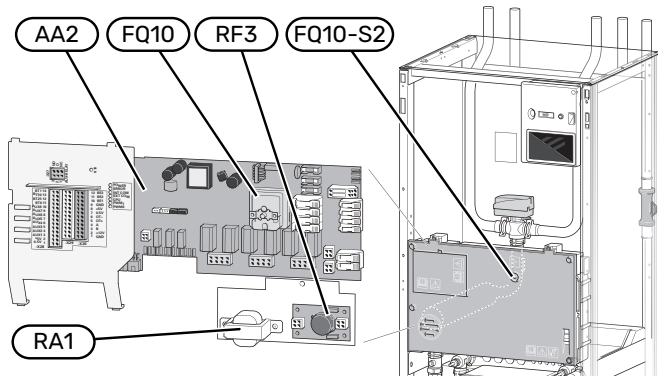


## ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

| | |
|---|---|
| AA2 | Base card |
| FQ10 | Temperature limiter |
| | FQ10-S2 Reset button for temperature limiter |
| RA1 | Choke[1] |
| RA3 | Choke[1] |
| RF3 | EMC filter[2] |

[1] Only for 12 kW 3x400 V

[2] Only for 25 kW

# Cooling sections

## 6 kW
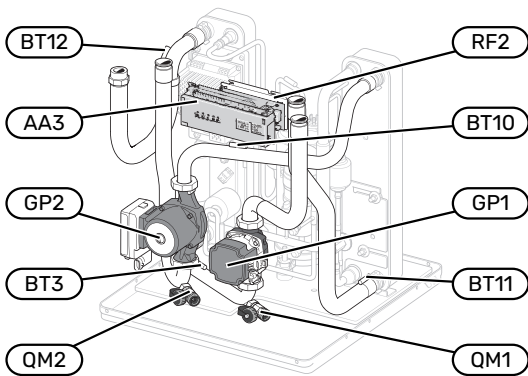


## 1x230V 12 kW
## 3x230V 12 kW
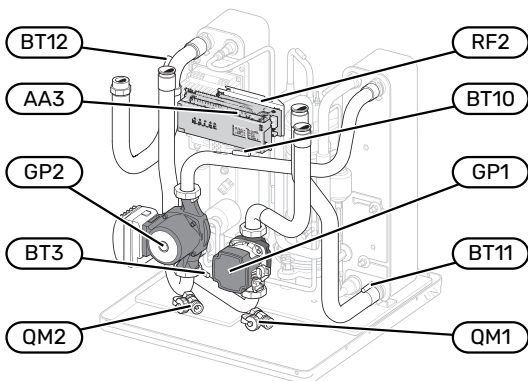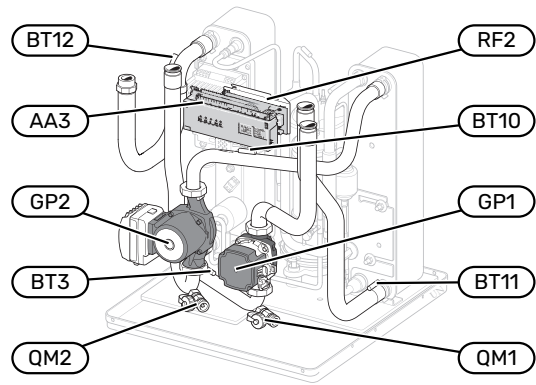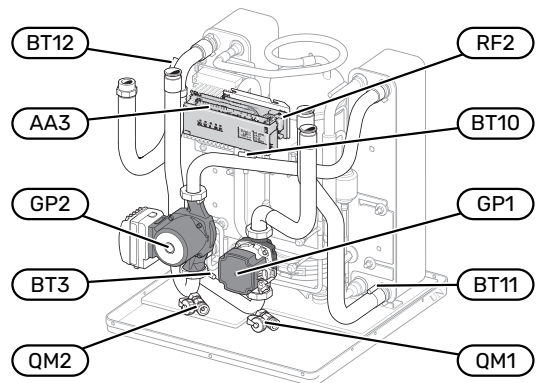


## 3x400V 12 kW



## 16 kW



## 25 kW



## 6 kW
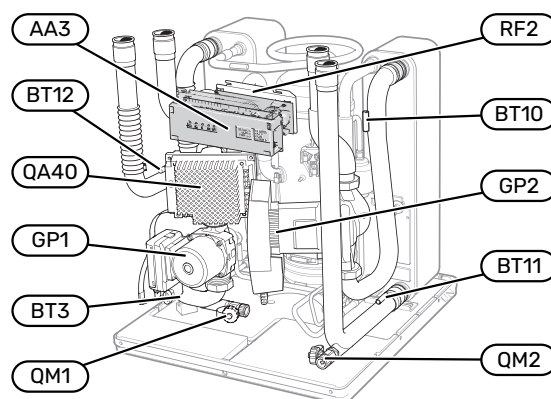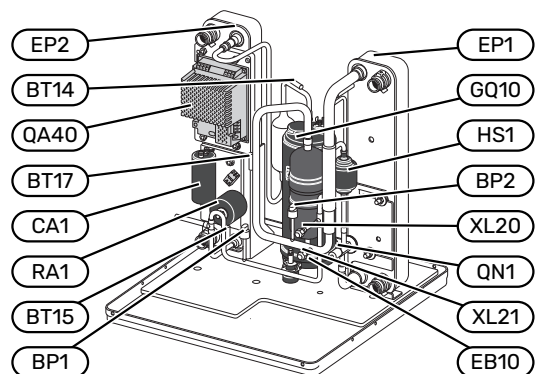
**1x230V 12 kW**
**3x230V 12 kW**
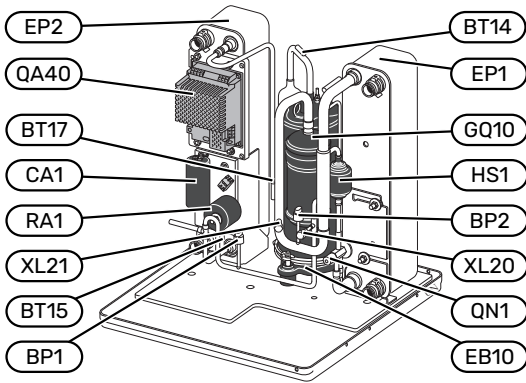


**3x400V 12 kW**
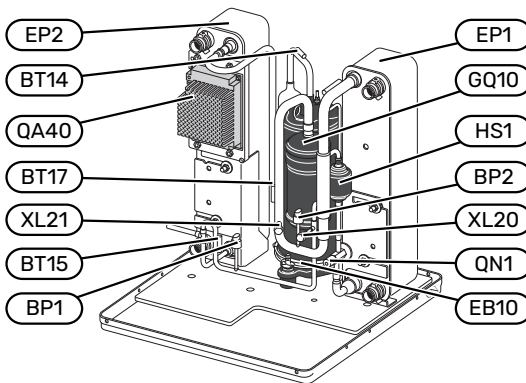


**16 kW**
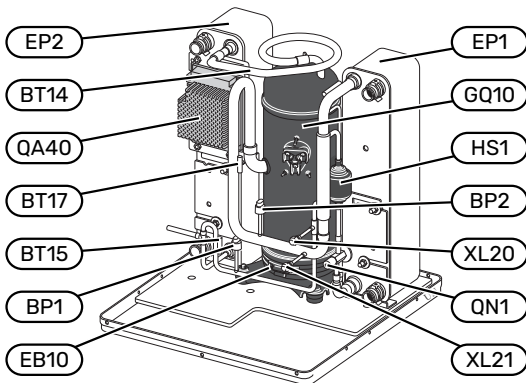


**25 kW**
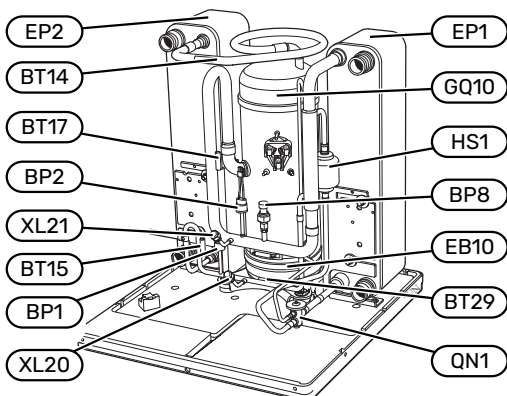


## PIPE CONNECTIONS

| | |
|---|---|
| XL20 | Service connection, high pressure |
| XL21 | Service connection, low pressure |

## HVAC COMPONENTS

| | |
|---|---|
| GP1 | Circulation pump |
| GP2 | Brine pump |
| QM1 | Drainage, climate system |
| QM2 | Draining, brine side |

## SENSORS ETC.

| | |
|---|---|
| BP1 | High pressure pressostat |
| BP2 | Low pressure pressostat |
| BP8 | Low pressure transmitter |
| BT3 | Temperature sensors, heating medium return |
| BT10 | Temperature sensor, brine in |
| BT11 | Temperature sensor, brine out |
| BT12 | Temperature sensor, condenser supply line |
| BT14 | Temperature sensor, hot gas |
| BT15 | Temperature sensor, fluid pipe |
| BT17 | Temperature sensor, suction gas |
| BT29 | Temperature sensor, compressor |

## ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

| | |
|---|---|
| AA3 | Input circuit board |
| CA1 | Capacitor |
| EB10 | Compressor heater |
| QA40 | Inverter |
| RA1 | Choke |
| RF2 | EMC-filter |

## COOLING COMPONENTS

| | |
|---|---|
| EP1 | Evaporator |
| EP2 | Condenser |
| GQ10 | Compressor |
| HS1 | Drying filter |
| QN1 | Expansion valve |

# Pipe connections

## General

Pipe installation must be carried out in accordance with current norms and directives. S1155 can operate with a return temperature of up to 58 °C and an outgoing temperature from the heat pump of 70 (65 °C with only the compressor).

S1155 is not equipped with external shut off valves; these must be installed to facilitate any future servicing.

☞ **Caution**

Ensure that incoming water is clean. When using a private well, it may be necessary to supplement with an extra water filter.

☞ **Caution**

Any high points in the climate system, must be equipped with air vents.

⚠ **NOTE**

The pipe systems need to be flushed out before the heat pump is connected so debris cannot damage component parts.

⚠ **NOTE**

Water may drip from the safety valve's overflow pipe. The overflow pipe must be routed to a suitable drain, so hot water splashes cannot cause harm. The entire length of the overflow pipe must be inclined to prevent water pockets, and must also be frost-proof. The overflow pipe must be at least the same size as the safety valve. The overflow pipe must be visible and its mouth must be open and not placed close to electrical components.

## SYMBOL KEY

| Symbol | Meaning |
|---|---|
| | Unit box |
| | Shut-off valve |
| | Non-return valve |
| | Mixing valve |
| | Circulation pump |
| | Expansion vessel |
| | Filterball |
| | Fan |
| | Pressure gauge |
| | Level vessel |
| | Particle filter |
| | Safety valve |
| | Temperature sensor |
| | Trim valve |
| | Reversing valve/shunt |
| | Manual reversing valve/shunt |
| | Heat exchanger |
| | Overflow valve |
| | Bore hole |
| | Ground collector |
| | Under floor heating systems |
| | Ground source heat pump |
| | Cooling system |
| | Pool |
| | Radiator system |
| | Domestic hot water |
| | Hot water circulation |

## SYSTEM DIAGRAM

S1155 consists of heat pump, immersion heater, circulation pumps and control system. S1155 is connected to the brine and heating medium circuits.

In the heat pump evaporator, the brine (water mixed with anti-freeze, glycol or ethanol) releases its energy to the refrigerant, which is vaporised in order to be compressed in the compressor. The refrigerant, of which the temperature has now been raised, is passed to the condenser where it gives off its energy to the heating medium circuit and, if necessary, to any docked water heater. If there is a greater need for heating/hot water than the compressor can provide there is an integrated immersion heater.
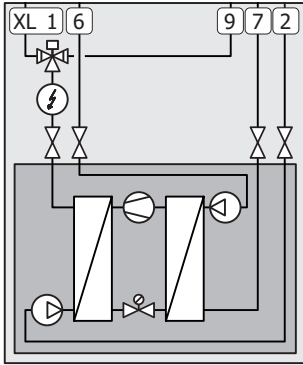


| XL1 | Connection, heating medium flow |
| XL2 | Connection, heating medium return |
| XL6 | Connection, brine in |
| XL7 | Connection, brine out |
| XL9 | Connection, hot water heater |

# Dimensions and pipe connections
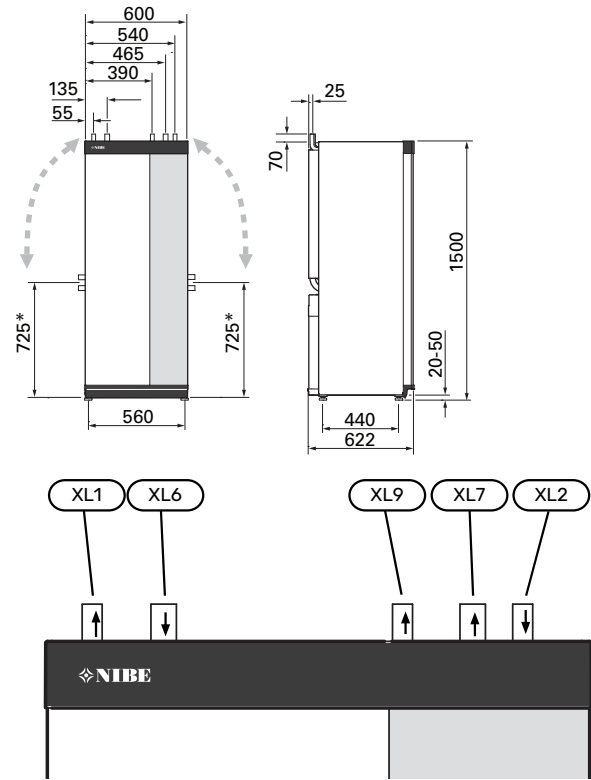


## PIPE DIMENSIONS

| Connection | | 6 kW | 12 kW | 16 kW | 25 kW |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (XL1)/(XL2) Heating medium supply/return ext. Ø | (mm) | 22 | 28 | | 35 |
| (XL9) Connection water heater ext. Ø | (mm) | 22 | 28 | | 35 |
| (XL6)/(XL7) Brine in/out ext. Ø | (mm) | | 28 | | 35 |

* Can be angled for side connection.

# Brine side

## COLLECTOR

☞ Caution

The length of the collector hose varies depending on the rock/soil conditions, climate zone and on the climate system (radiators or underfloor heating) and the heating requirement of the building Each installation must be sized individually.

Max. length per coil for the collector should not exceed 400 m.

In those cases where it is necessary to have several collectors, these should be connected in parallel with the possibility for adjusting the flow of the relevant coil.

For surface soil heat, the hose should be buried at a depth determined by local conditions and the distance between the hoses should be at least 1 metre.

For several bore holes, the distance between the holes must be determined according to local conditions.

Ensure the collector hose rises constantly towards the heat pump to avoid air pockets. If this is not possible, airvents should be used.

Because the temperature of the brine system can fall below 0 °C, it must be protected against freezing down to -15 °C. When making the volume calculation, use 1 litres of ready mixed brine per metre of collector hose (applies when using PEM-hose 40x2.4 PN 6.3) as a guide value.

## SIDE CONNECTION

It is possible to angle the brine connections, for connection to the side instead of top connection.

To angle out a connection:

1. Disconnect the pipe at the top connection.
2. Angle the pipe in the desired direction.
3. If necessary, cut the pipe to the desired length.

## CONNECTING THE BRINE SIDE

Insulate all indoor brine pipes against condensation.

Mark the brine system with the antifreeze that is used.

Install as follows:

- enclosed level vessel (CM2)/expansion vessel

The level vessel must be installed as the highest point in the brine system on the incoming pipe before the brine pump (Alternative 1). If the level vessel cannot be placed at the highest point, an expansion vessel must be used (Alternative 2).

⚠ NOTE

Note that condensation may drip from the level vessel. Position the vessel so that this does not harm other equipment.

- enclosed safety valve (FL3)

Install the safety valve under the level vessel as illustrated.

- pressure gauge

The pressure gauge is only required if an expansion vessel is used.

- shut-off valve

Install the shut-off valve as close to S1155 as possible.

- enclosed filterball (QZ2)

Install the filterball as close to S1155 as possible.

💡 TIP

If filling connection KB25/KB32 is used, the enclosed filterball does not need to be fitted.

- vent valve

When necessary you should install venting valves in the brine system.

In the case of connection to an open groundwater system, an intermediate frost-protected circuit must be provided, because of the risk of dirt and freezing in the evaporator. This requires an extra heat exchanger.
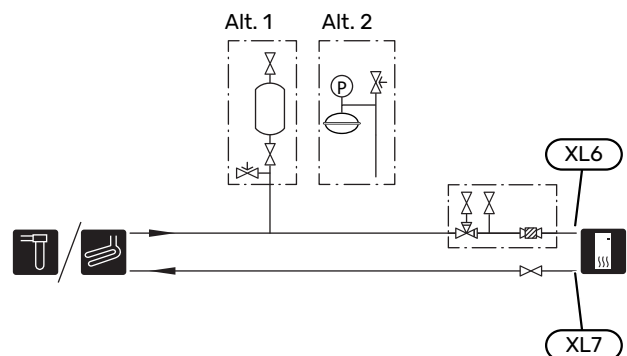
# Climate system

A climate system is a system that regulates the indoor temperature with the help of the control system in S1155 and, for example, radiators, underfloor heating, underfloor cooling, fan coils, etc.

## CONNECTING THE CLIMATE SYSTEM

Install as follows:

- expansion vessel

- pressure gauge

- pressure relief valve

  Recommended opening pressure is 0.25 MPa (2.5 bar). For information about max opening pressure, see technical data. Install the safety valve as illustrated.

- enclosed filterball (QZ2)

  Install the filterball as close to S1155 as possible.

- shut-off valve

  Install the shut-off valve as close to S1155 as possible.

- When connecting to a system with thermostats on all radiators/underfloor heating coils, either a bypass valve must be fitted or some of the thermostats must be removed to ensure there is sufficient flow and heat emission.
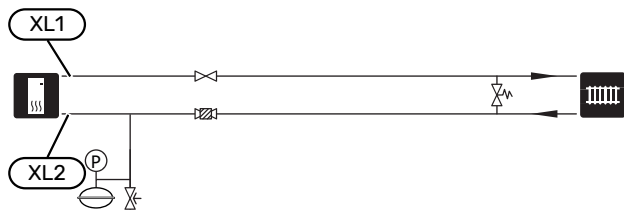


# Cold and hot water

Hot water production is activated in the start guide or in menu 7.1.1 - "Hot water".

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> If S1155 is not docked to a water heater, the connection for the water heater (XL9) must be plugged.

## CONNECTING THE HOT WATER HEATER

Install as follows:

- controlling hot water sensor (BT6)

  The sensor is placed in the middle of the water heater.

- displayed hot water sensor (BT7)[1]

  The sensor is optional and is placed in the top of the water heater.

- shut-off valve

- non-return valve

- pressure relief valve

The safety valve must have a maximum 1.0 MPa (10.0 bar) opening pressure and be installed on the incoming domestic water line as shown.

- mixing valve

  A mixer valve must also be installed, if the factory setting for hot water is changed. National regulations must be observed.

[1] The sensor is factory fitted on some water heater/accumulator tank models from NIBE.
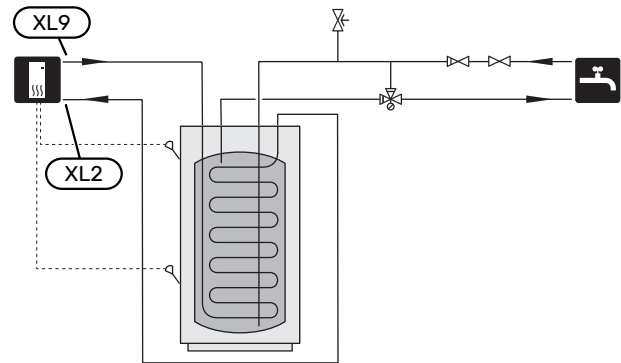


# Installation alternative

S1155 can be installed in several different ways, some of which are shown here.

Further option information is available at nibe.eu and in the respective assembly instructions for the accessories used. See page 66 for a list of the accessories that can be used with S1155.

## BUFFER VESSEL UKV

UKV is an accumulator tank that is suitable for connection to a heat pump or another external heat source, and can have several different applications. It can also be used during external control of the heating system.

If the climate system volume is too small for the heat pump output, the radiator system can be supplemented with a buffer vessel, for example NIBE UKV.
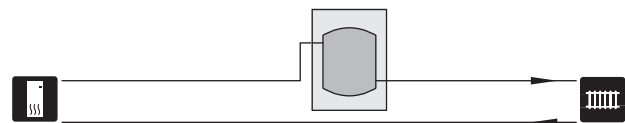
## FIXED CONDENSING

If the heat pump is to work towards an accumulator tank with fixed condensing, you must connect an external supply temperature sensor (BT25). The sensor is placed in the tank.

The connection for the hot water heater (XL9) on S1155 is plugged.

The following menu settings are made:

| Menu | Menu setting (local variations may be required) |
|---|---|
| 1.30.4 - min. flow line temp. heating | Desired temperature in the tank. |
| 1.30.6 - max flow line temperature | Desired temperature in the tank. |
| 7.1.2.1 - op. mod heat med pump | intermittent |
| 4.1 - op. mode | manual |
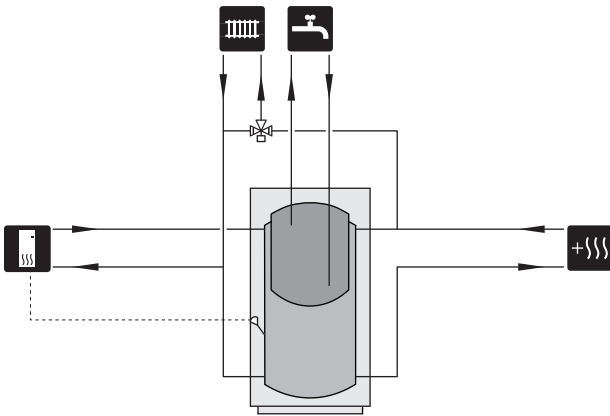


## GROUND WATER SYSTEM

An intermediate heat exchanger is used to protect the heat pump's exchanger from dirt. The water is released into a buried infiltration unit or a drilled well. See page Possible selections for AUX output for more information about connecting a groundwater pump.

If this docking alternative is used, "min. brine out" in menu 7.1.2.8 "br pmp al set." must be changed to a suitable value to prevent freezing of the heat exchanger.
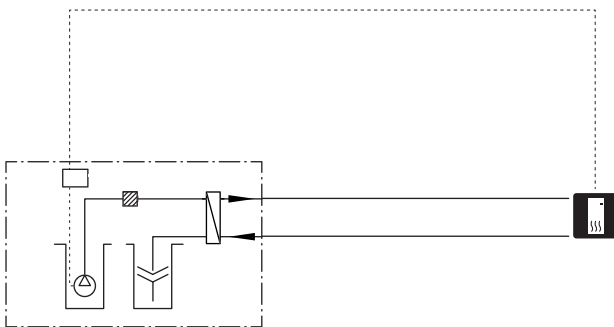


## VENTILATION RECOVERY

The installation can be supplemented with the exhaust air module NIBE FLM S45 to provide ventilation recovery.

• Pipes and other cold surfaces must be insulated with diffusion-proof material to prevent condensation.

• The brine system must be supplied with a pressure expansion vessel. If there is a level vessel this should be replaced.
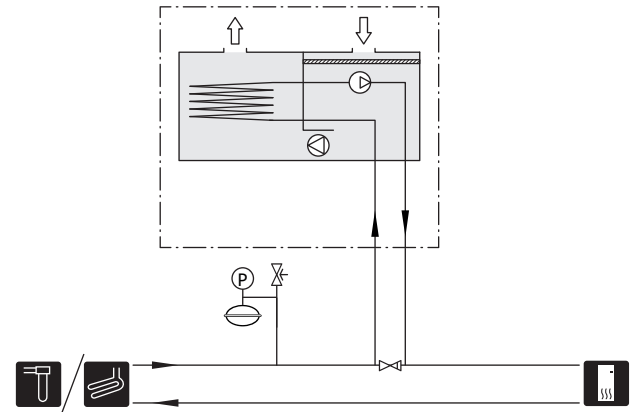


## COOLING

The accessory PCS 44 allows the connection of passive cooling, for example with fan coils. The cooling system is connected to the heat pump brine circuit, whereby cooling is supplied from the collector via a circulation pump and shunt valve.

• Pipes and other cold surfaces must be insulated with diffusion-proof material to prevent condensation.

• Where the cooling demand is high, fan convectors with drip trays and drain connection are needed.

• The brine system must be supplied with a pressure expansion vessel. If there is a level vessel this should be replaced.
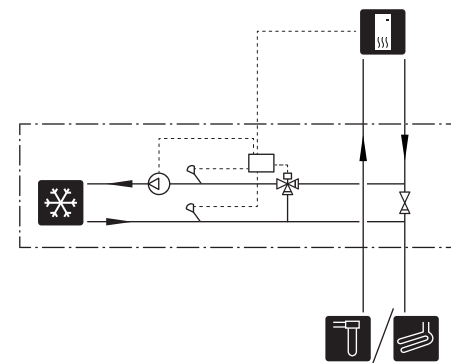
## EXTRA CLIMATE SYSTEM

In buildings with several climate systems that require different supply temperatures, the accessory ECS 40/ECS 41 can be connected.

A shunt valve then lowers the temperature to the underfloor heating system, for example.
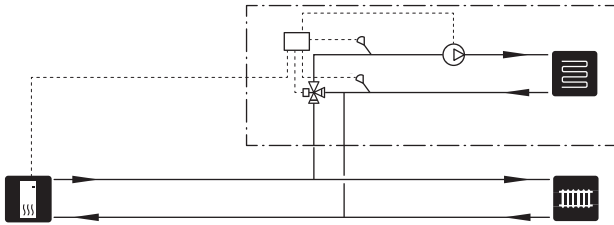
## POOL

With the POOL 40 accessory, you can heat the pool with your system.

During pool heating, the heating medium circulates between the S1155 and the pool exchanger using the heat pump's internal circulation pump.
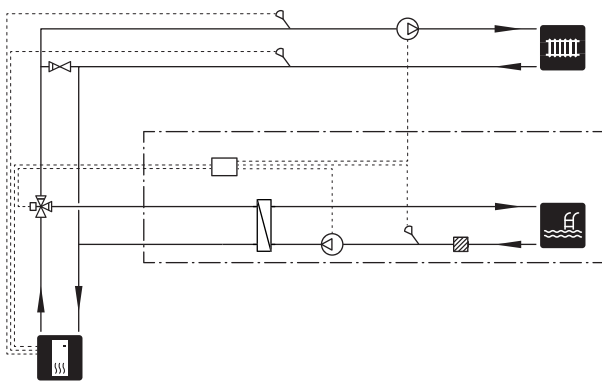
## HOT WATER CIRCULATION

A circulation pump can be controlled by S1155 to circulate the hot water. The circulating water must have a temperature that prevents bacterial growth and scalding, and national standards must be satisfied.

The HWC return is connected to a freestanding water heater.

The circulation pump is activated via the AUX output in menu 7.4 -"Selectable in/outputs".
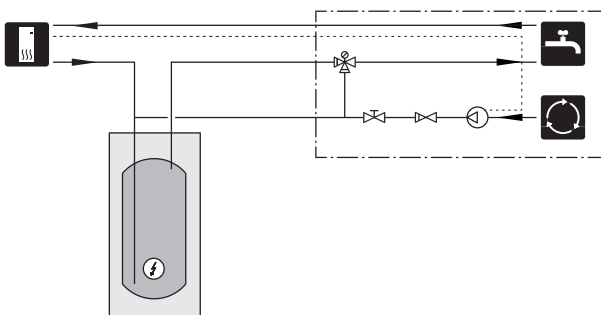
# Electrical connections

## General

All electrical equipment, except the outdoor sensors, room sensors and the current sensors are ready connected at the factory.

- Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with national provisions.

- Disconnect S1155 before insulation testing the house wiring.

- If the building is equipped with an earth-fault breaker, S1155 should be equipped with a separate one.

- S1155 must be installed via an isolator switch. The cable area has to be dimensioned based on the fuse rating used.

- If a miniature circuit breaker is used, this must have at least triggering characteristic "C". See section "Technical specifications" for fuse size.

- To prevent interference, sensor cables to external connections must not be laid close to high voltage cables.

- The minimum area of communication and sensor cables to external connections must be 0.5 mm² up to 50 m, for example EKKX, LiYY or equivalent.

- Electrical wiring diagram for S1155, see separate handbook (WHB).

- When cable routing in S1155, the cable grommets (UB1 and UB2) must be used.

### S1155-6, -12, -16
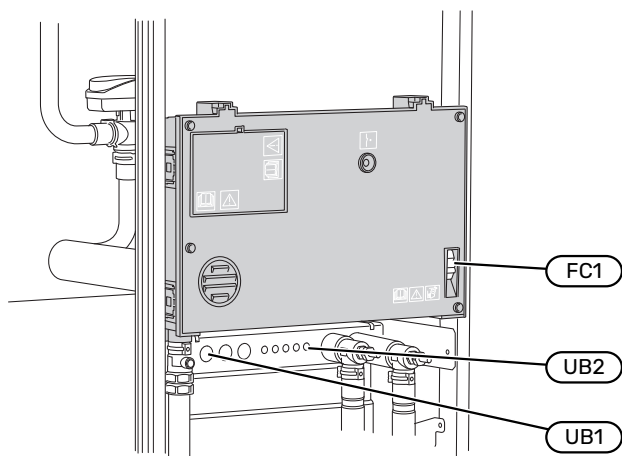


### S1155-25
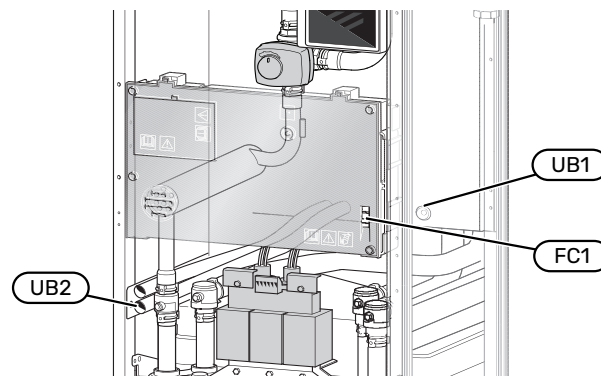


> **NOTE**
>
> Electrical installation and any servicing must be carried out under the supervision of a qualified electrician. Disconnect the current using the circuit breaker before carrying out any servicing.

> **NOTE**
>
> If the supply cable is damaged, only NIBE, its service representative or similar authorised person may replace it to prevent any danger and damage.

> **NOTE**
>
> Check the connections, main voltage and phase voltage before the product is started, to prevent damage to the heat pump electronics.

> **NOTE**
>
> Do not start the system before filling up with water. Components in the system could be damaged.

### MINIATURE CIRCUIT-BREAKER

The operating circuit in S1155 and some of its internal components are fused internally by a miniature circuit breaker (FC1).

S1155-6 3x400 V is not equipped with miniature circuit breakers (FC1).

## ACCESSIBILITY, ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

### Removing the cover

The cover is opened using a screwdriver.
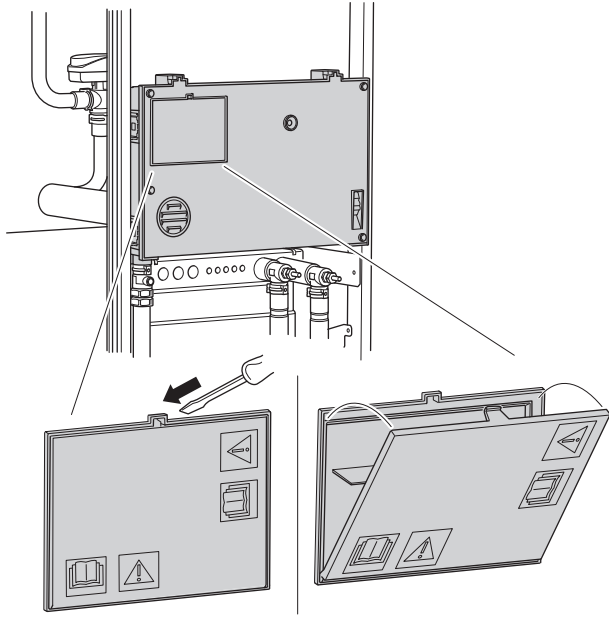


### Removing the covers

The cover is opened using a screwdriver.
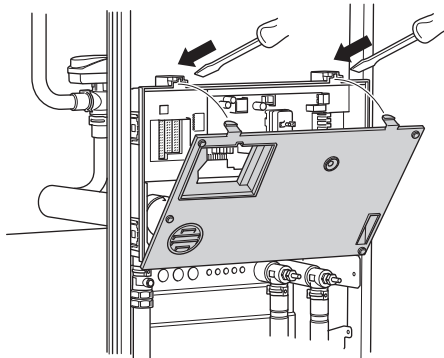


## CABLE LOCK

Use a suitable tool to release/lock cables in the heat pump terminal blocks.

### Terminal block

1.
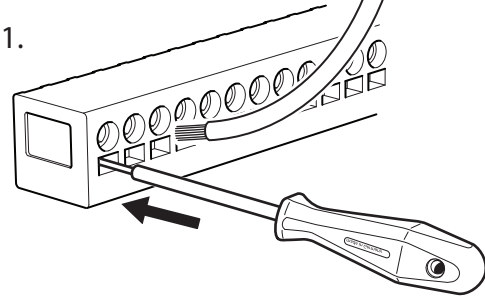


2.



## TEMPERATURE LIMITER



FQ10-S2
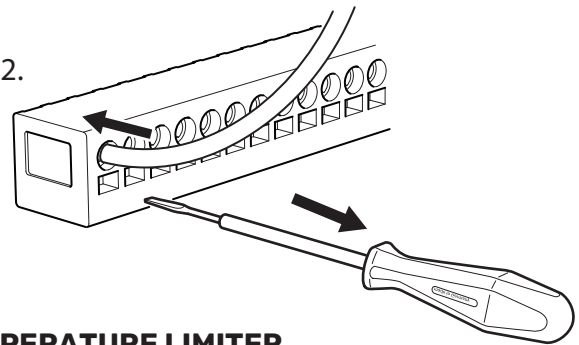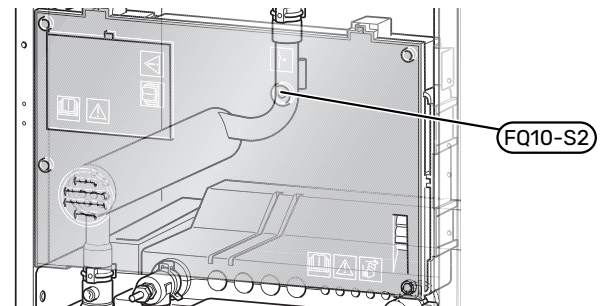
The temperature limiter (FQ10) cuts the power supply to the electric additional heat if the temperature rises above 89 °C and it is reset manually.

### Resetting

The temperature limiter (FQ10) is accessed behind the front cover. Reset the temperature limiter by pressing its button (FQ10-S2).

# Connections

## TERMINAL BLOCKS

The following terminal blocks are used on the base board (AA2).
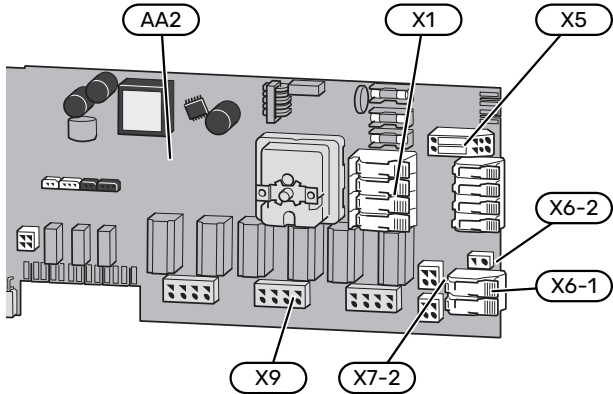


## POWER CONNECTION

### Supply voltage

Enclosed cable for incoming supply electricity is connected to terminal block X1 and X6-1 on the PCB (AA2).

**Connection 1x230V**
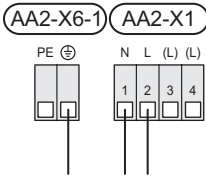


**Connection 3x230V**
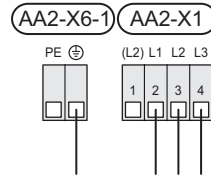


**Connection 3x400V**
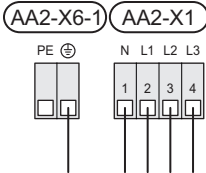


If separate supply to the compressor and immersion heater is required, see section "External blocking of functions" ".

### Tariff control

If the voltage to the immersion heater and/or compressor is lost for a period, this must be blocked at the same time via the selectable inputs, see section "Selectable inputs/outputs – Possible selections for AUX inputs".

## External control voltage for the control system

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

Control voltage (230 V ~ 50Hz) connects to AA2:X5:N, X5:L and X6-2 (PE).

When connecting external control voltage, remove the bridges from terminal block X5.
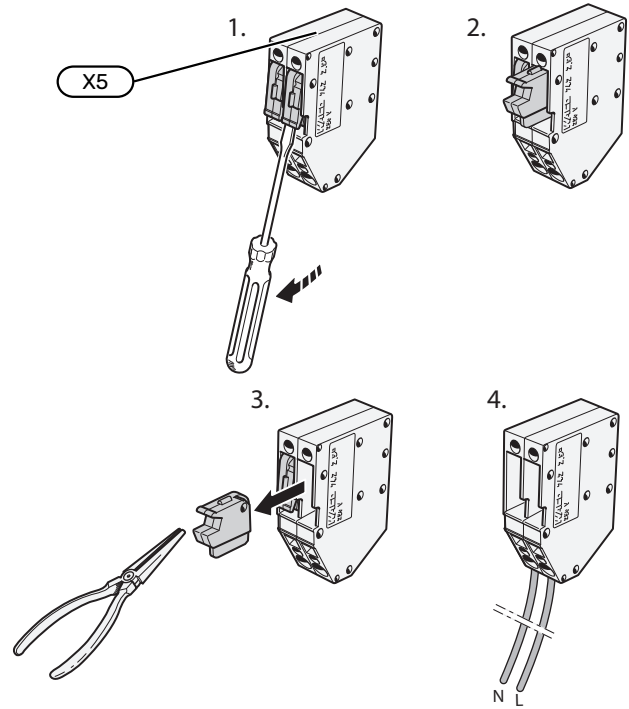
## EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS

Connect external connections on terminal blocks X28, X29 and X30 on the base board (AA2).
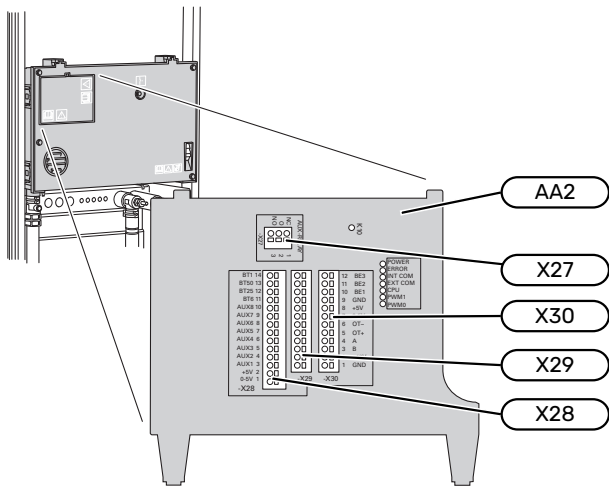


### Sensors

### Outside sensor

The outdoor temperature sensor (BT1) is placed in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected, for example, by the morning sun.

Connect the outdoor temperature sensor to terminal block AA2-X28:14 and AA2-X29:GND.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.
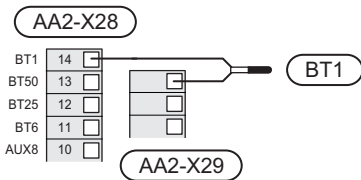


### Temperature sensor, hot water charging

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to terminal block AA2-X28:11 (or to one of the selectable AUX inputs) and to terminal block AA2-X29:GND.

Settings for hot water are made in menu 2 "Hot water".
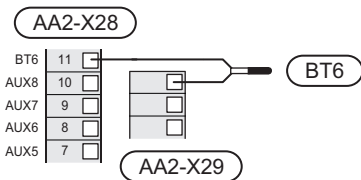


### Temperature sensor, hot water top

A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to S1155 to show the water temperature at the top of the tank (if it is possible to install a sensor at the top of the tank).

Connect the sensor to terminal block X28:10 (or to one of the other selectable AUX inputs) and to terminal block AA2-X29:GND.
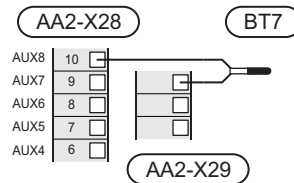


### External supply temperature sensor

If an external supply temperature sensor (BT25) needs to be used, connect it to terminal block AA2-X28:12 and to terminal block AA2-X29:GND.
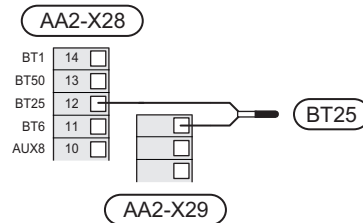
## Room sensor

S1155 is supplied with an enclosed room sensor (BT50) that makes it possible to display and control the room temperature in the display on S1155.

Fit the room sensor in a neutral position where a set temperature is required. A suitable location might be, for example, on a free inner wall in a hall approx. 1.5 m above the floor. It is important that the room sensor is not obstructed from measuring the correct room temperature, for example by being located in a recess, between shelves, behind a curtain, above or close to a heat source, in a draught from an external door or in direct sunlight. Closed radiator thermostats can also cause problems.

S1155 operates without room sensor, but if you want to read the home's indoor temperature from the display on S1155, the room sensor must be fitted. Connect the room sensor to terminal block X28:13 and AA2-X29:GND.

If a room sensor is to be used to change the room temperature in °C and/or to fine-tune the room temperature, the sensor must be activated in menu 1.3 - "Room sensor settings".

If a room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicatory function, not control of the room temperature.
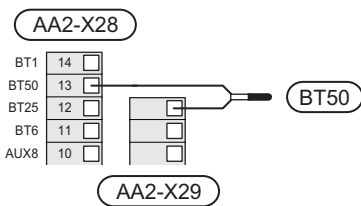


> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.

## Pulse energy meter

Up to two electricity meters or energy meters for heating (BE6, BE7)  can be connected to S1155 via terminal blocks AA2-X28:1-2 and AA2-X30:7-8.
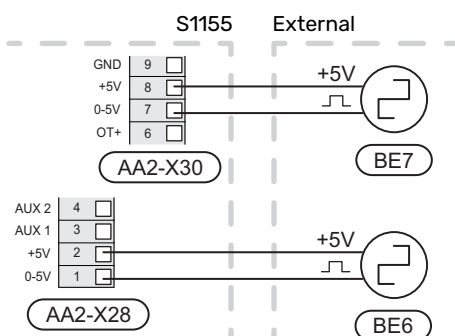


Activate the meter(s) in menu 7.2 - "Accessory settings" and then set the desired value ("Energy per pulse" or "Pulses per kWh") in menu 7.2.19 -"Pulse energy meter".

## Load monitor

### Integrated load monitor

S1155 is equipped with a simple form of integrated load monitor, which limits the power steps for the electric additional heat by calculating whether future power steps can be connected to the relevant phase without exceeding the current for the specified main fuse. In those cases where the current would exceed the specified main fuse, the power step is not permitted. The size of the property's main fuse is specified in menu 7.1.9 - "Load monitor".

### Load monitor with current sensor

When many power-consuming products are connected in the property at the same time as the electric additional heat is operating, there is a risk of the property's main fuses tripping. S1155 is equipped with a load monitor which, with the aid of a current sensor, controls the power steps for the electric additional heat by redistributing the power between the different phases or by disengaging the electric additional heat in event of an overload in a phase. If the overload remains despite the electric additional heat being disengaged, the compressor winds down. Reconnection occurs when the other current consumption drops.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Activate phase detection in menu 7.1.9 for full functionality, if current sensors are installed.

### Connecting current sensors

A current sensor should be installed on each incoming phase conductor in to the distribution box to measure the current. The distribution box is an appropriate installation point.

Connect the current sensors to a multi-core cable in an enclosure directly adjacent to the electrical distribution unit. The multi-core cable between the enclosure and S1155 must have a cable area of at least 0.5 mm².
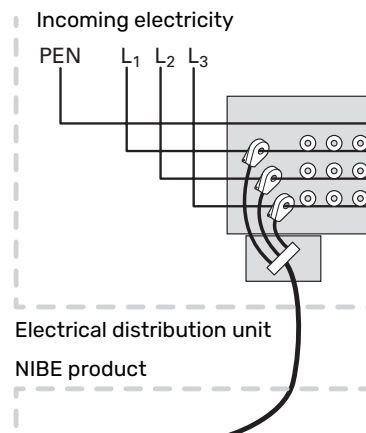
Connect the cable to terminal block AA2-X30:9-12, where X30:9 is the common terminal block for the three current sensors.
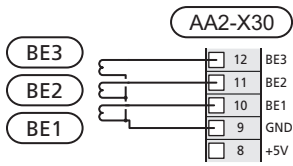


## COMMUNICATION

### Multi-installation

Several heat pumps can be interconnected by selecting one heat pump as the main unit and the others as subordinate heat pumps.

Ground source heat pump models with multi-installation functionality from NIBE can be connected to S1155.

A further eight heat pumps can be connected to the main unit. In systems with several heat pumps, each pump must have a unique name. Only one heat pump can be "Main unit" and only one can be, for example, "Heat pump 5". Main unit/heat pump are set in menu 7.3.1.

External temperature sensors and control signals must only be connected to the main unit, except for external control of the compressor module.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> When several heat pumps are connected together, an external supply temperature sensor (BT25) and an external return line sensor (BT71) must be used.

Connect the communication cables between the heat pumps as illustrated in series to terminal block X30:1 (GND), X30:2 (+12V), X30:3 (B) and X30:4 (A) on the base board (AA2).

The example shows the connection of several S1155 .
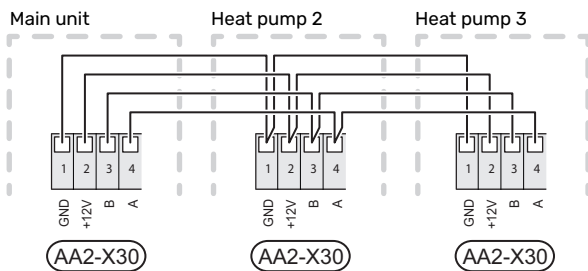


### Connecting accessories

Instructions for connecting accessories are provided in the manual accompanying the accessory. See section "Accessories" for a list of the accessories that can be used with S1155. Connection for communication with the most common accessories is shown here.

### Accessories with accessory board (AA5)

Accessories with accessory board (AA5) connect to terminal block AA2-X30:1, 3, 4 in S1155.

If several accessories are to be connected, or are already installed, the boards are connected in series.

Because there can be different connections for accessories with accessory board (AA5), you should always read the instructions in the manual for the accessory that is to be installed.
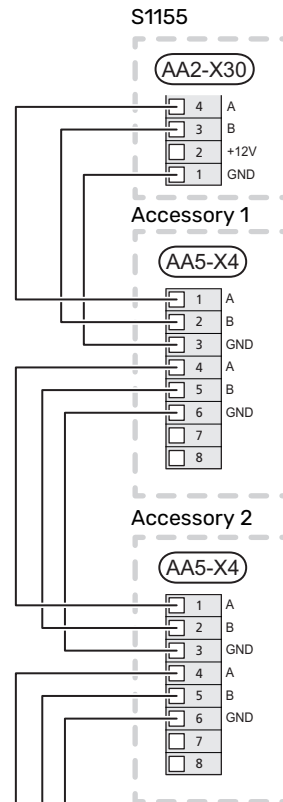


### Network cable for myUplink (W130)

In instances when you want to connect to myUplink using a network cable instead of via wifi.

1. Connect the shielded network cable to the display.

2. Route the network cable to the top of S1155.

3. Follow the flow meter's cable out at the rear.
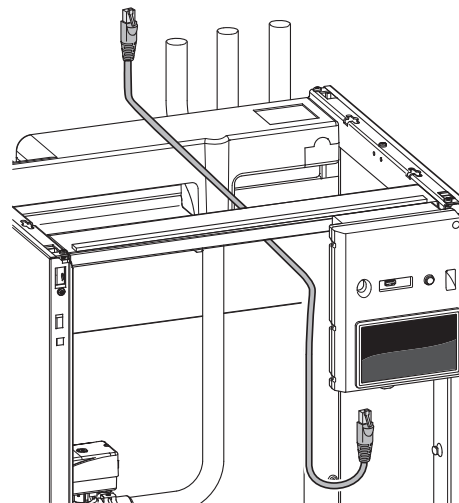
## SELECTABLE OUTPUTS/INPUTS

S1155 has software-controlled AUX inputs and outputs for connecting the external switch function (contact has to be potential-free) or sensor.

In menu 7.4 - "Selectable in/outputs", you select the AUX connection to which each function has been connected.

For certain functions, accessories may be required.

> ### TIP
>
> Some of the following functions can also be activated and scheduled via menu settings.

### Selectable inputs

Selectable inputs on the base board (AA2) for these functions are AA2-X28:3-11. Each function connects to any input and GND (AA2-X29).
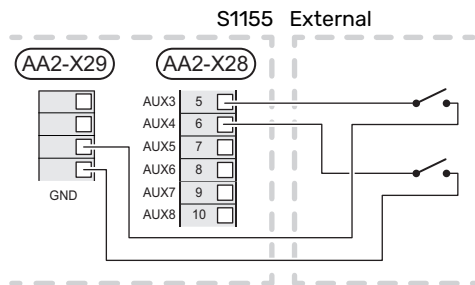


The example above uses the inputs AUX1 (AA2-X28:3) and AUX2 (AA2-X28:4).

### Selectable outputs

A selectable output is AA2-X27.

The output is a potential-free switching relay.

If S1155 is switched off or in emergency mode, the relay is in C-NC position.
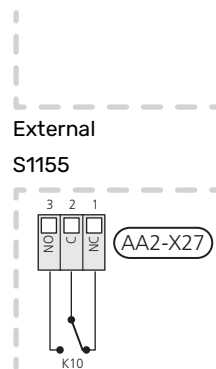


> ### Caution
>
> The relay output may be subjected to a max load of 2 A at resistive load (230V AC).

> ### TIP
>
> The AXC accessory is required if more than one function is to be connected to the AUX output.

### Possible selection for AUX inputs

#### Temperature sensor
Available options are:

- hot water top (BT7) (shows the water temperature at the top of the tank. The temperature sensor is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.)

- boiler (BT52) (only shown if shunt-controlled additional heat is selected in menu 7.1.5 - "Add. heat")

- cooling/heating (BT74), determines when it is time to switch between cooling and heating mode (selectable when the cooling function is activated in menu 7.2.1 - "Add/remove accessories").

- external return line sensor (BT71)

#### Monitor
Available options are:

- alarm from external units. The alarm is connected to the control, which means that the malfunction is presented as an information message in the display. Potential-free signal of type NO or NC.

- level monitor[1]/ pressure switch / flow monitor for brine (NC).

### External activation of functions
An external switch function can be connected to S1155 to activate various functions. The function is activated during the time the switch is closed.

Possible functions that can be activated:

- forced control of brine pump

- hot water demand mode "More hot water"

- hot water demand mode "Small"

- "External adjustment"

  When the switch is closed, the temperature is changed in °C (if a room sensor is connected and activated). If a room sensor is not connected or not activated, the desired change of "Temperature" ("Offset") is set with the number of steps selected. The value is adjustable between -10 and +10. External adjustment of climate systems 2 to 8 requires accessories.

  – *climate system 1 to 8*

    Setting the value for the change is performed in menu 1.30.3 - "External adjustment".

- activation of one of four fan speeds.

  (Can be selected if ventilation accessory is activated.)

  The following options are available:

  – "Activate fan speed 1 (NO)" - "Activate fan speed 4 (NO)"

  – "Activate fan speed 1 (NC)"

[1] (Accessory NV10)

The fan speed is activated during the time the switch is closed. Normal speed is resumed when the switch is opened again.

- SG ready

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready" standard.
>
> "SG Ready" requires two AUX inputs.

In cases where this function is required, it must be connected to terminal block X28 on the base board (AA2).

"SG Ready" is a smart form of tariff control, through which your electricity supplier can affect the indoor, hot water and/or pool temperatures (if applicable) or simply block the additional heating and/or the compressor in the heat pump at certain times of the day (can be selected in menu 4.2.3 after the function has been activated). Activate the function by connecting potential-free switch functions to two inputs selected in menu 7.4 - "Selectable in/outputs" (SG Ready A and SG Ready B).

Closed or open switch means one of the following:

– *Blocking (A: Closed, B: Open)*

  "SG Ready" is active. The compressor in S1155 and additional heat are blocked.

– *Normal mode (A: Open, B: Open)*

  "SG Ready" is not active. No effect on the system.

– *Low price mode (A: Open, B: Closed)*

  "SG Ready" is active. The system focuses on costs savings and can for example exploit a low tariff from the electricity supplier or over-capacity from any own power source (effect on the system can be adjusted in the menu 4.2.3).

– *Overcapacity mode (A: Closed, B: Closed)*

  "SG Ready" is active. The system is permitted to run at full capacity at over capacity (very low price) with the electricity supplier (effect on the system is settable in menu 4.2.3).

(A = SG Ready A and B = SG Ready B )

### External blocking of functions
An external switch function can be connected to S1155 for blocking various functions. The switch must be potential-free and a closed switch results in blocking.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> Blocking entails a risk of freezing.

Functions that can be blocked:

- heating (blocking of heating demand)

- hot water (hot water production). Any hot water circulation (HWC) remains in operation.
- compressor
- internally controlled additional heat
- tariff blocking (additional heat, compressor, heating, cooling and hot water are disconnected)

### Possible selections for AUX output

### Indications
- alarm
- common alarm
- cooling mode indication (only applies if there are cooling accessories)
- holiday
- away mode

### Control
- circulation pump for hot water circulation
- external heating medium pump
- ground water pump
- external reversing valve for hot water

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> The relevant distribution box must be marked with a warning about external voltage.

### Connecting external circulation pump

An external circulation pump is connected to the AUX output, as illustrated below.
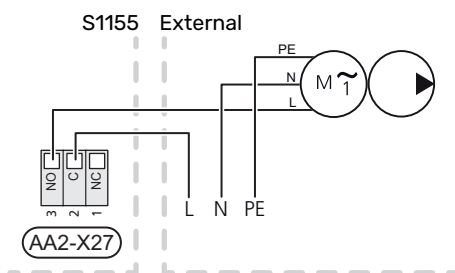


# Settings

### ELECTRICAL ADDITION - MAXIMUM OUTPUT

Number of steps, maximum electrical power and supply on connection for the immersion heater varies depending on model, see tables.

The electric additional heat may be restricted depending on the selected country.

The immersion heater's power is split into steps (four steps, if the immersion heater for 3x400 V is switched to maximum 9 kW), according to table.

The immersion heater's power is set in menu 7.1.5.1 - "Int elec add heat".

## Power steps of the immersion heater

The table(s) displays the total phase current for the immersion heater.

In addition to this, there is the current for compressor operation.

### Switching to maximum electrical output

If more than the maximum power (7 kW) for the immersion heater connected on delivery is needed, the heat pump can be switched to maximum 9 kW.

Move white cable from terminal block X7-2:N to terminal block X9:L(2) on the base board (AA2).

### 3x400 V (maximum electrical power, connected on delivery 7 kW for S1155-12 / -16 / -25)

| Max electrical addition (kW) | Max phase current L1(A) | Max phase current L2(A) | Max phase current L3(A) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | – | – | – |
| 1 | – | – | 4.3 |
| 2 | – | 8.7 | – |
| 3 | – | 8.7 | 4.3 |
| 4 | – | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| 5 | – | 8.7 | 13.0 |
| 6 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| 7[1] | 8.7 | 8.7 | 13.0 |

[1] Factory setting

### 3x400 V (maximum electrical power, connected upon delivery 9 kW for S1155-12 / -16 / -25)

| Max electrical addition (kW) | Max phase current L1(A) | Max phase current L2(A) | Max phase current L3(A) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | – | – | – |
| 2 | – | 8.7 | – |
| 4 | – | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| 6 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| 9 | 8.7 | 15.6 | 15.6 |

### 3x400 V, S1155-6

| Max electrical addition (kW) | Max phase current L1(A) | Max phase current L2(A) | Max phase current L3(A) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0.0 | – | – | – |
| 0.5 | 2.2 | – | – |
| 1.0 | – | 4.3 | – |
| 1.5 | 2.2 | 4.3 | – |
| 2.0 | – | – | 8.7 |
| 2.5 | 2.2 | – | 8.7 |
| 3.0 | – | 4.3 | 8.7 |
| 3.5 | 2.2 | 4.3 | 8.7 |
| 4.0 | – | 11.5 | 7.5 |
| 4.5 | 2.2 | 11.5 | 7.5 |
| 5.0 | – | 7.5 | 15.6 |
| 5.5 | 2.2 | 7.5 | 15.6 |
| 6.0 | – | 11.5 | 15.6 |
| 6.5[1] | 2.2 | 11.5 | 15.6 |

[1] Factory setting

## 3x230 V, S1155-6

| Max electrical addition (kW) | Max phase current L1(A) | Max phase current L2(A) | Max phase current L3(A) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0.0 | – | – | – |
| 0.5 | – | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| 1.0 | – | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| 1.5 | – | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| 2.0 | – | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| 2.5 | – | 10.9 | 10.9 |
| 3.0 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 11.5 |
| 3.5 | 8.7 | 6.5 | 13.2 |
| 4.0 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 15.1 |
| 4.5[1] | 8.7 | 10.9 | 17.0 |

[1] Factory setting

## 3x230 V, S1155-12

| Max electrical addition (kW) | Max phase current L1(A) | Max phase current L2(A) | Max phase current L3(A) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | – | – | – |
| 2 | – | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| 4 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 15.1 |
| 6 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 15.1 |
| 9[1] | 15.1 | 27.2 | 27.2 |

[1] Factory setting

## 1x230 V S1155-6

| Max electrical addition (kW) | Max phase current L1(A) |
|---|---|
| 0.0 | – |
| 0.5 | 2.2 |
| 1.0 | 4.3 |
| 1.5 | 6.5 |
| 2.0 | 8.7 |
| 2.5 | 10.9 |
| 3.0 | 13.0 |
| 3.5 | 15.2 |
| 4.0 | 17.4 |
| 4.5[1] | 19.6 |

[1] Factory setting

## 1x230 V, S1155-12

| Max electrical addition (kW) | Max phase current L1(A) |
|---|---|
| 0.0 | – |
| 1.0 | 4.3 |
| 2.0 | 8.7 |
| 3.0 | 13.0 |
| 4.0 | 17.4 |
| 5.0 | 21.7 |
| 6.0 | 26.1 |
| 7.0[1] | 30.4 |

[1] Factory setting

When the current sensors are connected, S1155 monitors the phase currents and allocates the power steps automatically to the least loaded phase.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> If the current sensors are not connected, S1155 calculates how high the currents will be if the relevant power steps are added. If the currents are higher than the set fuse size, the power step is not allowed to cut in.

## EMERGENCY MODE

Emergency mode is used in event of operational interference and in conjunction with service.

When S1155 is put into emergency mode, the system works as follows:

- The compressor is blocked.
- S1155 prioritises heating production.
- Hot water is produced if possible.
- The load monitor is not active.
- The immersion heater is stepped according to the setting in menu 7.1.8.2 - Emergency mode.
- Fixed supply temperature if the system has no value from the outdoor temperature sensor (BT1).

You can activate the emergency mode both when S1155 is running and when it is switched off.

When the emergency mode is active, the status lamp turns yellow.

To activate when S1155 is running: press and hold the on/off button (SF1) for 2 seconds and select "emergency mode" from the shutdown menu.

To activate emergency mode when S1155 is switched off: press and hold the on/off button (SF1) for 5 seconds. (Deactivate the emergency mode by pressing once.)

# Commissioning and adjusting

## Preparations

1. Check that the externally mounted filling valves are fully closed.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Check the miniature circuit-breaker (FC1). It could have tripped during transport.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> Do not start S1155 if there is a risk that the water in the system has frozen.

## Filling and venting

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Insufficient venting can damage internal components in S1155.

### FILLING AND VENTING THE CLIMATE SYSTEM

**Filling**

1. Open the filling valve (external, not included in the product). Fill the climate system with water.

2. Open the vent valve .

3. When the water that exits the vent valve is not mixed with air, close the valve. After a while, the pressure starts to rise.

4. Close the filling valve when the correct pressure is obtained.

**Venting**

1. Bleed the heat pump via a vent valve and the rest of the climate system via their relevant vent valves.

2. Keep topping up and venting until all air has been removed and the pressure is correct.

### FILLING AND VENTING THE BRINE SYSTEM

When filling the brine system, mix the water with antifreeze in an open container. The mixture should be protected against freezing down to about -15°C. The brine is topped up by connecting a filling pump.

1. Check the brine system for leakage.

2. Connect the filling pump and return line on the brine system's filling connection (accessory).

3. If alternative 1 is used (level vessel), close the valve under the level vessel.

4. Close the reversing valve in the filling connection.

5. Open the valves on the filler connector.

6. Start the filling pump.

7. Fill until liquid enters the return pipe.

8. Close the valves on the filler connector.

9. Open the reversing valve in the filling connection.

10. If alternative 1 (level vessel) is used, open the valve under the level vessel (CM2).
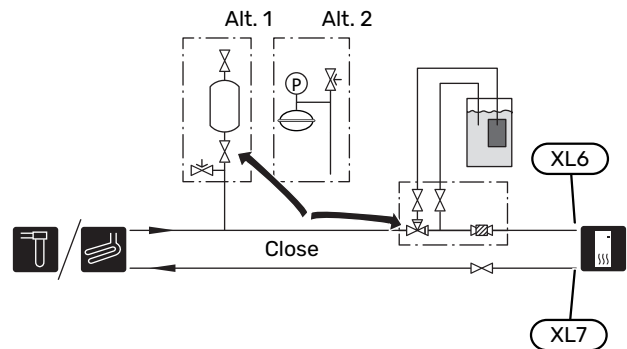
# Start-up and inspection

## START GUIDE

> ⚠️ **NOTE**
>
> There must be water in the climate system before S1155 is started.

> ⚠️ **NOTE**
>
> With several heat pumps connected, the start guide must first be run in the subordinate heat pumps.
>
> In the heat pumps that are not the main unit, you can only make settings for each heat pump's circulation pumps. Other settings are made and controlled by the main unit.

1. Start S1155 by pressing the on/off button (SF1).
2. Follow the instructions in the display's start guide. If the start guide does not start when you start the S1155, you can start it manually in menu 7.7.

> 💡 **TIP**
>
> See the section "Control – Introduction" for a more detailed introduction to the installation's control system (operation, menus, etc.).

If the building is cooled when S1155 starts, the compressor may not be able to meet the entire demand without having to use additional heating.

### Commissioning
The first time the installation is started a start guide is started. The start guide instructions state what needs to carried out at the first start together with a run through of the installation's basic settings.

The start guide ensures that the start-up is carried out correctly and, for this reason, cannot be skipped.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> As long as the start guide is active, no function in the installation will start automatically.

## Operation in the start guide



A. Page
B. Menu number
Arrow
C. Option / setting
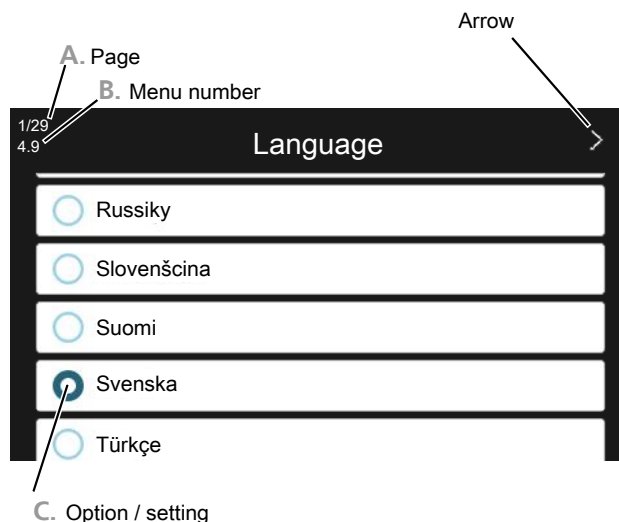
### A. Page
Here you can see how far you have come in the start guide.

Drag to the right or left with your finger to browse between the pages.

You can also press the arrows in the top corners to browse.

### B. Menu number
Here, you can see which menu in the control system this page of the start guide is based on.

If you want to read more about the affected menu, either consult its help menu or read the Installer Manual.

### C. Option / setting
Make settings for the system here.

## POST ADJUSTMENT AND VENTING

### Pump adjustment, automatic operation

#### Brine side
To set the correct flow in the brine system, the brine pump must run at the correct speed. S1155 has a brine pump that is controlled automatically in standard mode. Certain functions and accessories may demand that it be run manually, in which case the correct speed must be set.

> 💡 **TIP**
>
> For optimum operation when several heat pumps are installed in a multi-installation, all heat pumps should have the same compressor size.

This automatic control occurs when the compressor is running and sets the speed of the brine pump so that the optimum temperature difference between the supply and return lines is attained.

## Climate system

To set the correct flow in the climate system, the heating medium pump must run at the correct speed. S1155 has a heating medium pump that can be automatically controlled in standard mode. Certain functions and accessories may demand that it be run manually, in which case the correct speed must be set.

This automatic control takes place when the compressor is running and sets the speed of the heating medium pump, for the relevant operating mode, so the optimum temperature difference between the supply and return lines is obtained. During heating operation, the set DOT (dimensioned outdoor temperature) and temperature difference in menu 7.1.6.2. are used. If necessary, the maximum speed of the circulation pump can be limited in menu 7.1.2.2.

### Pump adjustment, manual operation

### Brine side

S1155 has a brine pump that can be controlled automatically. For manual operation: deactivate "Auto" in menu 7.1.2.7 and then set the speed according to the diagram below.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> When an accessory for passive cooling is used, the brine pump speed must be set in menu 7.1.2.7.

Set the pump speed when the system has come into balance (ideally 5 minutes after compressor start).

Adjust the flow so that the temperature difference between brine out (BT11) and brine in (BT10) is between 2 - 5 °C. Check these temperatures in menu 3.1 "Operating info" and adjust the brine pump's (GP2) speed until the temperature difference is obtained. A large difference indicates a low brine flow and a small difference indicates a high brine flow.

- - - - Available pressure, kPa
——— Electrical output, W

### S1155 6 kW
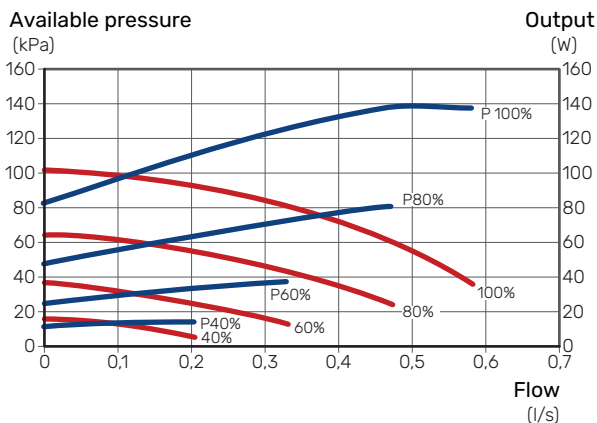


### S1155 12 kW



### S1155 16 kW



### S1155 25 kW



## Climate system

S1155 has a heating medium pump that can be controlled automatically. For manual operation, deactivate "Auto" in menu 7.1.2.2 and then set the speed according to the diagrams below.

The flow must have a suitable temperature difference for the operating case (heating operation: 5 - 10 °C, hot water generation: 5 - 10 °C, pool heating: approx. 15 °C) between controlling supply temperature sensor and return line sensor. Check these temperatures in menu 3.1 "Operating info" and adjust the heating medium pump (GP1) speed until the temperature difference is attained. A large difference indicates a low heating medium flow and a small difference indicates a high heating medium flow.

**Legend:**
- – – – Available pressure, kPa
- —— Electrical output, W

## S1155 6 kW



Available pressure (kPa) / Output (W) vs Flow (l/s). Curves labeled P100%, 100%, P80%, 80%, 60%, P60%, 40%, P40%.

## S1155 12 kW



Available pressure (kPa) / Output (W) vs Flow (l/s). Curves labeled P100%, 100%, P80%, 80%, P60%, 60%, P40%, 40%.

## S1155 16 kW



Available pressure (kPa) / Output (W) vs Flow (l/s). Curves labeled P100%, 100%, P80%, 80%, P60%, 60%, P40%, 40%.

## S1155 25 kW



Available pressure (kPa) / Output (W) vs Flow (l/s). Curves labeled P100%, P80%, P60%, P40%, 40%, 60%, 80%, 100%.

## Post-adjustment, venting, climate system

Air is initially released from the hot water and venting may be necessary. If gurgling sounds can be heard from the heat pump or climate system, the entire system requires additional venting. Check the pressure with the externally mounted pressure gauge (BP5). If the pressure drops, the system should be topped up.

## Readjusting, venting, collector side

### Level vessel

Check the fluid level in the level vessel (CM2). If the fluid level has dropped, top up the system.



1.  Close the valve under the vessel.

2.  Disconnect the connection on top of the vessel.

3.  Fill with brine until approx 2/3 of the vessel is full.

4.  Reconnect the connector at the top of the vessel.

5.  Open the valve under the vessel.
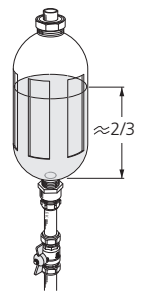
If the pressure in the system needs to be raised, this is done by closing the valve on the outgoing main line when the brine pump (GP2) is in operation and the level vessel (CM2) is open, so that liquid is drawn down from the vessel.

### Expansion vessel

If a pressure expansion vessel (CM3) is used instead of a level vessel, the pressure level is checked with the pressure gauge (BP6). If the pressure drops, the system should be replenished.
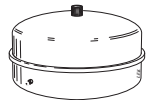


# Setting the heating curve

In the menus "Curve, heating" and "Curve, cooling", you can see the heating and cooling curves for your house. The purpose of the curves is to provide an even indoor temperature, regardless of the outdoor temperature, and thereby energy-efficient operation. Based on these curves, S1155

determines the temperature of the water to the climate system (the supply temperature) and thus the indoor temperature.

## CURVE COEFFICIENT

The slopes of the heating /cooling curves indicate how many degrees the supply temperature is to be increased/reduced when the outdoor temperature drops/increases. A steeper slope means a higher supply temperature for heating or a lower supply temperature for cooling at a certain outdoor temperature.



Supply temperature (°C)
Steeper curve slope
Outdoor temperature (°C)
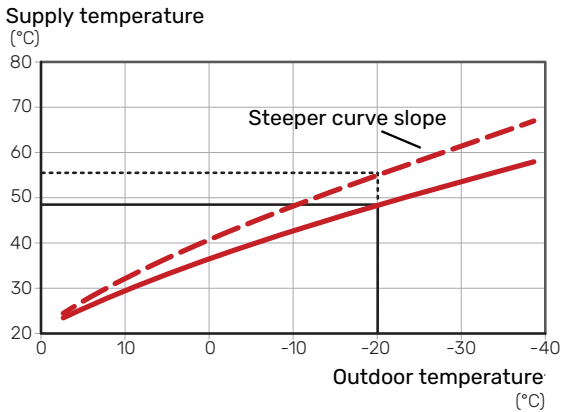
The optimum curve slope depends on the climate conditions in your location, whether the house has radiators, fan coils or underfloor heating and how well insulated the house is.

The heating/cooling curves are set when the heating/cooling system is installed, but may need adjusting later. Thereafter, the curves should not need further adjustment.

## CURVE OFFSET

An offset of the heating curve means that the supply temperature changes by the same amount for all outdoor temperatures, e.g. a curve offset of +2 steps increases the supply temperature by 5 °C at all outdoor temperatures. A corresponding change to the cooling curve results in a lowering of the supply temperature.



Supply temperature (°C)
Offset heating curve
Outdoor temperature (°C)
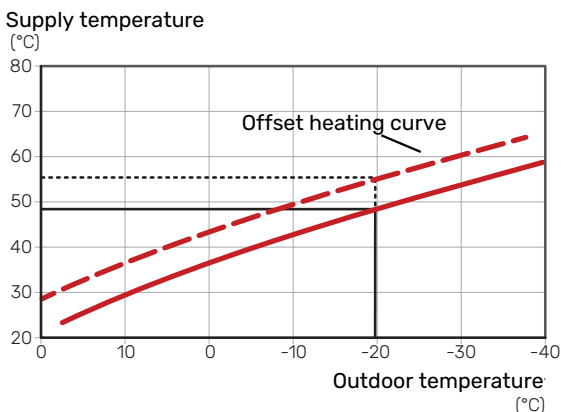
## SUPPLY TEMPERATURE – MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM VALUES

Because the supply temperature cannot be calculated higher than the set maximum value or lower than the set minimum value, the curves flatten out at these temperatures.



Supply temperature (°C)
Maximum value
Minimum value
Outdoor temperature (°C)
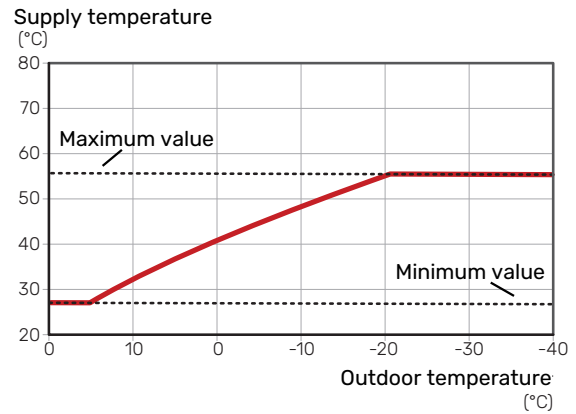
> ☞ **Caution**
>
> With underfloor heating systems, the maximum supply temperature is normally set between 35 and 45 °C.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Must be restricted with underfloor cooling min. flow line temp. to prevent condensation.

## ADJUSTMENT OF CURVE



Climate system
Curve coefficient
Curve
Offset
Curve offset
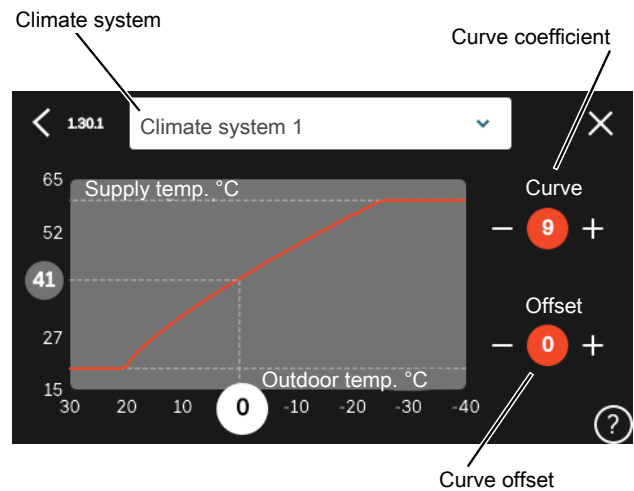
1. Select the climate system (if more than one) for which the curve is to be changed.

2. Select curve and offset.

3. Select max and min supply temperature.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Curve 0 means that "Own curve" is used.
>
> Settings for "Own curve" are made in menu 1.30.7.

## TO READ OFF A HEATING CURVE

1. Drag in the circle on the axis with outdoor temperature.

2. Read off the value for supply temperature in the circle on the other axis.

# myUplink

With myUplink you can control the installation – where and when you want. In the event of any malfunction, you receive an alarm directly to your e-mail or a push notification to the myUplink app, which allows you to take prompt action.

Visit myuplink.com for more information.

## Specification

You need the following in order for myUplink to be able to communicate with your S1155:

- wireless network or network cable

- Internet connection

- account on myuplink.com

We recommend our mobile apps for myUplink.

## Connection

To connect your system to myUplink:

1. Select connection type (wifi/Ethernet) in menu 5.2.1 or 5.2.2.

2. Scroll down in menu 5.1 and select "Request new connection string".

3. When a connection string has been produced, it is shown in this menu and is valid for 60 minutes.

4. If you do not already have an account, register in the mobile app or on myuplink.com.

5. Use this connection string to connect your installation to your user account on myUplink.

## Range of services

myUplink gives you access to various levels of service. The base level is included and, apart from this, you can choose two premium services for a fixed annual fee (the fee varies depending on the functions selected).

| Service level | Basic | Premium extended history | Premium change settings |
|---|---|---|---|
| Viewer | X | X | X |
| Alarm | X | X | X |
| History | X | X | X |
| Extended history | – | X | – |
| Manage | – | – | X |

# Control - Introduction

## Display unit



Status lamp

USB port

On/off button

Display
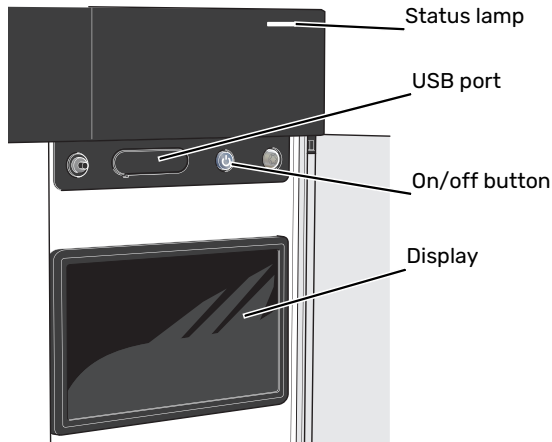
### THE STATUS LAMP

The status lamp indicates current operating status. It:

- lights up white during normal operation.
- lights yellow in emergency mode.
- lights red in the event of a deployed alarm.
- flashes white during active notice.
- is blue when S1155 is switched off.

If the status lamp is red, you receive information and suggestions for suitable actions on the display.

> ☀️ **TIP**
>
> You also receive this information via myUplink.

### THE USB PORT

Above the display, there is a USB port that can be used e.g. for updating the software. Log into myuplink.com and click the "General" and then "Software" tab to download the latest version of the software for your installation.

> ☀️ **TIP**
>
> If you connect the product to the network, you can update the software without using the USB port. See section "myUplink".

### THE ON/OFF BUTTON

The on/off button (SF1) has three functions:

- start
- switch off
- activate emergency mode

To start: press the on/off button once.

To switch off, restart or activate emergency mode: press and hold the on/off button for 2 seconds. This brings up a menu with various options.

For hard switch off: press and hold the on/off button for 5 seconds.

To activate emergency mode when S1155 is switched off: press and hold the on/off button (SF1)  for 5 seconds. (Deactivate the emergency mode by pressing once.)

### THE DISPLAY

Instructions, settings and operational information are shown on the display.

# Navigation

S1155 has a touchscreen where you simply navigate by pressing and dragging with your finger.

## SELECT

Most options and functions are activated by lightly pressing on the display with your finger.

## BROWSE

The dots at the bottom edge show that there are more pages.

Drag to the right or left with your finger to browse between the pages.
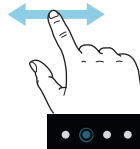
## SCROLL

If the menu has several sub-menus, you can see more information by dragging up or down with your finger.

## CHANGE A SETTING

Press the setting you want to change.

If it is an on/off setting, it changes as soon as you press it.
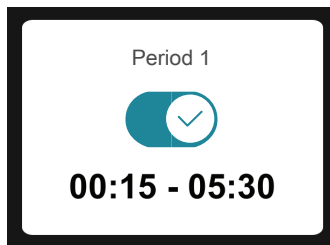


If there are several possible values, a spinning-wheel appears that you drag up or down to find the desired value.
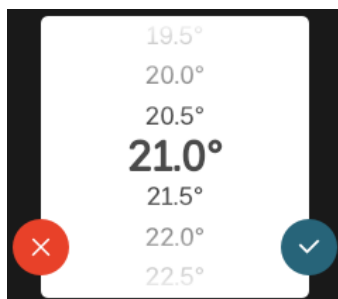


Press ✓ to save your change, or ✗ if you don't want to make a change.

## FACTORY SETTING

Factory set values are marked with **\***.
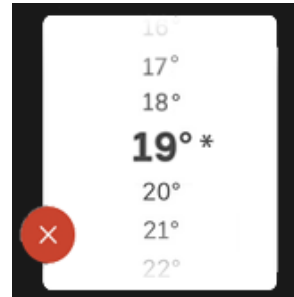


## HELP MENU

In many menus there is a symbol that indicates that extra help is available.

Press the symbol to open the help text.

You may need to drag with your finger to see all text.

# Menu types

## HOME SCREENS

### Smartguide

Smartguide helps you both to view information about the current status and to make the most common settings easily. The information that you see depends on the product you have and the accessories that are connected to the product.

Select an option and press it to proceed. The instructions on the screen help you to choose correctly or give you information about what is happening.
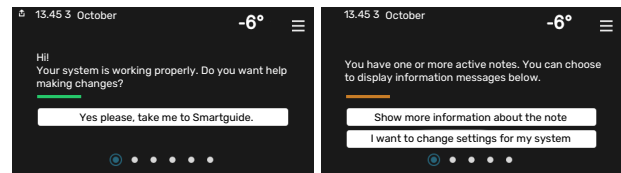


### Function pages

On the function pages, you can both view information about the current status and easily make the most common settings. The function pages that you see depend on the product you have and the accessories that are connected to the product.
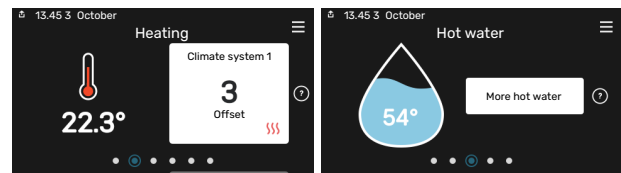


Drag to the right or left with your finger to browse between the function pages.

Board
Drop-down menu
Menu tree

Heating

Bottom floor
22°
⌃ 22.5°

Kitchen
21°
⌃ 21.5°

Bedroom
21°
⌃ 22.5°

Menu symbol
Current temperature
Set temperature
Works to set temperature

Press the card to adjust the desired value. On certain function pages, drag your finger up or down to obtain more cards.

## Product overview

It can be a good idea to have the product overview open during any service cases. You can find it among the function pages.

Here, you can find information about product name, the product's serial number, the version of the software and service. When there is new software to download, you can do it here (provided that S1155 is connected to myUplink).

TIP

You enter the service details in menu 4.11.1.



13.45 3 October

Product overview

Product name     S1155
Serial number    01234567890123
Software         1.0.0          Update
Service          Company AB
                 Phone number

## Drop-down menu

From the home screens, you reach a new window containing further information by dragging down a drop-down menu.

Drop-down menu



13.45 3 October

Heating

22.3°

Climate system 1
0
Offset
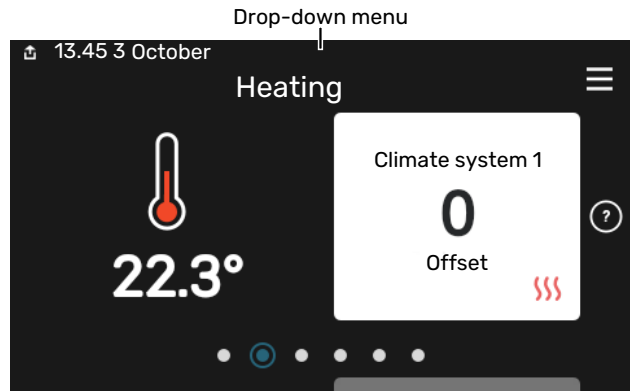
The drop-down menu shows the current status for S1155, what is in operation and what S1155 is doing at the moment. The functions that are in operation are highlighted with a frame.



13.45 3 March                                    -6°

Oper. priority                Heating
Time to compressor start      Operate
Additional heat               3.0 kW
External supply line (BT25)   30.7 °C
Hot water top (BT7)           54.1 °C

Press the icons on the menu's lower edge for more information about each function. Use the scroll bar to view all information for the selected function.



13.45 3 March                                    -6°

Heating
Room temperature              22.3 °C
Extern. supply temp sensor (BT25)  30.7 °C
Return temperature (BT3)      25.0 °C
Calcul supply temp 1          53.4 °C
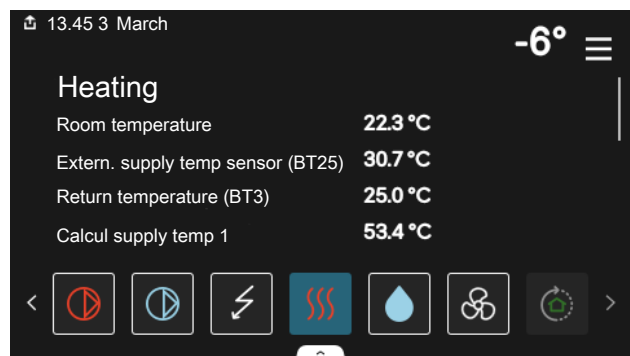
## MENU TREE

In the menu tree, you can find all menus and can make more advanced settings.
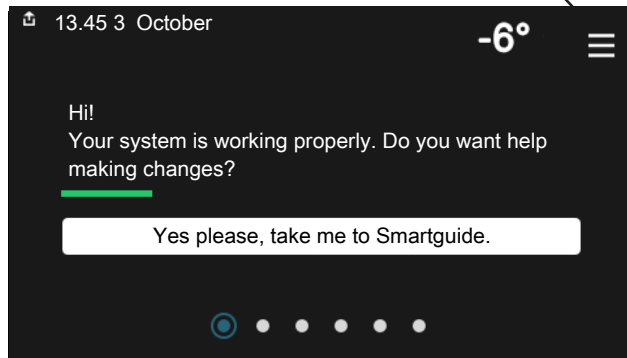


You can always press "X" to return to the home screens.

| | Main menu | ✕ |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Indoor climate | › |
| 2 | Hot water | › |
| 3 | Info | › |
| 4 | My system | › |
| 5 | Connection | › |
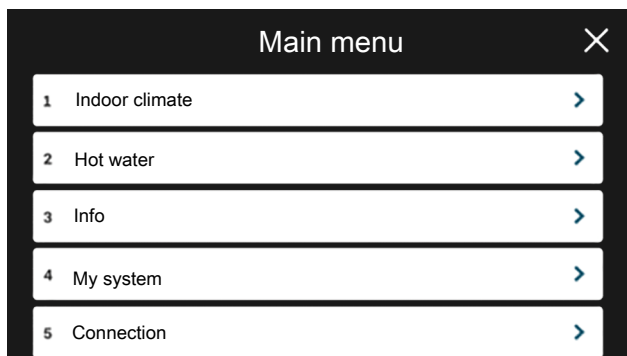
# Climate systems and zones

One climate system can contain one or more zones. One zone can be a specific room. It is also possible to divide a large room into several zones, with the help of radiator thermostats.

Each zone can contain one or more accessories, e.g. room sensors or thermostats, both wired and wireless.

## OUTLINE DIAGRAM WITH TWO CLIMATE SYSTEMS AND FOUR ZONES
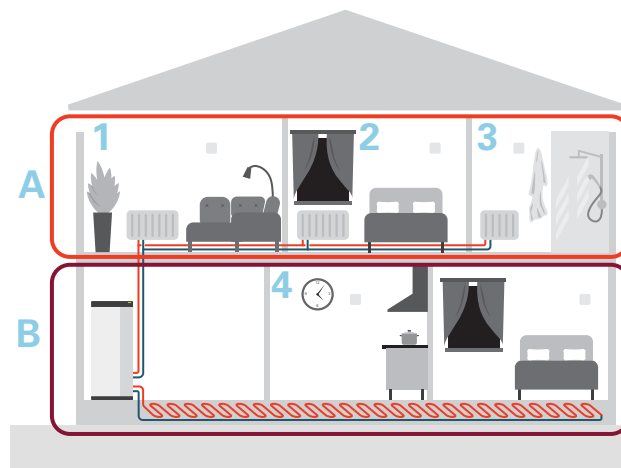


This example shows a property with two climate systems (A and B) divided into four zones (1-4). Temperature and demand-controlled ventilation can be controlled individually for each zone (accessory required).

# Control - Menus

In multi-installations with several heat pumps, some menus are also visible in the display on the heat pumps that are not the main unit.

## Menu 1 - Indoor climate

### OVERVIEW

| | |
|---|---|
| 1.1 - Temperature | 1.1.1 - Heating |
| | 1.1.2 - Cooling[1] |
| | 1.1.3 - Humidity [1] |
| | |
| 1.2 - Ventilation[1] | 1.2.1 - Fan speed[1] |
| | 1.2.2 - Night cooling[1] |
| | 1.2.3 - FLM cooling[1] |
| | 1.2.4 - Demand controlled ventilation[1] |
| | 1.2.5 - Fan return time[1] |
| | 1.2.6 - Filter cleaning interval[1] |
| | 1.2.7 - Ventilation recovery[1] |
| 1.3 - Room sensor settings | |
| | 1.3.4 - Zones |
| 1.4 - External influence | |
| 1.5 - Climate system name | |
| | |
| 1.30 - Advanced | 1.30.1 - Curve, heating |
| | 1.30.2 - Curve, cooling[1] |
| | 1.30.3 - External adjustment |
| | 1.30.4 - Lowest supply heating |
| | 1.30.5 - Lowest supply cooling[1] |
| | 1.30.6 - Highest supply heat |
| | 1.30.7 - Own curve |
| | 1.30.8 - Point offset |

[1] Consult the accessory's Installer Manual.

### MENU 1.1 - TEMPERATURE

Here, you make temperature settings for your installation's climate system.

If there is more than one zone and/or climate system, the settings are made for each zone/system.

### MENU 1.1.1 - HEATING

#### Set the temperature (with room sensor installed and activated):

Setting range: 5 – 30 °C

The value in the display appears as a temperature in °C, if the zone is controlled by a room sensor.

> ☞ Caution
>
> A slow heating system such as underfloor heating may be inappropriate for controlling with room sensors.

#### Setting the temperature (without room sensors activated):

Setting range: -10 – 10

The display shows the set value for heating (curve offset). To increase or reduce the indoor temperature, increase or reduce the value in the display.

The number of steps the value has to be changed in order to achieve a one degree change to the indoor temperature depends on the climate system. One step is usually enough, but in some cases several steps may be required.

If multiple zones in a climate system do not have activated room sensors, these will have the same curve offset.

Set the desired value. The new value is shown on the right-hand side of the symbol on home screen heating.

## MENU 1.3 - ROOM SENSOR SETTINGS

Here, you make your settings for room sensors and zones. The room sensors are grouped by zone.

Here, you select the zone to which a sensor will belong. It is possible to connect multiple room sensors to each zone. Each room sensor can be given a unique name.

The control of heating and cooling is activated by ticking the relevant option. Which options are shown depends on which type of sensor is installed. If control is not activated, the sensor will be the displaying sensor.

If there is more than one zone and/or climate system, the settings are made for each zone/system.

### MENU 1.3.4 - ZONES

Here, you add and name zones. You also select the climate system to which a zone is to belong.

### MENU1.4 - EXTERNAL INFLUENCE

Information for the accessories/functions that can affect the indoor climate and that are active is shown here.

### MENU 1.5 - CLIMATE SYSTEM NAME

You can give the installation's climate system a name here.

### MENU 1.30 - ADVANCED

Menu "*Advanced*" is intended for the advanced user. This menu has several sub-menus.

"*Curve, heating*" Setting the heating curve slope.

"*External adjustment*" Setting the heating curve offset when the external contact is connected.

"*Lowest supply heating*" Setting minimum permitted supply temperature during heating operation.

"*Highest supply heat*" Setting maximum permitted supply temperature for the climate system.

"*Own curve*" You can create your own heating curve here, if there are special requirements, by setting the desired supply temperatures for different outdoor temperatures.

"*Point offset*" Select a change in the heating curve at a certain outdoor temperature here. One step is usually enough to change the room temperature by one degree, but in some cases several steps may be required.

### MENU 1.30.1 - CURVE, HEATING

| **Curve, heating** |
| --- |
| Setting range: 0 – 15 |

In menu "Curve, heating" you can view the heating curve for your house. The task of the heating curve is to provide an even indoor temperature, regardless of the outdoor temperature. It is from this heating curve that S1155 determines the temperature of the water to the climate system, the supply temperature, and therefore the indoor temperature. Here, you can select heating curve and read off how the supply temperature changes at different outdoor temperatures.

### MENU 1.30.3 - EXTERNAL ADJUSTMENT

| **Climate system** |
| --- |
| Setting range: -10 – 10 |
| Setting range (if room sensor is installed): 5 – 30 °C |

Connecting an external contact, for example, a room thermostat or a timer allows you to temporarily or periodically raise or lower the room temperature. When the contact is on, the heat curve offset is changed by the number of steps selected in the menu. If a room sensor is installed and activated the desired room temperature (°C) is set.

If there is more than one climate system, the setting can be made separately for each system and zone.

## MENU 1.30.4 - LOWEST SUPPLY HEATING

**heating**
Setting range: 5 – 80 °C

Set the minimum temperature on the supply temperature to the climate system. This means that S1155 never calculates a temperature lower than that set here.

If there is more than one climate system the setting can be made separately for each system.

## MENU 1.30.6 - HIGHEST SUPPLY HEAT

**climate system**
Setting range: 5 – 80 °C

Here, you set the highest supply temperature for the climate system. This means that S1155 never calculates a temperature higher than the one set here.

If there is more than one climate system the setting can be made separately for each system. Climate systems 2 – 8 cannot be set to a higher max supply temperature than climate system 1.

> **Caution**
>
> With underfloor heating systems, "Maximum supply temperature for heating" should normally be set between 35 and 45°C.

## MENU 1.30.7 - OWN CURVE

**Own curve, heat**

**Supply temp**
Setting range: 5 – 80 °C

> **Caution**
>
> Curve 0 must be selected for own curve to apply.

You can create your own heating curve here, if there are special requirements, by setting the desired supply temperatures for different outdoor temperatures.

## MENU 1.30.8 - POINT OFFSET

**outdoor temp. point**
Setting range: -40 – 30 °C

**change in curve**
Setting range: -10 – 10°C

Select a change in the heating curve at a certain outdoor temperature here. One step is usually enough to change the room temperature by one degree, but in some cases several steps may be required.

The heating curve is affected at ± 5°C from set outdoor temp. point.

It is important that the correct heating curve is selected so that the room temperature is experienced as even.

> **TIP**
>
> If it feels cold in the house at e.g. -2°C, "outdoor temp. point" is set to "-2" and "change in curve" is increased until the desired room temperature is maintained.

> **Caution**
>
> Wait 24 hours before making a new setting, so that the room temperature has time to stabilise.

# Menu 2 - Hot water

## OVERVIEW

Hot water settings require S1155 to be docked to a water heater.

### MENU 2.1 - MORE HOT WATER

Setting range: 3, 6 and 12 hours, and modes "Off" and "One-time incr."

When there is a temporary increase in hot water demand, this menu can be used to select an increase in the hot water temperature for a selectable time.

☞ **Caution**

If demand mode "Large" is selected in menu 2.2, no further increase can be made.

The function is activated directly when a time period is selected. The remaining time for the selected setting is shown to the right.

When the time has run out, S1155 returns to the set demand mode.

Select "Off" to switch off "More hot water".

### MENU 2.2 - HOT WATER DEMAND

Options: Smart control, Small, Medium, Large

The difference between the selectable modes is the temperature of the hot tap water. Higher temperature means that the hot water lasts longer.

Smart control: With Smart control activated, S1155 continuously learns the previous hot water consumption and thereby adapts the temperature in the water heater for minimum energy consumption.

Small: This mode produces less hot water at a lower temperature than the other alternatives. This mode can be used in smaller households with a small hot water demand.

Medium: Normal mode produces a larger amount of hot water and is suitable for most households.

Large: This mode produces the most hot water at a higher temperature than the other alternatives. In this mode, the immersion heater may be used to partially heat the hot water. In this mode, hot water production is prioritised ahead of heating.

### MENU2.3 - EXTERNAL INFLUENCE

Information for the accessories/functions that can affect the hot water operation is shown here.

### MENU 2.4 - PERIODIC INCREASE

**Period**
Setting range: 1 - 90 days

**Start time**
Setting range: 00:00 - 23:59

**Next increase**
The date when the next periodic increase will occur is shown here.

To prevent bacterial growth in the water heater, the heat pump and the immersion heater can increase the hot water temperature once at regular intervals.

Here, you can select the length of time between increases in the hot water temperature. The time can be set between 1 and 90 days. Tick/untick "Activated" to start/switch off the function.

### MENU 2.5 - HOT WATER CIRCULATION

**Operating time**
Setting range: 1 – 60 min

**Downtime**
Setting range: 0 – 60 min

**Period**

**Active days**
Setting range: Monday – Sunday

**Start time**
Setting range: 00:00 – 23:59

**Stop time**
Setting range: 00:00 – 23:59

Set hot water circulation for up to five periods per day here. During the set periods, the hot water circulation pump will run according to the settings above.

"Operating time" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must run per operating instance.

"Downtime" decide how long the hot water circulation pump must be stationary between operating instances.

"Period" Here, you set the period of time during which the hot water circulation pump will run, by selecting *Active days*, *Start time* and *Stop time*.

> **NOTE**
>
> Hot water circulation is activated in menu 7.4 "Selectable in/outputs" or via accessory.

# Menu 3 - Info

## OVERVIEW

[1] This menu is also shown in any installed subordinate heat pump's limited menu system.

### MENU 3.1 - OPERATING INFO

Information about the installation's current operating status (e.g. current temperatures) can be obtained here. In multi-installations, with several interconnected heat pumps, information about these is also shown in this menu. No changes can be made.

You can also read off operating information from all your connected wireless units.

A QR code appears on one side. This QR code indicates serial number, product name and limited operating data.

### MENU 3.2 - TEMPERATURE LOG

Here you can see the average temperature indoors week by week over the past year.

The average outdoor temperature is only shown if a room temperature sensor/room unit is installed.

In installations with ventilation accessories and no room sensors (BT50), the exhaust air temperature is also displayed.

### MENU 3.3 - ENERGY LOG

> **Number of months**
> Setting range: 1 – 24 months
>
> **Number of years**
> Setting range: 1 – 5 years

Here, you can see a diagram showing how much energy S1155 supplies and consumes. You can select which parts of the installation will be included in the log. It is also possible to activate display of indoor and/or outdoor temperature.

*Number of months*: Select how many months to show in the diagram here.

*Number of years*: Select how many years to show in the diagram here.

### MENU 3.4 - ALARM LOG

To facilitate troubleshooting, the installation's operating status at the time of an alarm is stored here. You can see information for the 10 most recent alarms.

To view operating status in the event of an alarm, select the relevant alarm from the list.

### MENU 3.5 - PRODUCT INFO, SUMMARY

Here, you can see general information about your system, such as software versions.

### MENU 3.6 - LICENCES

You can view licences for open source code here.

# Menu 4 - My system

## OVERVIEW

### MENU 4.1 - OPERATING MODE

> **Operating mode**
> Alternative: Auto, Manual, Add. heat only
>
> **Manual**
> Options: Compressor, Additional heat, Heating, Cooling
>
> **Add. heat only**
> Alternative: Heating

The operating mode for S1155 is normally set to "Auto". It is also possible to select operating mode "Add. heat only". Select "Manual" to choose which functions are to be activated.

If "Manual" or "Add. heat only" is selected, selectable options are shown further down. Tick the functions you want to activate.

### Operating mode "Auto"
In this operating mode, S1155 automatically selects which functions are permitted.

### Operating mode "Manual"
In this operating mode you can select what functions are permitted.

*"Compressor"* is the unit that produces heating and hot water for the home. You cannot deselect "compressor" in manual mode.

*"Additional heat"* is the unit that helps the compressor to heat the home and/or the hot water when it cannot manage the entire requirement alone.

*"Heating"* means you obtain heating in the home. You can deselect the function when you do not wish to have the heating on.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> If you deselect "addition" it may mean that insufficient hot water and/or heating in the accommodation is achieved.

### Operating mode "Add. heat only"
In this operating mode the compressor is not active, only additional heat is used.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> If you choose mode "Add. heat only" the compressor is deselected and there is a higher operating cost.

### MENU 4.2 - PLUS FUNCTIONS
Settings for any additional functions installed in S1155 can be made in the sub menus.

### MENU 4.2.3 - SG READY
Here, you set which part of your climate system (e.g. room temperature) will be affected on activation of "SG Ready". The function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready" standard.

### Affect room temperature
With low price mode on "SG Ready" the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is increased by "+1". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature is instead increased by 1 °C.

With over capacity mode on "SG Ready" the parallel offset for the indoor temperature is increased by "+2". If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature is instead increased by 2 °C.

## Affect hot water

With low price mode on "SG Ready", the stop temperature for the hot water is set as high as possible with compressor operation only (immersion heater not permitted).

In the case of overcapacity mode on "SG Ready", the hot water is set to large demand mode (immersion heater permitted).

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> The function must be connected to two AUX inputs and be activated in menu 7.4 "Selectable in/outputs".

### MENU 4.2.5 - SMART PRICE ADAPTION™

> **Range**
> Here you select where (which zone) S1155 is installed.
>
> Contact your electricity supplier to find out which zone digit to enter.
>
> **Affect heating**
> Alternative: on/off
>
> **Degree of effect**
> Setting range: 1 – 10
>
> **Affect hot water**
> Alternative: on/off
>
> **Degree of effect**
> Setting range: 1 – 4

This function can only be used if your electricity supplier supports Smart price adaption, if you have an hourly tariff agreement and an active myUplink account.

Smart price adaption™ adjusts some of the heat pump's consumption over the day to those periods with the cheapest electricity tariff, which can give savings if on an hourly rate based electricity contract. The function is based on hourly rates for the next day being retrieved via myUplink, and an Internet connection and an account for myUplink are therefore required.

You can choose which parts of the installation are to be affected by the electricity price and to what extent; the higher value you select, the greater the effect the electricity price has.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> A value that is set high may result in increased savings, but may also affect the comfort.

### MENU 4.4 - WEATHER CONTROL

> **Activate weath. contr.**
> Setting range: on/off
>
> **Factor**
> Setting range: 0 – 10

You can select whether you want S1155 to adjust the indoor climate based on the weather forecast here.

You can set factor for outdoor temperature. The higher the value, the greater the effect from the weather forecast.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> This menu is only visible if the installation is connected to myUplink.

### MENU 4.5 - AWAY MODE

In this menu, you activate/deactivate "Away mode".

When away mode is activated, the following functions are affected:

- the setting for heating is lowered slightly
- the setting for cooling is raised slightly (if cooling accessory is installed)
- the hot water temperature is lowered if demand mode "large" or "medium" is selected
- The AUX function "Away mode" is activated.

If you want, you can select for the following functions to be affected:

- ventilation (accessory is required)
- hot water circulation (accessory or use of AUX is required)

### MENU 4.6 -SMART ENERGY SOURCE™

> ⚠ **NOTE**
> Smart Energy Source™ requires external additional heat.

> **Smart Energy Source™**
> Alternative: on/off
>
> **Control method**
> Alternatives: Price per kWh / CO2

If Smart Energy Source™ is activated, S1155 prioritises how/to what extent each docked energy source will be used. Here, you can select whether the system will use the energy source that is cheapest at the time or the one that is most carbon dioxide neutral at the time.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Your choices in this menu affect menu 4.7 - Energy price.

### MENU 4.7 - ENERGY PRICE

Here you can use tariff control for your additional heat.

Here you can choose whether the system is to exercise control based on the spot price, tariff control or a set price. The setting is made for each individual energy source. Spot price can only be used if you have an hourly tariff agreement with your electricity supplier.

Set the lower tariff periods. It is possible to set two different date periods per year. Within these periods, it is possible to set up to four different periods on weekdays (Monday to Friday) or four different periods on weekends (Saturdays and Sundays).

### MENU 4.7.1 - VARIABLE ELECTRICITY PRICE

Here you can use tariff control for the electric additional heat.

Set the lower tariff periods. It is possible to set two different date periods per year. Within these periods, it is possible to set up to four different periods on weekdays (Monday to Friday) or four different periods on weekends (Saturdays and Sundays).

### MENU 4.8 - TIME AND DATE

Set time and date, display mode and time zone here.

> 🔅 TIP
>
> Time and date are set automatically if connected to myUplink. To obtain the correct time, the time zone must be set.

### MENU 4.9 - LANGUAGE

Choose the language that you want the information to be displayed in here.

### MENU 4.10 - COUNTRY

Select here the country in which the product was installed. This allows access to country-specific settings in your product.

Language settings can be made regardless of this selection.

> ⚠️ NOTE
>
> This option locks after 24 hours, restart of display or program updating. Afterwards, it is not possible to change the country selected in this menu without first replacing components in the product.

### MENU 4.11 - TOOLS

Here, you can find tools for use.

### MENU 4.11.1 - INSTALLER DETAILS

The installer's name and telephone number are entered in this menu.

Afterwards, the details are visible in home screen, product overview.

### MENU 4.11.2 - SOUND WHEN PRESSING BUTTON

Setting range: on/off

Here you choose if you want to hear a sound when you press buttons on the display.

### MENU 4.11.4 - HOME SCREEN

Setting range: on/off

Here, you choose which home screens you want to be displayed.

The number of options in this menu varies depending on which products and accessories are installed.

### MENU 4.30 - ADVANCED

Menu "Advanced" is intended for advanced users.

### MENU 4.30.4 - FACT. SETTINGS USER

All settings that are available to the user (including advanced menus) can be reset to default values here.

> 👉 Caution
>
> After factory setting, personal settings such as heating curves must be reset.

# Menu 5 - Connection

### MENU 5.1 – MYUPLINK

Here, you obtain information about the installation's connection status, serial number and how many users and service partners are connected to the installation. A connected user has a user account in myUplink, which has been given permission to control and/or monitor your installation.

You can also manage the installation's connection to myUplink and request a new connection string.

It is possible to switch off all users and service partners who are connected to the installation via myUplink.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> After disconnecting all users none of them can monitor or control your installation via myUplink without requesting a new connection string.

### MENU 5.2 – NETWORK SETTINGS

Here, you choose whether your system connects to the Internet via wifi (menu 5.2.1) or via a network cable (Ethernet) (menu 5.2.2).

Here, you can set TCP/IP settings for your installation.

To set the TCP/IP settings with the aid of DHCP, activate "Automatic".

During manual setting, select "IP address" and enter the correct address using the keyboard. Repeat the procedure for "Network mask", "Gateway" and "DNS".

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> The installation cannot connect to the Internet without the correct TCP/IP settings. If you are unsure about applicable settings, use the "Automatic" mode or contact your network administrator (or equivalent) for further information.

> 💡 **TIP**
>
> All settings made since opening the menu can be reset by selecting "Reset".

### MENU 5.4 – WIRELESS UNITS

In this menu you connect wireless units, and manage settings for connected units.

Add the wireless unit by pressing "Add unit". For the quickest identification of a wireless unit, it is recommended that you put your master unit in search mode first. Then put the wireless unit in identification mode.

# Menu 6 - Scheduling

## OVERVIEW

### MENU 6.1 - HOLIDAY

In this menu, you schedule longer changes in heating and hot water temperature.

You can also schedule settings for certain installed accessories.

If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature (°C) is set during the time period.

If a room sensor is not activated, the desired offset of the heating curve is set. One step is usually enough to change the room temperature by one degree, but in some cases several steps may be required.

> ### TIP
> Stop the holiday setting about a day before your return so that room temperature and hot water have time to return to their usual levels.

> ### Caution
> Holiday settings finish on the selected date. If you want to repeat the holiday setting once the end date has passed, go into the menu and change the date.

### MENU 6.2 - SCHEDULING

In this menu, you schedule repeated changes of heating and hot water, for example.

You can also schedule settings for certain installed accessories.

> ### Caution
> A schedule repeats according to the selected setting (e.g. every Monday) until you go into the menu and switch it off.

A mode contains settings that will apply to scheduling. Create a mode with one or more settings by pressing "New mode".
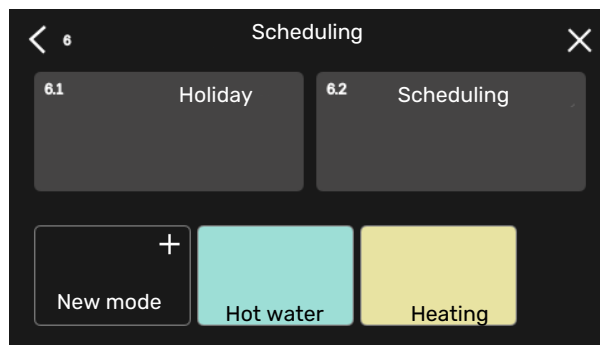


Select the settings that the mode will contain. Drag to the left with your finger to select mode name and colour to make it unique and to distinguish it from other modes.
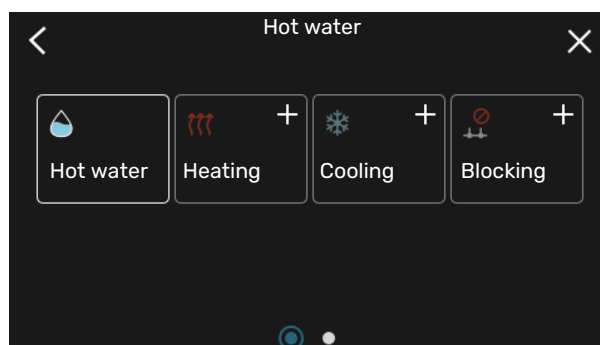


Select an empty row that is of interest and press it to schedule a mode, and adjust as required. You can enter a tick if a mode is to be active during the day or overnight.
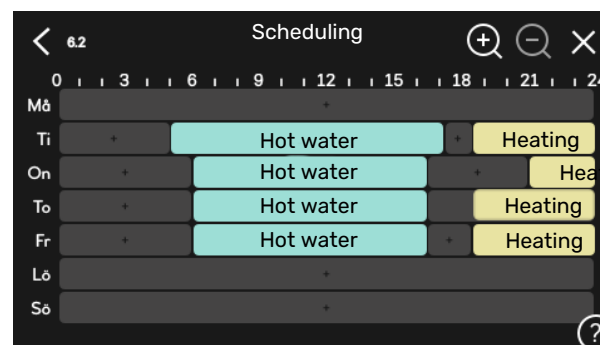


If a room sensor is installed and activated, the desired room temperature (°C) is set during the time period.

If a room sensor is not activated, the desired offset of the heating curve is set. One step is usually enough to change the room temperature by one degree, but in some cases several steps may be required.

# Menu 7 - Installer settings

## OVERVIEW

| 7.1 - Operating settings [1] | 7.1.1 - Hot water | 7.1.1.1 - Temperature setting |
|---|---|---|
| | | 7.1.1.2 - Operating settings |
| | 7.1.2 - Circulation pumps | 7.1.2.1 - Op. mode HM pump GP1 [1] |
| | | 7.1.2.2 - Pp sp. heating medium GP1 [1] |
| | | 7.1.2.6 - Operating mode brine pump [1] |
| | | 7.1.2.7 - Pump speed brine [1] |
| | | 7.1.2.8 - Brine alarm setting |
| | 7.1.3 - Compressor | 7.1.3.1 - BlockFreq |
| | 7.1.4 - Ventilation [2] | 7.1.4.1 - Fan speed, exhaust air [2] |
| | | 7.1.4.2 - Fan speed, supply air [2] |
| | | 7.1.4.3 - Fine-tuning the ventilation [2] |
| | 7.1.5 - Add. heat | 7.1.5.1 - Int elec add heat |
| | 7.1.6 - Heating | 7.1.6.1 - Max diff supply temp |
| | | 7.1.6.2 - Flow settings, climate sys |
| | | 7.1.6.3 - Power at DOT |
| | 7.1.8 - Alarms | 7.1.8.1 - Alarm actions |
| | | 7.1.8.2 - Emergency mode |
| | 7.1.9 - Load monitor | |
| | 7.1.10 - System settings | 7.1.10.1 - Operating prioritisation |
| | | 7.1.10.2 - Auto mode setting |
| | | 7.1.10.3 - Degree minute settings |
| 7.2 - Accessory settings [2] | 7.2.1 - Add/remove accessories | |
| | 7.2.19 - external energy meter | |
| | 7.2.25 - PVT Source (PVT) | |
| 7.3 - Multi-installation | 7.3.1 - Configure | |
| | 7.3.2 - Installed heat pumps | |
| | 7.3.3 - Name heat pump | |
| | 7.3.4 - docking | |
| 7.4 - Selectable in/outputs | | |
| 7.5 - Tools | 7.5.1 - Heat pump, test | |
| | | 7.5.1.1 - Test mode |
| | 7.5.2 - Underfloor drying function | |
| | 7.5.3 - forced control | |
| | 7.5.6 - Inverter replacement | |
| | 7.5.8 - Screen lock | |
| | 7.5.9 - Modbus TCP/IP | |
| 7.6 - factory setting service | | |
| 7.7 - start guide | | |
| 7.8 - quick start | | |
| 7.9 - Logs | 7.9.1 - Change log | |
| | 7.9.2 - Extended alarm log | |
| | 7.9.3 - Black box | |

[1] This menu is also shown in any installed subordinate heat pump's limited menu system.

[2] Consult the accessory's Installer Manual.

## MENU 7.1 - OPERATING SETTINGS

Make operating settings for the system here.

## MENU 7.1.1 - HOT WATER

This menu contains advanced settings for hot water operation.

## MENU 7.1.1.1 - TEMPERATURE SETTING

**Start temperature**

**Demand mode, small/medium/large**
Setting range: 5 – 70 °C

**Stop temperature**

**Demand mode, small/medium/large**
Setting range: 5 – 70 °C

**Stop temperature periodic increase**
Setting range: 55 – 70 °C

**Manual power**
Setting range: on/off

Here you set the start and stop temperature of the hot water for the different demand modes in menu 2.2 as well as the stop temperature for periodic increase (menu 2.4).

With "Manual power" activated, you can adjust the charge power depending on the hot water tank that is docked.

## MENU 7.1.1.2 - OPERATING SETTINGS

**Step diff. compressor**
Setting range: 0.5 – 4.0 °C

**Charge method**
Alternative: Target temp, Delta temp.

**Charge power**
Alternatives: auto, manual

**Desired output "medium"**
Setting range: 1 – 50 kW

**Desired output "large"**
Setting range: 1 – 50 kW

If several compressors are available, set the difference between their engagement and disengagement during hot water charging.

Here, you select the charge method for hot water mode. "Delta temp." is recommended for water heaters with a charge coil, "Target temp." for double-jacketed heaters and heaters with a hot water coil.

## MENU 7.1.2 - CIRCULATION PUMPS

This menu contains sub-menus where you can make advanced circulation pump settings.

## MENU 7.1.2.1 - OP. MODE HM PUMP GP1

**Operating mode**
Options: Auto, Intermittent

*Auto*: The heating medium pump runs according to the current operating mode for S1155.

*Intermittent*: The heating medium pump starts approx. 20 seconds before and stops 20 seconds after the compressor.

## MENU 7.1.2.2 - PP SP. HEATING MEDIUM GP1

**Heating**

**Auto**
Setting range: on/off

**Manual speed**
Setting range: 1 - 100 %

**Minimum permitted speed**
Setting range: 1 - 50 %

**Maximum permitted speed**
Setting range: 50 - 100 %

**Speed in wait mode**
Setting range: 1 - 100 %

**Hot water**

**Auto**
Setting range: on/off

**Manual speed**
Setting range: 1 - 100 %

Make settings here for the heating medium pump's speed in the current operating mode, for example in heating or hot water operation. Which operating modes can be changed depends on which accessories are connected.

**Heating**
*Auto:* Here, you set whether the heating medium pump is to be regulated automatically or manually.

*Manual speed:* If you have opted to control the heating medium pump manually, you set the desired pump speed here.

*Minimum permitted speed*: Here, you can restrict the pump speed to ensure that the heating medium pump is not allowed to operate at a lower speed in auto mode than the set value.

*Maximum permitted speed*: Here, you can restrict the pump speed to ensure that the heating medium pump is not allowed to operate at a higher speed than the set value.

*Speed in wait mode*: Here, you set the speed the heating medium pump will have in standby mode. Standby mode occurs when heating operation is permitted but there is no need for either compressor operation or electric additional heat.

**Hot water**
*Auto:* Here, you set whether the heating medium pump is to be regulated automatically or manually in hot water mode.

*Manual speed:* If you have opted to control the heating medium pumps manually, you set the desired pump speed here in hot water mode.

### MENU 7.1.2.6 - OPERATING MODE BRINE PUMP

> **Operating mode**
> Alternative: Intermittent, Continuous, 10 days cont.

*Intermittent*: The brine pump starts approx. 20 seconds before or after the compressor. For groundwater systems, the brine pump starts and stops 2 minutes before and after the compressor respectively.

*Continuous*: Continuous operation.

*10 days cont.*: Continuous operation for 10 days. The pump then changes to intermittent operation.

> ⚡ TIP
>
> You can use "10 days cont." at start-up to obtain continuous circulation during a start-up time in order to make it easier to bleed the system.

### MENU 7.1.2.7 - PUMP SPEED BRINE
Make settings for the brine pump's speed here.

> **Operating mode**
> Setting range: Fixed delta, Auto, Manual
>
> **Delta-T, fixed delta**
> Setting range: 2 - 10 °C
>
> **Manual**
> Setting range: 1 - 100 %

*Operating mode*: Here, you set whether the brine pump is to be controlled automatically, manually or with fixed delta.

*Fixed delta*: Here, you set whether the brine pump will be controlled with fixed delta, e.g. for groundwater systems.

*Manual:* If you have chosen to control the brine pump manually, you set the desired pump speed here.

*Speed in wait mode, cooling*: Here, you set the speed at which the brine pump will operate in standby mode when passive cooling is permitted.

### MENU 7.1.2.8 - BRINE ALARM SETTING

> **Automatic reset**
> Setting range: on/off
>
> **Alarm temperature**
> Setting range: -12 – 15°C
>
> **Max brine in**
> Setting range: 10 – 30 °C

*Automatic reset*: Select "automatic reset" if you want S1155 to start automatically after brine alarm.

*Alarm temperature*: Here, you set the temperature at which the heat pump will activate the alarm for low temperature in outgoing brine.

If "Automatic reset" is selected, the alarm resets when the temperature has increased by 1 °C above the set value.

*Max brine in*: Here, you set the temperature at which the heat pump will activate the alarm for high temperature in incoming brine.

### MENU 7.1.3 - COMPRESSOR
This menu contains sub-menus where you can make advanced compressor settings.

### MENU 7.1.3.1 - BLOCKFREQ

> **Block freq 1 and 2**
> Setting range start: 20 – 115 Hz
>
> Setting range stop: 22 – 120 Hz
>
> Maximum setting range: 50 Hz.

Here you can set a frequency range where the compressor is blocked. The limits for the setting range can differ depending on model of heat pump.

> ⚠ NOTE
>
> A large blocked frequency range can cause the compressor to run jerkily.

### MENU 7.1.5 - ADD. HEAT
This menu contains sub-menus where you can make advanced additional heat settings.

### MENU 7.1.5.1 - INT ELEC ADD HEAT

> **Max. connected el. power 3x400V, S1155-12 / -16**
> Setting range: 7 / 9 kW
>
> **Max set electrical power**
> Setting range S1155-6 1x230 V: 0 - 4.5 kW
>
> Setting range S1155-12 1x230 V: 0 - 7 kW
>
> Setting range S1155-6 3x230 V: 0 - 4.5 kW
>
> Setting range S1155-12 3x230 V: 0 - 9 kW
>
> Setting range S1155-6 3x400 V: 0 - 6.5 kW
>
> Setting range S1155-12 and -16 3x400 V: 0 - 9 kW
>
> **Max set electrical power (SG Ready)**
> Setting range 3x400V: 0 – 9 kW
>
> Setting range 1x230V: 0 – 7 kW

Here you set the max electrical power for the internal electric additional heat in S1155, during normal operation and in overcapacity mode (SG Ready).

### MENU 7.1.6 - HEATING
This menu contains sub-menus where you can make advanced settings for heating operation.

## MENU 7.1.6.1 - MAX DIFF SUPPLY TEMP

**Max diff compressor**
Setting range: 1 – 25 °C

**Max diff additional heat**
Setting range: 1 – 24 °C

**BT12 offset**
Setting range: -5 – 5°C

Here you set the maximum permitted difference between the calculated and actual supply temperature in the event of compressor or additional heat mode respectively. Max difference additional heat can never exceed max difference compressor

*Max diff compressor*: If the current supply temperature *exceeds* the calculated supply by the set value, the degree minute value is set to +1. The compressor in the heat pump stops if there is only a heating demand.

*Max diff additional heat*: If "Additional heat" is selected and activated in menu 4.1 and the current supply temperature *exceeds* the calculated temperature by the set value, the additional heat is forced to stop.

*BT12 offset*: If there is a difference between temperature sensor, heating medium supply (BT25), and temperature sensor, condenser supply (BT12), you can set a fixed offset here to compensate for the difference.

## MENU 7.1.6.2 - FLOW SETTINGS, CLIMATE SYS

**Setting**
Options: Radiator, Underfl heating, Rad + Und. heat., Own setting

**DOT**
Setting range DOT: -40.0 – 20.0 °C

**Delta temp at DOT**
Setting range dT at DOT 0.0 – 25.0

The type of heating distribution system the heating medium pump works towards is set here.

dT at DOT is the difference in degrees between supply and return temperatures at design outdoor temperature.

## MENU 7.1.6.3 - POWER AT DOT

**Manually selected power at DOT**
Setting range: on/off

**Power at DOT**
Setting range: 1 – 1,000 kW

Here, you set the power the property requires at DOT (dimensioned outdoor temperature).

If you choose not to activate "Manually selected power at DOT", the setting is made automatically, i.e. S1155 calculates suitable power at DOT.

## MENU 7.1.8 - ALARMS

In this menu, you make settings for the safety measures that S1155 will implement in the event of any operational disruption.

## MENU 7.1.8.1 - ALARM ACTIONS

**Reduce room temperature**
Setting range: on/off

**Stop producing HW**
Setting range: on/off

**Audio signal on alarm**
Setting range: on/off

Select how you want the S1155 to alert you that there is an alarm in the display here.

The different alternatives are that S1155 stops producing hot water and/or reduces the room temperature.

☞ **Caution**

> If no alarm action is selected, this can result in higher energy consumption in the event of a malfunction.

## MENU 7.1.8.2 - EMERGENCY MODE

**Immersion heater output**
Setting range 1x230 V: 4 – 7 kW

Setting range 3x400 V: 4 – 9 kW

Settings are made in this menu for how the additional heat will be controlled in emergency mode.

☞ **Caution**

> In emergency mode, the display is switched off. If you feel the selected settings are insufficient, you will not be able to change these.

## MENU 7.1.9 - LOAD MONITOR

**Fuse size**
Setting range: 1 – 400 A

**Transformer ratio**
Setting range: 300 – 3,000

**Detect phase sequence**
Setting range: on/off

Here, you set fuse size and transformer ratio for the system. The transformer ratio is the factor that is used to convert the metered voltage to current.
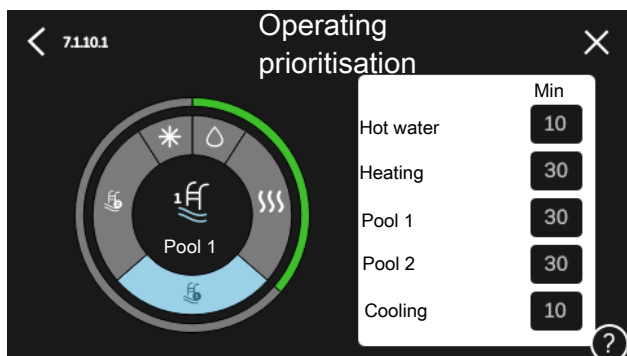
Here, you can also check which current sensor is installed on which incoming phase to the property (this requires the current sensors to be installed). Perform the check by selecting "Detect phase sequence".

## MENU 7.1.10 - SYSTEM SETTINGS

You make your various system settings for your installation here.

### MENU 7.1.10.1 - OPERATING PRIORITISATION

Setting range: 0 – 180 minutes



Here, you select how long the installation will work with each demand, if there are several simultaneous demands.

If there is only one demand, the installation works with that demand.

If 0 minutes are selected, this means that the demand is not prioritised, but will instead only be activated when there is no other demand.

### MENU 7.1.10.2 - AUTO MODE SETTING

**Stop heating**
Setting range: -20 – 40°C

**Stop additional heat**
Setting range: -25 – 40°C

**Filtering time**
Setting range: 0 – 48 h

*Stop heating, Stop additional heat:* In this menu, you set the temperatures that the system will use for control in auto mode.

> **Caution**
>
> It cannot be set "Stop additional heat" higher than "Stop heating".

*Filtering time*: You can set the time over which the average outdoor temperature is calculated. If you select 0, the current outdoor temperature is used.

## MENU 7.1.10.3 - DEGREE MINUTE SETTINGS

**Current value**
Setting range: -3,000 – 100 DM

**Heating, auto**
Setting option: on/off

**Start compressor**
Setting range: -1,000 – (-30) DM

**Relative DM start additional heat**
Setting range: 100 – 2,000 DM

**Diff. between add heat steps**
Setting range: 10 – 1,000 DM

**Degree minutes cooling**
Setting alternative: -3,000 – 3,000 DM

DM = degree minutes

Degree minutes are a measurement of the current heating/cooling demand in the house and determine when the compressor or additional heat will start/stop.

> **Caution**
>
> Higher value on "Start compressor" gives more compressor starts, which increase wear on the compressor. Too low value can give uneven indoor temperatures.

## MENU 7.2 - ACCESSORY SETTINGS

The operating settings for accessories that are installed and activated are made in the sub-menus for this.

### MENU 7.2.1 - ADD/REMOVE ACCESSORIES

Here, you tell S1155 which accessories are installed.

To identify connected accessories automatically, select "Search for accessories". It is also possible to select accessories manually from the list.

### MENU 7.2.19 - PULSE ENERGY METER

**Activated**
Setting range: on/off

**Set mode**
Setting range: Energy per pulse / Pulses per kWh

**Energy per pulse**
Setting range: 0 – 10000 Wh

**Pulses per kWh**
Setting range: 1 – 10000

Up to two electricity meters or energy meters (BE6–BE7) can be connected to S1155.

*Energy per pulse:* Here you set the amount of energy to which each pulse will correspond.

*Pulses per kWh*: Here, you set the number of pulses per kWh that are sent to S1155.

> **TIP**
>
> "Pulses per kWh" is set in whole numbers. If a higher resolution is required, use "Energy per pulse"

## MENU 7.2.25 - NIBE PVT SOURCE (PVT)

> **Max brine in**
> Setting range: 0-30°C
>
> **Amplification**
> Setting range: 0.1 - 100
>
> **Waiting time**
> Setting range: 10-300 s

Here, you set the maximum temperature for incoming brine.

For the shunt, you can set amplification and waiting time between controls for the brine temperature.

## MENU 7.3 - MULTI-INSTALLATION

In the sub-menus here, you make settings for the heat pumps that are connected to S1155.

## MENU 7.3.1 - CONFIGURE
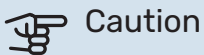
> **Multi-installation**
> Alternative: on/off
>
> **System settings**
> Alternative: Main Unit / Heat Pump 1 – 8

*Multi-installation*: Here, you specify whether S1155 is part of a multi-installation (one installation with several connected heat pumps).

*System settings*: Here, you specify whether S1155 is the multi-installation's main unit. In systems with only one heat pump, S1155 will be the main unit. If there is another main unit in the installation, you enter the ID that S1155 will have.

*Search installed heat pumps*: Here, you can search for, activate or deactivate connected heat pumps.

> **Caution**
>
> In multi-installations, each heat pump must have a unique ID. You enter this for each heat pump that is connected to S1155.

## MENU 7.3.2 - INSTALLED HEAT PUMPS

Here, you select the settings that you want to make for each heat pump.

## MENU 7.3.3 - NAME HEAT PUMPS

Here, you can name the heat pumps that are connected to S1155.

## MENU 7.3.4 - DOCKING

Here you set how your system is docked in respect of pipes, in relation to heating the property and any accessories.

> **TIP**
>
> Examples of docking alternatives can be found at nibe.eu.

This menu has a docking memory which means that the control system remembers how a particular reversing valve is docked and automatically enters the correct docking the next time you use the same reversing valve.
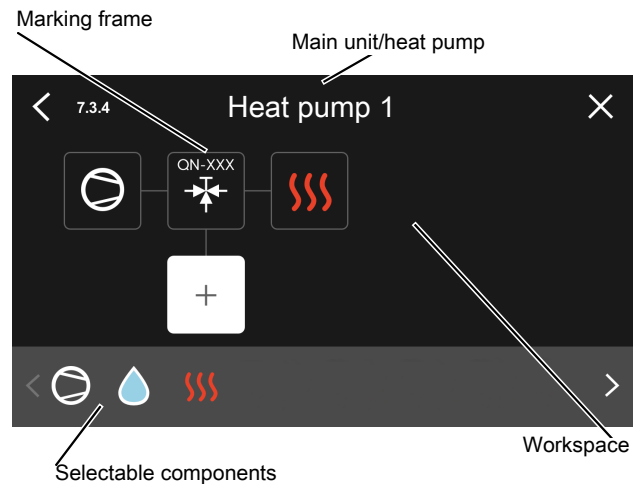
*Main unit/heat pump:* Here, you select the heat pump for which the docking setting is to be made (if the heat pump is solitary in the system, only the main unit is shown).

*Workspace for docking:* The system docking is drawn here.

*Compressor:* Select here if the compressor in the heat pump is blocked (factory setting), externally controlled via a selectable input or standard (docked to hot water charging and heating the building, for example).

*Marking frame:* Press the marking frame you want to change. Select one of the selectable components.

| Symbol | Description |
|---|---|
| | Blocked |
| | Compressor (standard) |
| | Compressor (externally controlled) |
| | Compressor (blocked) |
| | Shuttle valve<br><br>The designations above the reversing valve indicate where it is electrically connected (EB100 = Main unit, EB101 = Heat pump 1, etc.). |
| | Hot water charging.<br><br>For a multi-installation: hot water with the main unit and/or shared hot water from several different heat pumps. |
| | Hot water charging with subordinate heat pump in multi-installation. |

| Symbol | Description |
|--------|-------------|
| 1 | Pool 1 |
| 2 | Pool 2 |
| | Heating (heating the building, includes any extra climate system) |

## MENU 7.4 - SELECTABLE IN/OUTPUTS

Here, you state where the external switch function has been connected, either to one of the AUX inputs on terminal block X28 or to the AUX output on terminal block X27.

## MENU 7.5 - TOOLS

Here, you can find functions for maintenance and service work.

### MENU 7.5.1 - HEAT PUMP, TEST

> ⚠️ **NOTE**
>
> This menu and its sub-menus are intended for testing the heat pump.
>
> Use of this menu for other reasons may result in your installation not functioning as intended.

### MENU 7.5.2 - UNDERFLOOR DRYING FUNCTION

> **Length period 1 – 7**
> Setting range: 0 – 30 days
>
> **Temperature period 1 – 7**
> Setting range: 15 – 70 °C

Set the function for under floor drying here.

You can set up to seven time periods with different calculated supply temperatures. If fewer than seven periods are to be used, set the remaining periods to 0 days.

When the underfloor drying function has been activated, a counter is displayed showing the number of full days the function has been active. The function counts degree minutes in the same way as during normal heating operation, but for the supply temperatures that are set for the respective period.

> ⚠️ **NOTE**
>
> During active underfloor drying, the heating medium pump runs at 100 %, regardless of the setting in menu 7.1.2.2.

> 💡 **TIP**
>
> If the operating mode "Additional heat only" is to be used, select this in menu 4.1.
>
> For a more even supply temperature, the additional heat can be started earlier by setting "relative DM start additional heat" in menus 7.1.10.3 to -80. When set underfloor drying periods have finished, reset the menus 4.1 and 7.1.10.3 as per previous settings.

### MENU 7.5.3 - FORCED CONTROL

Here you can force control the various components in the installation. The most important safety functions remain active however.

> ⚠️ **NOTE**
>
> Forced control is only intended to be used for troubleshooting purposes. Using the function in any other way may cause damage to the components in your installation.

### MENU 7.5.6 - INVERTER REPLACEMENT

This menu includes a guide that is used during inverter replacement.

The menu is only visible when communication with the inverter is lost.

### MENU 7.5.8 - SCREEN LOCK

Here, you can choose to activate the screen lock for S1155. During activation, you will be asked to enter the required code (four digits). The code is used when:

- deactivating the screen lock.
- changing the code.
- starting up the display when it has been inactive.
- the front panel is closed for more than three seconds.
- restarting/starting up S1155.

### MENU 7.5.9 - MODBUS TCP/IP

> Setting range: on/off

Here, you activate Modbus TCP/IP. Read more on page 63.

## MENU 7.6 - FACTORY SETTING SERVICE

Here, you can reset all settings (including settings available to the user) to factory values

Also new parametrisation of the inverter can be done here.

> ⚠️ **NOTE**
>
> When resetting, the start guide is displayed the next time S1155 restarts.

## MENU 7.7 - START GUIDE

When S1155 is started for the first time, the start guide is automatically activated. From this menu, you can start it manually.

## MENU 7.8 - QUICK START

You can quick start the compressor here.

One of the following demands for the compressor must exist for quick start:

- heating

- hot water

- cooling (accessory is required)

- pool (accessory is required)

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Too many quick starts in a short space of time may damage the compressor and its auxiliary equipment.

## MENU 7.9 - LOGS

Under this menu, there are logs that collect information about alarms and changes made. The menu is intended to be used for troubleshooting.

## MENU 7.9.1 - CHANGE LOG

Read off any previous changes to the control system here.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> The change log is saved at restart and remains unchanged after factory setting.

## MENU 7.9.2 - EXTENDED ALARM LOG

This log is intended to be used for troubleshooting.

## MENU 7.9.3 - BLACK BOX

Via this menu, it is possible to export all logs (Change log, Extended alarm log) to USB. Connect a USB memory and select the log(s) you want to export.

# Service

## Service actions

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> Servicing should only be carried out by persons with the necessary expertise.
>
> When replacing components on S1155 only replacement parts from NIBE may be used.

### EMERGENCY MODE

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> Do not start the system before filling up with water. Components in the system could be damaged.

Emergency mode is used in event of operational interference and in conjunction with service.

You can activate the emergency mode both when S1155 is running and when it is switched off.

When the emergency mode is active, the status lamp turns yellow.

To activate when S1155 is running: press and hold the on/off button (SF1) for 2 seconds and select "emergency mode" from the shutdown menu.

To activate emergency mode when S1155 is switched off: press and hold the on/off button (SF1) for 5 seconds. (Deactivate the emergency mode by pressing once.)

When S1155 is put in emergency mode, the display is switched off and the most basic functions are active:

• The immersion heater works to maintain the calculated supply temperature. If there is no outdoor temperature sensor (BT1), the immersion heater works to maintain the maximum supply temperature, set in menu 1.30.6 - "Highest supply heat".

• The compressor and the brine pump are off and only the heating medium pump and the electric additional heat are active. The immersion heater is stepped according to the setting in menu 7.1.8.2 - Emergency mode.
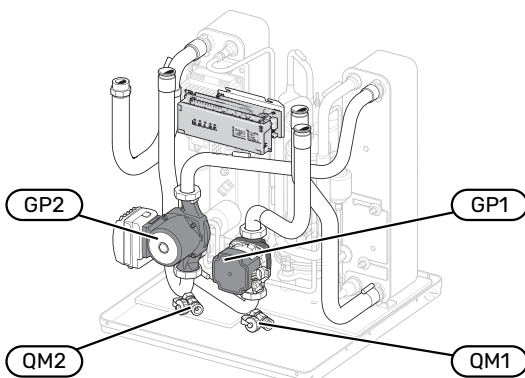


The image shows an example of what a cooling section could look like.
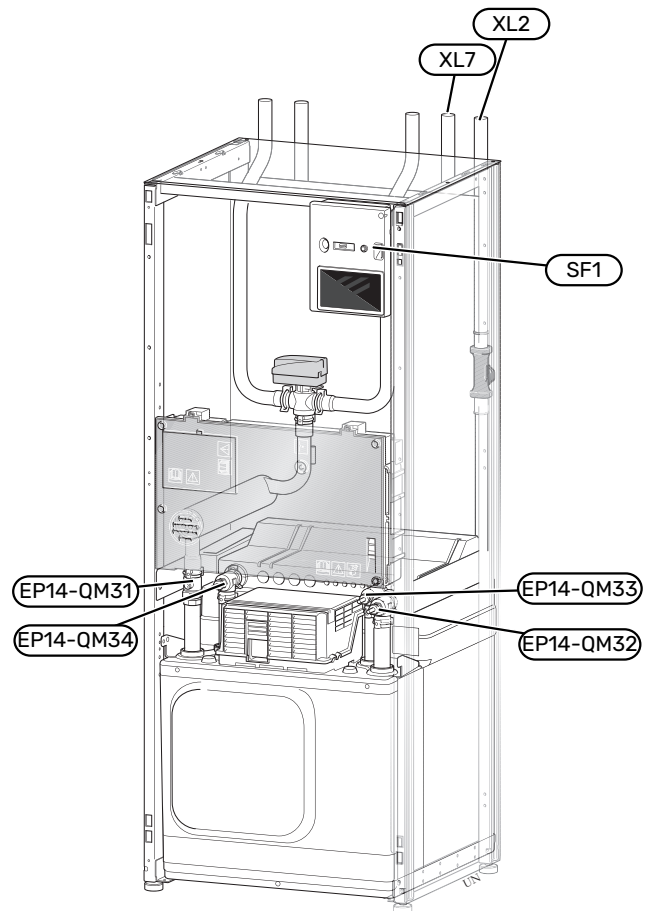


The image shows an example of a heat pump.

### DRAINING THE CLIMATE SYSTEM

In order to carry out service on the climate system, it may be easier to drain the system first. This can be done in different ways depending on what needs doing:

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> There may be some hot water, risk of scalding.

### Draining the climate system in the cooling module

If, for example, the heating medium pump needs to be replaced or the cooling module needs to be serviced in some other way, drain the climate system as follows:

1. Close the shut-off valves to the climate system (EP14-QM31) and (EP14-QM32).

2. Connect a hose to the drain valve (QM1) and open the valve. Some liquid will run out.

3. Air must enter the system to allow the remaining liquid to run out. To let in air, loosen the connection slightly at the shut-off valve (EP14-QM32) that joins the heat pump with the cooling module.

When the climate system is empty, the required service can be carried out and/or any components can be replaced.

### Draining the climate system in the heat pump

If S1155 requires servicing, drain the climate system as follows:

1. Close the shut-off valves outside the heat pump for the climate system (return and supply line).

2. Connect a hose to the drain valve (QM1) and open the valve. Some liquid will run out.

3. Air must enter the system to allow the remaining liquid to run out. To let in air, loosen the connection slightly at the shut-off valve that joins the climate system and the heat pump by the connection (XL2).

When the climate system is empty, the required service can be carried out.

### Draining the entire climate system

If the entire climate system requires draining, do this as follows:

1. Connect a hose to the drain valve (QM1) and open the valve. Some liquid will run out.

2. Air must get into the system for the remaining liquid to run out. To allow air in, unscrew the bleed screw on the highest radiator in the house.

When the climate system is empty, the required service can be carried out.

### EMPTYING THE BRINE SYSTEM

In order to service the brine system it may be easier to drain the system first. This can be done in different ways depending on what needs doing:

### Draining the brine system in the cooling module

If, for example, the brine pump requires replacing or the cooling module requires servicing, drain the brine system by:

1. Close the shut-off valves to brine system (EP14-QM33) and (EP14-QM34).

2. Connect a hose to the drain valve (QM2), place the other opening of the hose in a vessel and open the valve. A small amount of brine will flow into the vessel.

3. Air must get into the system in order for the remaining brine to run out. To let in air, slacken off the connection slightly at the shut-off valve (EP14-QM33) that joins the heat pump with the cooling module.

When the brine system is empty, the required service can be carried out.

### Draining the brine system in the heat pump

If the heat pump requires servicing, drain the brine system by:

1. Close the shut-off valve outside the heat pump for the brine system.

2. Connect a hose to the drain valve (QM2), place the other opening of the hose in a vessel and open the valve. A small amount of brine will flow into the vessel.

3. Air must enter the system to allow the remaining brine to run out. To let in air, loosen the connection slightly at the shut-off valve that joins the brine side with the heat pump by the connection (XL7).

When the brine system is empty, the required service can be carried out.

### HELPING THE CIRCULATION PUMP TO START

The circulation pump in S1155 has an automatic start help function. If necessary the pump can be started manually. In such cases, take the following action:

1. Shut off S1155.

2. Remove the front cover

3. Press the screw for start help in using a star head screwdriver as illustrated.

4. With the screw pressed in, turn the screwdriver in any direction.

5. Start S1155 and check that the circulation pump is working.
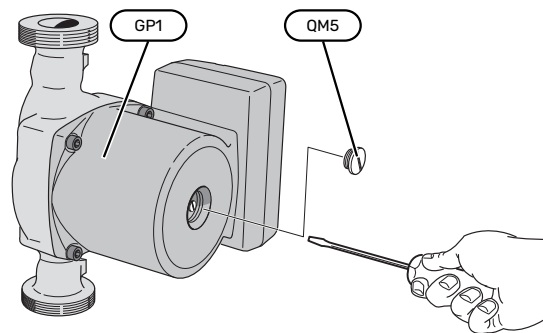


The image shows an example of what a circulation pump can look like.

### TEMPERATURE SENSOR DATA

| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (kOhm) | Voltage (VDC) |
|---|---|---|
| –10 | 56.20 | 3.047 |
| 0 | 33.02 | 2.889 |
| 10 | 20.02 | 2.673 |
| 20 | 12.51 | 2.399 |
| 30 | 8.045 | 2.083 |
| 40 | 5.306 | 1.752 |
| 50 | 3.583 | 1.426 |
| 60 | 2.467 | 1.136 |
| 70 | 1.739 | 0.891 |
| 80 | 1.246 | 0.691 |

## REMOVE THE MOTOR ON THE SHUTTLE VALVE

The motor on the shuttle valve can be removed to facilitate servicing.

### 6-16 kW

- Disconnect the cable from the motor and remove the motor from the shuttle valve as illustrated.
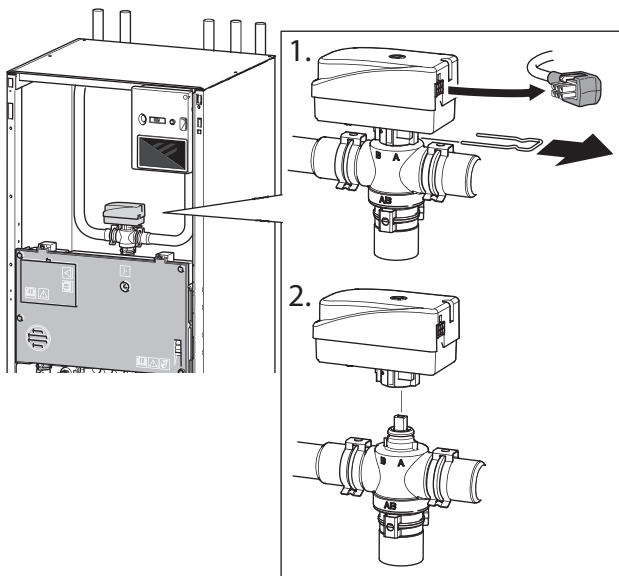


### 25 kW

- Disconnect the control knob and remove the motor from the reversing valve as illustrated.

Mounting

- When the recess in sleeve (A) is in position ●, the reversing valve is open to the heating system, the control knob is then in the 2 o'clock position.

  When the recess in sleeve (A) is in position ■, the reversing valve is open to hot water production, the control knob is then in the 10 o'clock position.
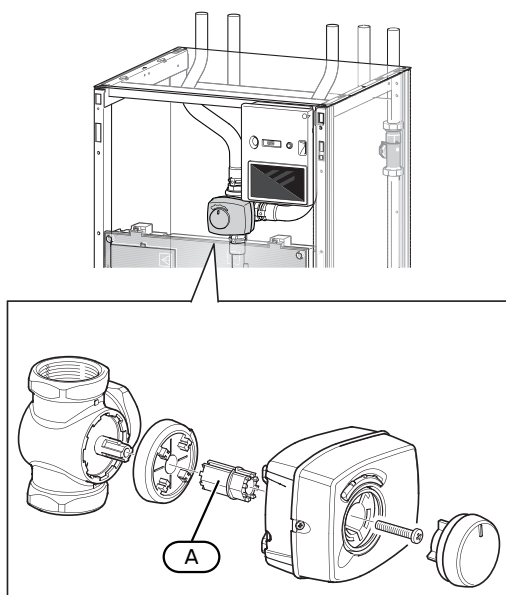


## PULLING OUT THE COOLING MODULE

The cooling module can be pulled out for service and transport. The images show examples of what a cooling module might look like.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
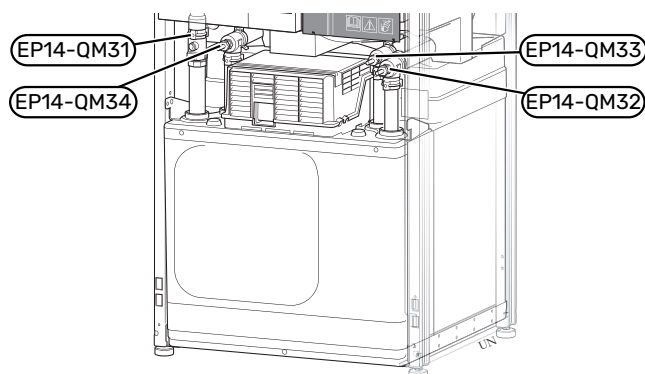> Switch off the heat pump and cut the power with the safety switch.
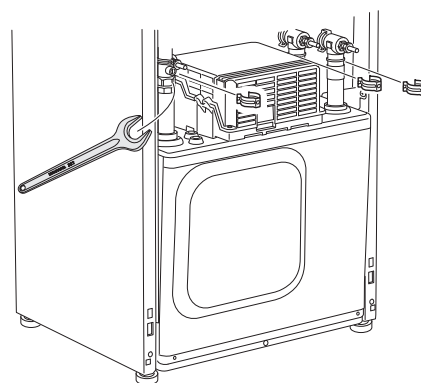
> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Remove the front cover according to the description on page 7.

1. Close the shut-off valves (EP14-QM31), (EP14-QM32), (EP14-QM33) and (EP14-QM34).
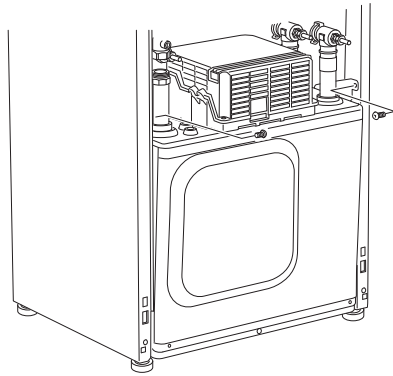
   Drain the compressor module according to the instructions on page 59



2. Pull off the lock catches.

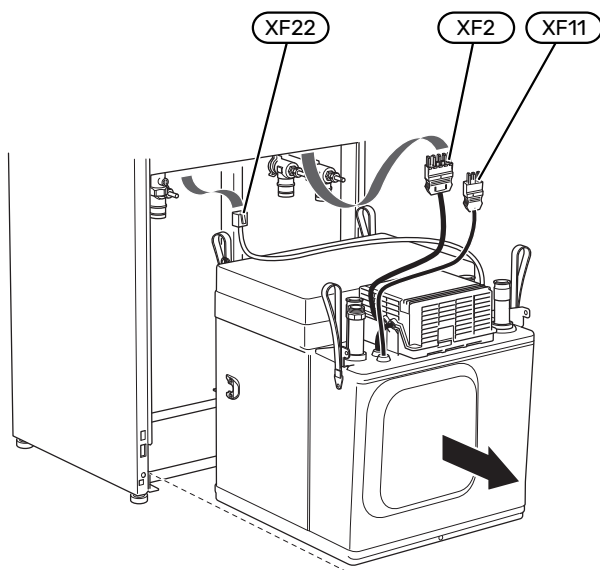3. Disconnect the pipe connection under the shut-off valve (EP14-QM31).

4. Remove the two screws.



5. Disconnect the connectors (XF2), (XF11) and (XF22).
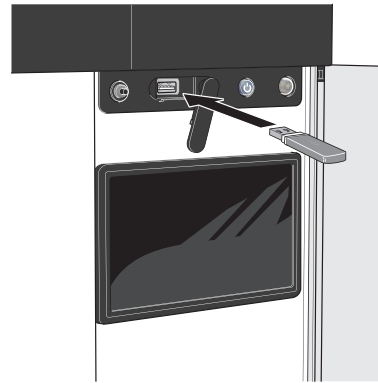6. Carefully pull out the cooling module.



> 💡 **TIP**
>
> The cooling module is installed in reverse order.

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> During reassembly, the enclosed O-rings should replace the existing ones on the shut-off valves (EP14-QM32), (EP14-QM33) and (EP14-QM34).

## USB SERVICE OUTLET



The display unit is equipped with a USB socket that can be used to update the software and save logged information in S1155.

If you connect the product to the network, you can upgrade the software without using the USB port. See section "my-Uplink".

When a USB memory is connected, a new menu (menu 8) appears in the display.

### Menu 8.1 - "Update the software"
You can update the software with a USB memory in menu 8.1 - "Update the software".

> ⚠ **NOTE**
>
> In order to update using a USB memory, the memory must contain a file with software for S1155 from NIBE.
>
> Software for S1155 can be downloaded from https://myuplink.com.

One or more files are shown in the display. Select a file and press "OK".

> 💡 **TIP**
>
> A software update does not reset the menu settings in S1155.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> If the update is interrupted before it is complete (e.g. in the event of a power cut etc.) the software is automatically restored to the previous version.

### Menu 8.2 - Logging

Setting range: 1 s – 60 min

Here you can choose how current measurement values from S1155 should be saved onto a log file on the USB memory.

1. Set the desired interval between loggings.
2. Select "Start logging".

3. The relevant measurement values from S1155 are now saved in a file on the USB memory at the set interval until you select "Stop logging".

> **Caution**
>
> Select "Stop logging" before removing the USB memory.

### Logging floor drying

Here you can save a floor drying log on the USB memory and in this way see when the concrete slab reached the correct temperature.

- Make sure that "Underfloor drying function" is activated in menu 7.5.2.

- A log file is now created, where the temperature and the immersion heater output can be read off. Logging continues until "Underfloor drying function" is stopped.

> **Caution**
>
> Close "Underfloor drying function" before removing the USB memory.

### Menu 8.3 - Manage settings

Here you can manage (save as or retrieve from) all the menu settings (user and service menus) in S1155 with a USB memory.

Via "Save settings" you save the menu settings to the USB memory in order to restore them later or to copy the settings to another S1155.

> **Caution**
>
> When you save the menu settings to the USB memory you replace any previously saved settings on the USB memory.

Via "Restore settings" you reset all menu settings from the USB memory.

> **Caution**
>
> Reset of the menu settings from the USB memory cannot be undone.

### Manual restoring of software

If you want to restore the software to the previous version:

1. Switch off S1155 via the shutdown menu. The status lamp goes out, off/on button light up blue.

2. Press the on/off button once.

3. When the on/off button changes colour from blue to white, press and hold the on/off button.

4. When the status lamp changes to green, release the on/off button.

> **Caution**
>
> If the status lamp should turn yellow at any time, S1155 has ended up in emergency mode and the software has not been restored.

> **TIP**
>
> If you have a previous version of the software on your USB memory, you can install that instead of manually restoring the version.

### MODBUS TCP/IP

NIBE S-series has built-in support for Modbus TCP/IP that can be activated in menu 7.5.9 - "Modbus TCP/IP".

TCP/IP settings are set in menu 5.2 - "Network settings".

Modbus protocol uses port 502 for communication.

| Readable | ID | Description |
|---|---|---|
| Read | 0x04 | Input Register |
| Read writable | 0x03 | Holding Register |
| Writable multiple | 0x10 | Write multiple registers |
| Writable single | 0x06 | Write single register |

The S-series can handle a maximum of 100 registers per second and 20 registers per query.

Available registers are shown in the display for the currect product and its installed and activated accessories.

Current network settings is located in menu 3.1.13 - "Connections".

> **TIP**
>
> Feel free to compare your values with menu 3.1 - "Operating info" to check that you are reading the correct values.

For more information, see relevant installer manual for that system.

### Export register

1. Insert a USB memory.

2. Go to menu 7.5.9 and choose "Export most used registers"or"Export all registers". These will then be stored on the USB memory in CSV format. (These options is only shown when a USB memory in inserted in the display).

# Disturbances in comfort

In most cases, S1155 notes a malfunction (a malfunction can lead to disruption in comfort) and indicates this with alarms, and instructions for action, in the display.

## Info-menu

All the heat pump's measurement values are gathered under menu 3.1 - "Operating info" in the heat pump's menu system. Examining the values in this menu can often make it easier to identify the source of the fault.
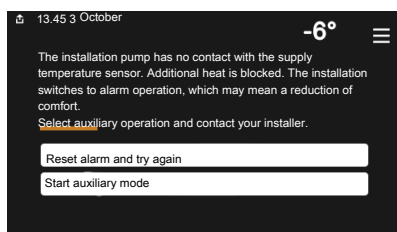
## Manage alarm

In the event of an alarm, a malfunction has occurred and the status lamp shines with a steady red light. You receive information about the alarm in the smartguide on the display.
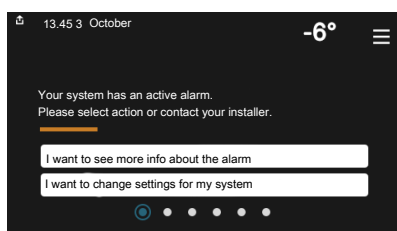
**ALARM**

In the event of an alarm with a red status lamp, a malfunction has occurred that S1155 cannot remedy itself. On the display, you can see what type of alarm it is and reset it.

In many cases, it is sufficient to select "Reset alarm and try again" for the installation to revert to normal operation.

If a white light comes on after selecting "Reset alarm and try again", the alarm has been remedied.

*"Auxiliary operation"* is a type of emergency mode. This means that the installation attempts to produce heat and/or hot water, even though there is some kind of problem. This could mean that the heat pump's compressor is not in operation. In this case, any electric additional heat produces heat and/or hot water.

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> To select "Auxiliary operation", an alarm action must be selected in menu 7.1.8.1 - "Alarm actions".

> ☞ **Caution**
>
> Selecting "Auxiliary operation" is not the same as correcting the problem that caused the alarm. The status lamp will therefore remain red.

## Troubleshooting

If the operational interference is not shown in the display the following tips can be used:

### Basic actions

Start by checking the following items:

- Group and main fuses of the accommodation.
- The property's earth circuit breaker.
- Miniature circuit breaker for S1155 (FC1).
- Temperature limiter for S1155 (FQ10).
- Correctly set load monitor.

### Low hot water temperature or a lack of hot water

This part of the fault-tracing chapter only applies if the water heater is installed in the system.

- Closed or throttled externally mounted filling valve for the hot water.
  - Open the valve.
- Mixing valve (if there is one installed) set too low.
  - Adjust the mixer valve.
- S1155 in incorrect operating mode.
  - Enter menu 4.1 - "Operating mode". If "Auto" mode is selected, select a higher value for "Stop additional heat" in menu 7.1.10.2 - "Auto mode setting".
  - If mode "Manual" is selected, select "Additional heat".
- Large hot water consumption.
  - Wait until the hot water has heated up. Temporarily increased hot water capacity can be activated in the "Hot water" home screen, in menu 2.1 - "More hot water" or via myUplink.
- Too low hot water setting.
  - Enter menu 2.2 - "Hot water demand" and select a higher demand mode.
- Low hot water access with the "Smart Control" function active.
  - If the hot water usage has been low for an extended period of time, less hot water than normal will be produced. Activate "More hot water" via the "Hot water" home screen, in menu 2.1 - "More hot water" or via myUplink.
- Too low or no operating prioritisation of hot water.

- Enter menu 7.1.10.1 - "Operating prioritisation" and in-
  crease the time for when hot water is to be prioritised.
  Note that, if the time for hot water is increased, the time
  for heating production is reduced, which can give
  lower/uneven room temperatures.

- "Holiday" activated in menu 6.

  - Enter menu 6 and deactivate.

## Low room temperature

- Closed thermostats in several rooms.

  - Set the thermostats to max in as many rooms as pos-
    sible. Adjust the room temperature via the "Heating"
    home screen, rather than turning down the thermostats.

- S1155 in incorrect operating mode.

  - Enter menu 4.1 - "Operating mode". If "Auto" mode is
    selected, select a higher value for "Stop heating" in
    menu 7.1.10.2 - "Auto mode setting".

  - If mode "Manual" is selected, select "Heating". If this is
    not enough, select "Additional heat".

- Too low set value on the automatic heating control.

  - Adjust via the smart guide or home screen "Heating"

  - If the room temperature is only low in cold weather, the
    curve slope in menu 1.30.1 - "Curve, heating" may need
    to be adjusted upwards.

- Too low or no operating prioritisation of heat.

  - Enter menu 7.1.10.1 - "Operating prioritisation" and in-
    crease the time for when heating is to be prioritised.
    Note that if the time for heating is increased, the time
    for hot water production is reduced, which can give a
    smaller amount of hot water.

- "Holiday" activated in menu 6 - "Scheduling".

  - Enter menu 6 and deactivate.

- External switch for changing room temperature activated.

  - Check any external switches.

- Air in the climate system.

  - Vent the climate system.

- Closed valves (QM31), (QM32) to the climate system.

  - Open the valves.

## High room temperature

- Too high set value on the automatic heating control.

  - Adjust via the smart guide or home screen "Heating"

  - If the room temperature is only high in cold weather,
    the curve slope in menu 1.30.1 - "Curve, heating" may
    need to be adjusted downwards.

- External switch for changing room temperature activated.

  - Check any external switches.

## Uneven room temperature.

- Incorrectly set heating curve.

- Fine-tune the heating curve in menu 1.30.1.

- Too high set value on "dT at DOT"..

  - Go to menu 7.1.6.2 (flow set. climate system) and reduce
    the value of "DOT".

- Uneven flow over the radiators.

  - Adjust the flow distribution between the radiators.

## Low system pressure

- Not enough water in the climate system.

  - Fill the climate system with water and check for leaks
    (see chapter "Filling and venting").

## The compressor does not start

- There is no heating or hot water demand, nor cooling
  demand (accessory is required for cooling).

  - S1155 does not call on heating, hot water or cooling.

- Compressor blocked due to the temperature conditions.

  - Wait until the temperature is within the product's work-
    ing range.

- Minimum time between compressor starts has not been
  reached.

  - Wait for at least 30 minutes and then check if the com-
    pressor has started.

- Alarm tripped.

  - Follow the display instructions.

## Whining noise in the radiators

- Closed thermostats in the rooms and incorrectly set
  heating curve.

  - Set the thermostats to max in as many rooms as pos-
    sible. Fine-tune the heating curve via home screen
    heating, rather than choking the thermostats.

- Circulation pump speed set too high.

  - Go to menu 7.1.2.2 (Pump speed heating medium GP1)
    and reduce the speed of the circulation pump.

- Uneven flow over the radiators.

  - Adjust the flow distribution between the radiators.

# Accessories

Detailed information about the accessories and complete accessories list available at nibe.eu.

Not all accessories are available on all markets.

## ACTIVE/PASSIVE COOLING IN 4-PIPE SYSTEM ACS 45

Part no 067 195

## ACTIVE/PASSIVE COOLING HPAC S40

The accessory HPAC S40 is a climate exchange module that is to be included in a system with S1155.

Part no. 067 624

## DOCKING KIT PVT 40

PVT 40 enables S1155 to use PVT-panels as brine-source.

Part no. 057 245

## DOCKING KIT SOLAR 40

Solar 40 means that S1155 (together with VPAS) can be connected to thermal solar heating.

Part no 067 084

## DOCKING KIT SOLAR 42

Part no 067 153

## EXTERNAL ELECTRIC ADDITIONAL HEAT ELK

These accessories require accessories card AXC 40 (step controlled addition).

**ELK 15**
15 kW, 3 x 400 V
Part no. 069 022

**ELK 26**
26 kW, 3 x 400 V
Part no. 067 074

**ELK 42**
42 kW, 3 x 400 V
Part no. 067 075

**ELK 213**
7–13 kW, 3 x 400 V
Part no. 069 500

## EXTRA SHUNT GROUP ECS 40/ECS 41

This accessory is used when S1155 is installed in houses with two or more different heating systems that require different supply temperatures.

**ECS 40 (Max 80 m²)**
Part no 067 287

**ECS 41 (approx. 80-250 m²)**
Part no 067 288

## FREE COOLING PCS 44

This accessory is used when S1155 is installed in an installation with passive cooling.

Part no 067 296

## HUMIDITY SENSOR HTS 40

This accessory is used to show and regulate humidity and temperatures during both heating and cooling operation.

Part no. 067 538

## EXHAUST AIR MODULE FLM S45

FLM S45 is an exhaust air module designed to combine recovery of mechanical exhaust air with ground source heating.

**FLM S45**
Part no. 067 627

**Bracket BAU 40**
Part no. 067 666

## HRV UNIT ERS

This accessory is used to supply the accommodation with energy that has been recovered from the ventilation air. The unit ventilates the house and heats the supply air as necessary.

**ERS S10-400**[1]
Part no. 066 163

**ERS 20-250**[1]
Part no. 066 068

**ERS 30-400**[1]
Part no. 066 165

[1] A preheater may be required.

## BASE EXTENSION EF 45

This accessory is used to create a larger connection area under S1155.

Part no. 067 152

## AUXILIARY RELAY HR 10

Auxiliary relay HR 10 is used to control external 1 to 3 phase loads such as oil burners, immersion heaters and pumps.

Part no 067 309

## COMMUNICATION MODULE FOR SOLAR ELECTRICITY EME 20

EME 20 is used to enable communication and control between inverters for solar cells from NIBE and S1155.

Part no. 057 188

## LEVEL MONITOR NV 10

Level monitor for extended checks of the brine level.

Part no. 089 315

## PASSIVE COOLING PCM S40/S42

PCM S40/42 makes it possible to obtain passive cooling from rock, groundwater or surface soil collectors.

Max. 17 kW.

Part no. 067 625 / 067 626

## POOL HEATING POOL 40

POOL 40 is used to enable pool heating with S1155.

Max. 17 kW.

Part no 067 062

## FILLING VALVE KIT, BRINE 25/32

Valve kit for filling brine in the collector hose. Includes particle filter and insulation.

### KB 25 (max. 12 kW)
Part no. 089 368

### KB 32 (max. 30 kW)
Part no. 089 971

## ROOM UNIT RMU S40

The room unit is an accessory with a built-in room sensor, which allows the control and monitoring of S1155 to be carried out in a different part of your home to where it is located.

Part no. 067 650

## SOLAR PACKAGE NIBE PV

NIBE PV is a modular system comprising solar panels, assembly parts and inverters, which is used to produce your own electricity.

## ACCESSORY CARD AXC 40

This accessory is used to enable connection and control of shunt controlled additional heat, step controlled additional heat, external circulation pump or ground water pump.

Part no. 067 060

## WIRELESS ACCESSORIES

It is possible to connect wireless accessories to S1155, e.g. room, humidity, $CO_2$ sensors.

For more information, as well as a complete list of all available wireless accessories, see myuplink.com.

## WATER HEATER/ACCUMULATOR TANK

### AHPS S
Accumulator tank without an immersion heater with a solar coil (copper corrosion protection) and a hot water coil (stainless steel corrosion protection).
Part no. 080 136

### AHP S
Volume expansion vessel that is primarily used for expanding the volume together with AHPS S.
Part no. 080 134

### AHPH S
Accumulator tank without an immersion heater with an integrated hot water coil (stainless steel corrosion protection).
Part no. 080 137

## VPA

Water heater with double-jacketed vessel.

### VPA 200/70
Corrosion protection:

Copper    Part no. 082 033

### VPA 300/200
Corrosion protection:

Copper    Part no. 082 023
Enamel    Part no. 082 025

### VPA 450/300
Corrosion protection:

Copper    Part no. 082 030
Enamel    Part no. 082 032

## VPAS

Water heater with double-jacketed vessel and solar coil.

### VPAS 300/450
Corrosion protection:

Copper    Part no. 082 026
Enamel    Part no. 082 027

## VPB

Water heater without immersion heater with charging coil.

### VPB 500
Corrosion protection:

Copper    Part no. 081 054

### VPB 750
Corrosion protection:

Copper    Part no. 081 052

### VPB 1000
Corrosion protection:

Copper    Part no. 081 053

## VPB S

Water heater without immersion heater with charging coil.

VPB S200/S300 is not compatible with S1155-25.

### VPB S200
Corrosion protection:

Copper      Part no. 081 139
Enamel      Part no. 081 140
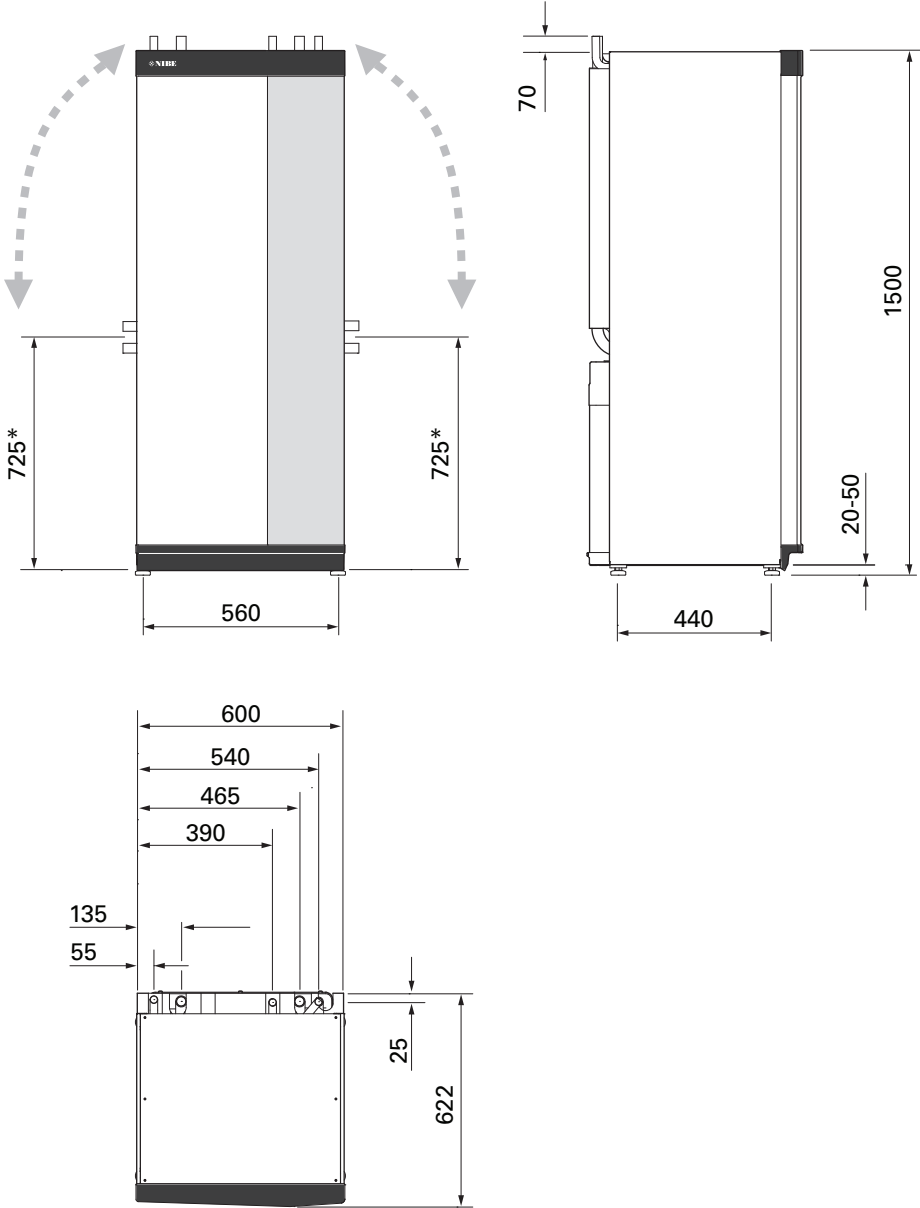Stainless   Part no. 081 141

### VPB S300
Corrosion protection:

Copper      Part no. 081 142
Enamel      Part no. 081 144
Stainless   Part no. 081 143

# Technical data

## Dimensions and setting-out coordinates



\* This dimension applies at 90° angle on the brine pipes (side connection). The dimension can vary approx. ±100 mm vertically as the brine pipes consist in part of flexible pipes.

# Electrical data
## 1X230 V

| S1155-6 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 230V ~ 50Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 – 0.5 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 15(16) |
| Max operating current including 1 – 1.5 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 20(20) |
| Max operating current including 2 – 2.5 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 24(25) |
| Max operating current including 3 – 4 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 31(32) |
| Max operating current including 4.5 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 33(40) |
| Additional power | kW | 0.5/1/1.5/2/2.5/3/3.5/4/4.5 |

| S1155-12 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 230 V ~ 50 Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 – 1 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 26(32) |
| Max operating current including 2 – 4 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 39(40) |
| Max operating current including 5 – 7 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 52(63) |
| Additional power | kW | 1/2/3/4/5/6/7 |

## 3X230 V

| S1155-6 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 230V 3 ~ 50Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 – 1 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 16(16) |
| Max operating current including 1.5 – 4.5 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 20(20) |
| Additional power | kW | 0.5/1/1.5/2/2.5/3/3.5/4/4.5 |

| S1155-12 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 230V 3 ~ 50Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 22(25) |
| Max operating current including 2 – 4 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 28(32) |
| Max operating current including 6 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 36(40) |
| Max operating current including 9 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 46(50) |
| Additional power | kW | 1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9 |

## 3X400 V

| S1155-6 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 400V 3N ~ 50Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 12(16) |
| Max operating current including 0.5 – 6.5 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 16(16) |
| Additional power | kW | 0.5/1/1.5/2/2.5/3/3.5/4/4.5/5/5.5/6/6.5 |

| S1155-12 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 400V 3N ~ 50Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 9(10) |
| Max operating current including 1 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 12(16) |
| Max operating current including 2 – 4 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 16(20) |
| Max operating current including 5 – 7 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 21(25) |
| Max operating current including 9 kW immersion heater, requires reconnection (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 24(25) |
| Additional power | kW | 1/2/3/4/5/6/7 (switchable to 2/4/6/9) |

| S1155-16 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 400V 3N ~ 50Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 10(10) |
| Max operating current including 1 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 13(16) |
| Max operating current including 2 – 4 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 17(20) |
| Max operating current including 5 – 7 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 21(25) |
| Max operating current including 9 kW immersion heater, requires reconnection (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 24(25) |
| Additional power | kW | 1/2/3/4/5/6/7 (switchable to 2/4/6/9) |
| Short circuit power (Ssc)[1] | MVA | 2.2 |

[1] This equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-12, on the condition that the short circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to 2.2 MVA at the connection point between the customer installation's electrical supply and the mains network. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, through consultation with the distribution network operator if required, that the equipment is only connected to a supply with a short circuit power Ssc equal to or greater than 2.2 MVA.

| S1155-25 | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rated voltage | | 400V 3N ~ 50Hz |
| Max operating current including 0 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 14(16) |
| Max operating current including 1 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 18(20) |
| Max operating current including 2 – 4 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 22(25) |
| Max operating current including 5 – 7 kW immersion heater (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 27(32) |
| Max operating current including 9 kW immersion heater, requires reconnection (Recommended fuse rating). | $A_{rms}$ | 29(32) |
| Additional power | kW | 1/2/3/4/5/6/7 (switchable to 2/4/6/9) |

# Technical specifications

| Model | | S1155-6 | S1155-12 | S1155-16 | S1155-25 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Output data according to EN 14511** | | | | | |
| **Heating capacity ($P_H$)** | **kW** | **1.5 – 6** | **3 – 12** | **4 – 16** | **6 – 25** |
| **0/35 nominal** | | | | | |
| Heating capacity ($P_H$) | kW | 3.15 | 5.06 | 8.89 | 12.68 |
| Supplied power ($P_E$) | kW | 0.67 | 1.04 | 1.83 | 2.71 |
| COP | | 4.72 | 4.87 | 4.85 | 4.68 |
| **0/45 nominal** | | | | | |
| Heating capacity ($P_H$) | kW | 2.87 | 4.78 | 8.63 | 11.83 |
| Supplied power ($P_E$) | kW | 0.79 | 1.27 | 2.29 | 3.38 |
| COP | | 3.61 | 3.75 | 3.77 | 3.50 |
| **10/35 nominal** | | | | | |
| Heating capacity ($P_H$) | kW | 4.30 | 6.33 | 11.22 | 16.94 |
| Supplied power ($P_E$) | kW | 0.66 | 1.03 | 1.84 | 2.67 |
| COP | | 6.49 | 6.12 | 6.11 | 6.34 |
| **10/45 nominal** | | | | | |
| Heating capacity ($P_H$) | kW | 3.98 | 5.98 | 10.92 | 15.98 |
| Supplied power ($P_E$) | kW | 0.83 | 1.30 | 2.32 | 3.40 |
| COP | | 4.79 | 4.59 | 4.72 | 4.70 |
| **SCOP according to EN 14825** | | | | | |
| Rated heating output ($P_{designh}$) | kW | 6 | 12 | 16 | 25 |
| SCOP cold climate, 35 °C / 55 °C | | 5.5 / 4.1 | 5.4 / 4.3 | 5.5 / 4.2 | 5.5 / 4.1 |
| SCOP average climate, 35 °C / 55 °C | | 5.2 / 4.0 | 5.2 / 4.1 | 5.2 / 4.1 | 5.2 / 4.0 |
| **Energy rating, average climate** | | | | | |
| The product's room heating efficiency class 35 °C / 55 °C[1] | | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| The system's room heating efficiency class 35 °C / 55 °C[2] | | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| Efficiency class hot water heating / declared tap profile with water heater[3] | | A / XL VPB S300 | A / XXL VPB S300 | A / XXL VPB S300 | – |
| **Noise** | | | | | |
| Sound power level ($L_{WA}$)EN 12102 at 0/35 | dB(A) | 36 – 43 | 36 – 47 | 36 – 47 | 36 – 47 |
| Sound pressure level ($L_{PA}$) calculated values according to EN ISO 11203 at 0/35 and 1m range | dB(A) | 21 – 28 | 21 – 32 | 21 – 32 | 21 – 32 |
| **Electrical data** | | | | | |
| Output, Brine pump | W | 3 – 140 | 2 – 180 | 2 – 180 | 16 – 310 |
| Output, Heating medium pump | W | 2 – 60 | 2 – 60 | 3 – 140 | 3 – 140 |
| Enclosure class | | | IPx1B | | |
| Equipment Compliant with IEC 61000-3-12 | | | | | |
| For Connection Design Purposes, Compliant with IEC 61000-3-3 technical requirements | | | | | |

| Model | | S1155-6 | S1155-12 | S1155-16 | S1155-25 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WLAN** | | | | | |
| 2.412 - 2.484 GHz max power | dbm | 11 | | | |
| **Wireless units** | | | | | |
| 2.405 - 2.480 GHz max power | dbm | 4 | | | |
| **Refrigerant circuit** | | | | | |
| Type of refrigerant | | R407C | R407C | R407C | R410A |
| GWP refrigerant | | 1,774 | 1,774 | 1,774 | 2,088 |
| Fill amount | kg | 1.16 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| $CO_2$ equivalent | ton | 2.06 | 3.55 | 3.90 | 4.39 |
| Cut-out value pressure switch HP / LP | ton | 3.2 (32) / 0.15 (1.5) | 3.2 (32) / 0.15 (1.5) | 3.2 (32) / 0.15 (1.5) | 4.2 (42) / 0.33 (3.3) |
| **Brine circuit** | | | | | |
| Min/max system pressure brine | MPa (bar) | 0.05 (0.5) / 0.45 (4.5) | | | |
| Nominal flow | l/s | 0.18 | 0.29 | 0.51 | 0.74 |
| Flow at Pdesignh [4] | l/s | 0.29 | 0.64 | 0.66 | 1.25 |
| Max external avail. press at nom flow | kPa | 95 | 115 | 95 | 70 |
| Max external available press at Pdesignh | kPa | 85 | 70 | 72 | 50 |
| Min/Max incoming Brine temp | °C | see diagram | | | |
| Min. outgoing brine temp. | °C | –12 | | | |
| **Heating medium circuit** | | | | | |
| Min/Max system pressure heating medium | MPa (bar) | 0.05 (0.5) / 0.45 (4.5) | | | |
| Nominal flow | l/s | 0.08 | 0.12 | 0.22 | 0.30 |
| Flow at Pdesignh | l/s | 0.16 | 0.38 | 0.50 | 0.73 |
| Max external avail. press at nom flow | kPa | 73 | 73 | 95 | 90 |
| Max external available press at Pdesignh | kPa | 71 | 55 | 75 | 60 |
| Min/max HM-temp | °C | see diagram | | | |
| **Pipe connections** | | | | | |
| Brine ext diam. CU pipe | mm | 28 | 28 | 28 | 35 |
| Heating medium ext diam. CU pipes | mm | 22 | 28 | 28 | 35 |
| Connection, hot water heater ext diam | mm | 22 | 28 | 28 | 35 |
| **Compressor oil** | | | | | |
| Oil type | | POE | | | |
| Oil volume | l | 0.68 | 0.9 | 1.45 | 1.45 |
| **Dimensions and weight** | | | | | |
| Width x Depth x Height | mm | 600 x 620 x 1,500 | | | |
| Ceiling height [5] | mm | 1,670 | | | |
| Weight complete heat pump | kg | 139 | 167 | 172 | 205 |
| Weight only cooling module | kg | 112 | 230 V: 110 400 V: 120 | 112 | 140 |
| Substances according to Directive (EG) no. 1907/2006, article 33 (Reach) | | Lead in brass components | | | |
| Part number, 1x230 V | | 065 446 | 065 438 | - | - |
| Part number, 3x230 V | | 065 448 | 065 440 | - | - |
| Part number, 3x400 V T | | - | 065 506 | - | - |
| Part number, 3x400 V | | 065 447 | 065 439 | 065 443 | 065 498 |

1  Scale for the product's efficiency class room heating: A+++ to D.

2  Scale for the system's efficiency class room heating: A+++ to G. Reported efficiency for the system takes the product's temperature regulator into account.

3  Scale for efficiency class hot water: A+ to F.

4  For 16 kW, the value is given at Delta T=4°, for others at Delta T=3°

5  With feet removed, the height is approx. 1,650 mm.

## WORKING RANGE HEAT PUMP, COMPRESSOR OPERATION

The compressor provides a supply temperature up to 65 °C at -5 °C incoming brine temperature.
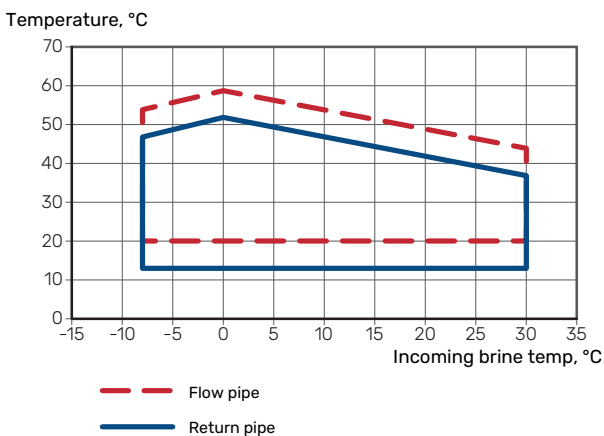
The working range below 75 % for S1155-6 and the entire working range for S1155-12, -16.

Temperature, °C



- – – Flow pipe
- —— Return pipe

Working range for S1155-25

Temperature, °C



- – – Flow pipe
- – – Supply line target temperature charging
- —— Return pipe
- – – Return line target temperature charging
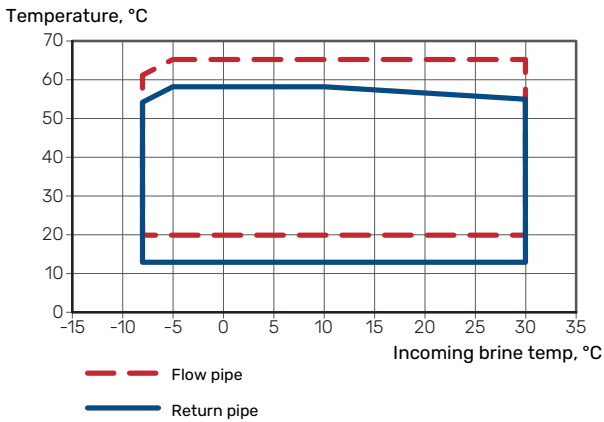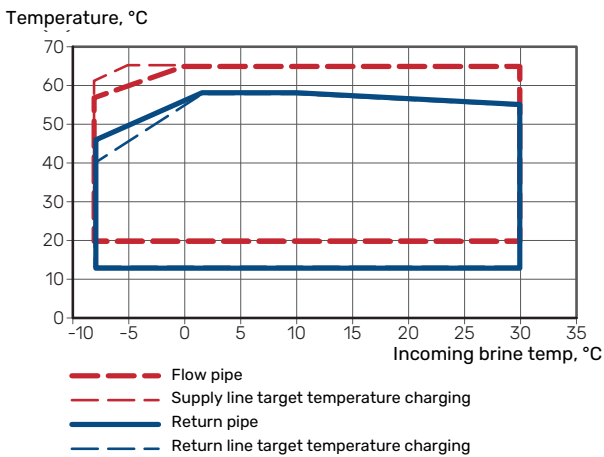
The working range above 75 % for S1155-6

Temperature, °C



- – – Flow pipe
- —— Return pipe

☞ Caution

For operation of S1155-6 above 75% compressor speed, unlock in menu 7.1.3.1. This can produce a louder noise level than the value stated in the technical specifications.

## DIAGRAM, DIMENSIONING COMPRESSOR SPEED

### Heating mode 35 °C

Diagram for dimensioning a heat pump. The percentage shows approximate compressor speed.

### S1155-6

Specified heating output, kW



### S1155-12 230V

Specified heating output, kW



### S1155-12 400V

Specified heating output, kW
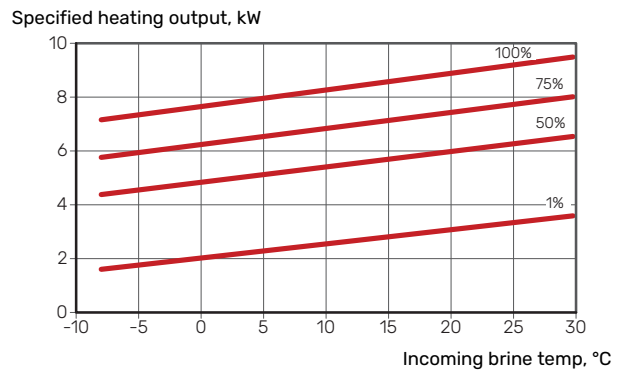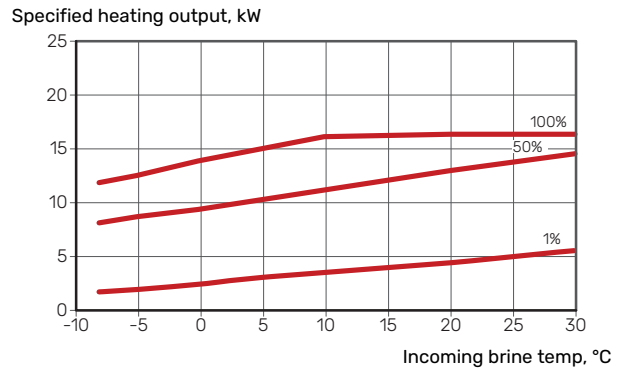


### S1155-16

Specified heating output, kW
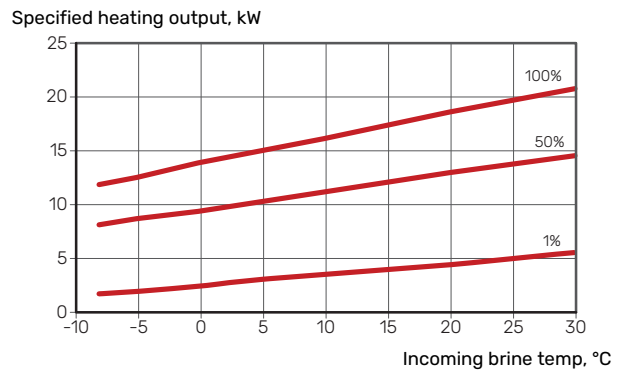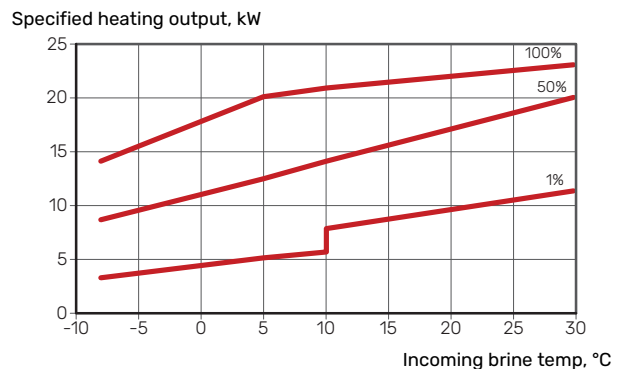
## S1155-25

Specified heating output, kW



Incoming brine temp, °C
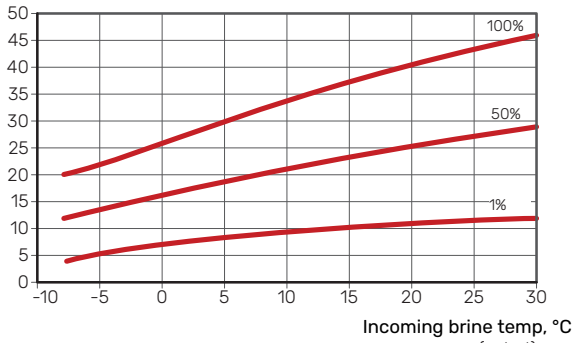
## Cooling mode (Accessory required)

☞ **Caution**

To dimension heating dump, see the diagram for heating operation.

## Supply temperature, heating medium 35 °°C

### S1155-6

Specified cooling output, kW
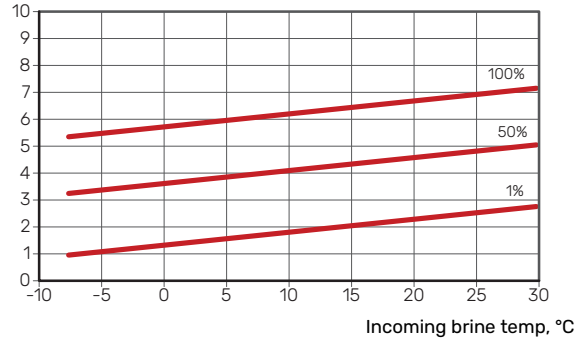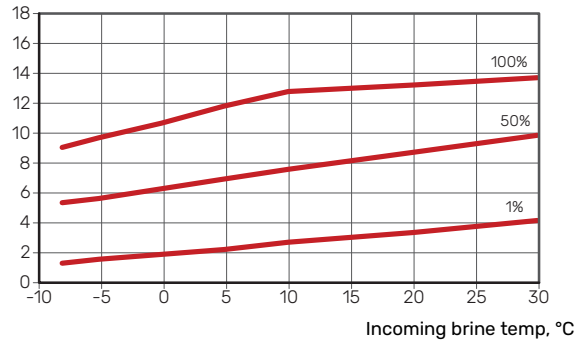


Incoming brine temp, °C

### S1155-12 230V

Specified cooling output, kW



Incoming brine temp, °C

### S1155-12 400V

Specified cooling output, kW



Incoming brine temp, °C
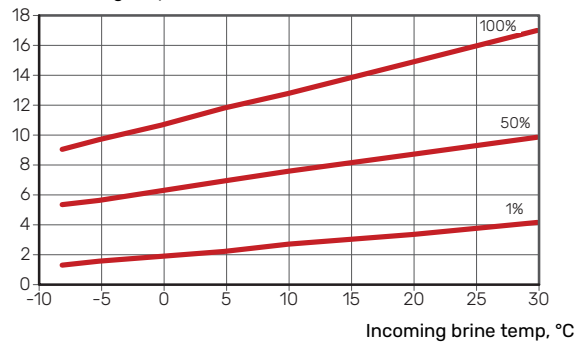
## S1155-16

Specified cooling output, kW
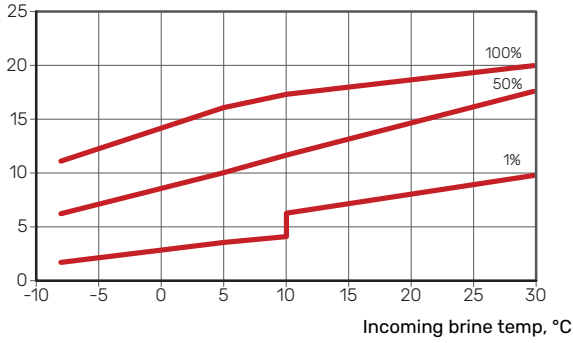


## S1155-12 400 V

Specified cooling output, kW
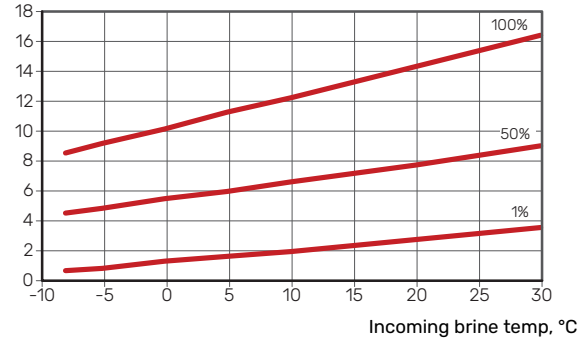


## S1155-25

Specified cooling output, kW
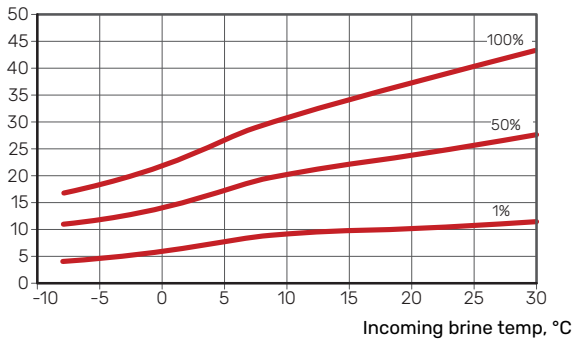


## S1155-16

Specified cooling output, kW
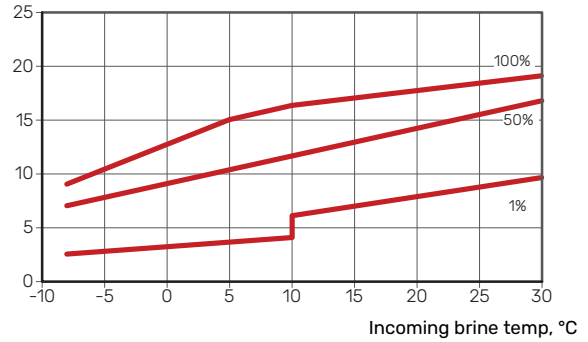


## Supply temperature, heating medium 50 °°C

### S1155-6

Specified cooling output, kW
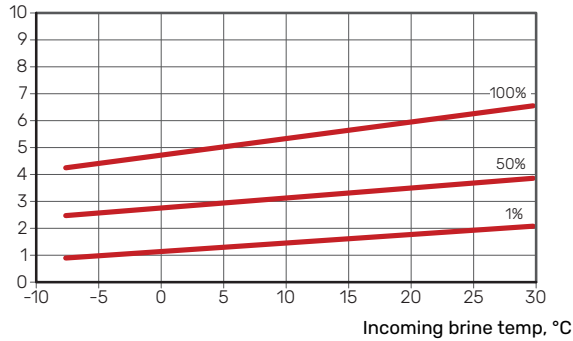


## S1155-25

Specified cooling output, kW
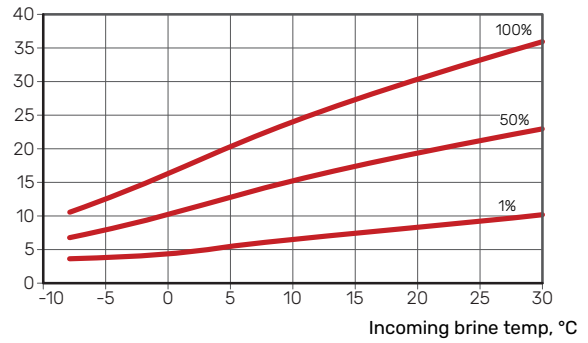


## S1155-12 230 V

Specified cooling output, kW
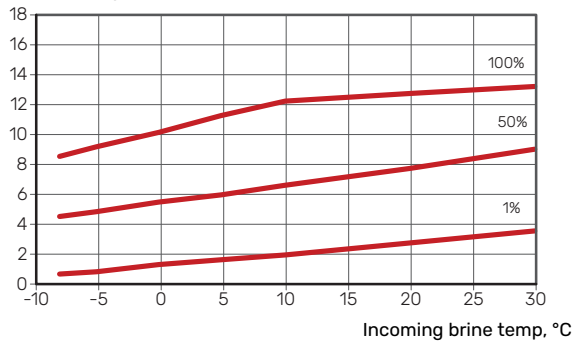
# Energy labelling

## INFORMATION SHEET

| Supplier | | NIBE AB | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Model** | | **S1155-6 1x230V** | **S1155-12 1x230V** |
| Model hot water heater | | VPB S300 | VPB S300 |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Declared load profile for water heating | | XL | XXL |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class, average climate | | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| Water heating energy efficiency class, average climate | | A | A |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), average climate | kW | 6 | 12 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, average climate | kWh | 2,188 / 2,875 | 4,582 / 6,213 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, average climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, average climate | % | 200 / 150 | 201 / 157 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, average climate | % | 99 | 102 |
| Sound power level $L_{WA}$ indoors | dB | 42 | 44 |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), cold climate | kW | 6 | 12 |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), warm climate | kW | 6 | 12 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, cold climate | kWh | 2,481 / 3,287 | 5,292 / 7,173 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, cold climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, warm climate | kWh | 1,408 / 1,852 | 2,928 / 3,999 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, warm climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, cold climate | % | 211 / 157 | 208 / 162 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, cold climate | % | 99 | 102 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, warm climate | % | 201 / 151 | 204 / 158 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, warm climate | % | 99 | 102 |
| Sound power level $L_{WA}$ outdoors | dB | – | – |

| Supplier | | NIBE AB | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Model** | | **S1155-6 3x230V** | **S1155-12 3x230V** |
| Model hot water heater | | VPB S300 | VPB S300 |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Declared load profile for water heating | | XL | XXL |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class, average climate | | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| Water heating energy efficiency class, average climate | | A | A |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), average climate | kW | 6 | 12 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, average climate | kWh | 2,188 / 2,875 | 4,582 / 6,213 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, average climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, average climate | % | 200 / 150 | 201 / 157 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, average climate | % | 99 | 102 |
| Sound power level $L_{WA}$ indoors | dB | 42 | 44 |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), cold climate | kW | 6 | 12 |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), warm climate | kW | 6 | 12 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, cold climate | kWh | 2,481 / 3,287 | 5,292 / 7,173 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, cold climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, warm climate | kWh | 1,408 / 1,852 | 2,928 / 3,999 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, warm climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, cold climate | % | 211 / 157 | 208 / 162 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, cold climate | % | 99 | 102 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, warm climate | % | 201 / 151 | 204 / 158 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, warm climate | % | 99 | 102 |
| Sound power level $L_{WA}$ outdoors | dB | – | – |

| Supplier | | NIBE AB | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Model | | S1155-6 3x400V | S1155-12 3x400V | S1155-16 3x400V | S1155-25 3x400V |
| Model hot water heater | | VPB S300 | VPB S300 | VPB S300 | - |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Declared load profile for water heating | | XL | XXL | XXL | - |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class, average climate | | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| Water heating energy efficiency class, average climate | | A | A | A | - |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), average climate | kW | 6 | 12 | 16 | 25 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, average climate | kWh | 2,188 / 2,875 | 4,582 / 6,213 | 6,373 / 8,167 | 9,913 / 13,063 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, average climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 | 2,048 | - |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, average climate | % | 200 / 150 | 201 / 157 | 199 / 154 | 200 / 150 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, average climate | % | 99 | 102 | 105 | - |
| Sound power level $L_{WA}$ indoors | dB | 42 | 44 | 42 | 47 |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), cold climate | kW | 6 | 12 | 16 | 25 |
| Rated heat output ($P_{designh}$), warm climate | kW | 6 | 12 | 16 | 25 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, cold climate | kWh | 2,481 / 3,287 | 5,292 / 7,173 | 7,218 / 9,434 | 11,289 / 15,024 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, cold climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 | 2,048 | - |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, warm climate | kWh | 1,408 / 1,852 | 2,928 / 3,999 | 4,169 / 5,386 | 6,381 / 8,545 |
| Annual energy consumption water heating, warm climate | kWh | 1,697 | 2,112 | 2,048 | - |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, cold climate | % | 211 / 157 | 208 / 162 | 211 / 159 | 210 / 156 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, cold climate | % | 99 | 102 | 105 | - |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, warm climate | % | 201 / 151 | 204 / 158 | 197 / 151 | 201 / 148 |
| Water heating energy efficiency, warm climate | % | 99 | 102 | 105 | - |
| Sound power level $L_{WA}$ outdoors | dB | - | - | - | - |

## DATA FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY OF THE PACKAGE

| Model | | S1155-6 1x230V | S1155-12 1x230V |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | | **VPB S300** | **VPB S300** |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Controller, class | | VI | |
| Controller, contribution to efficiency | % | 4 | |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, average climate | % | 204 / 154 | 205 / 161 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class of the package, average climate | | **A+++** | **A+++** |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, cold climate | % | 215 / 161 | 212 / 166 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, warm climate | % | 205 / 155 | 208 / 162 |

| Model | | S1155-6 3x230V | S1155-12 3x230V |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | | **VPB S300** | **VPB S300** |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Controller, class | | VI | |
| Controller, contribution to efficiency | % | 4 | |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, average climate | % | 204 / 154 | 205 / 161 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class of the package, average climate | | **A+++** | **A+++** |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, cold climate | % | 215 / 161 | 212 / 166 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, warm climate | % | 205 / 155 | 208 / 162 |

| Model | | S1155-6 3x400V | S1155-12 3x400V | S1155-16 3x400V | S1155-25 3x400V |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | | **VPB S300** | **VPB S300** | **VPB S300** | **-** |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Controller, class | | VI | | | |
| Controller, contribution to efficiency | % | 4 | | | |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, average climate | % | 204 / 154 | 205 / 161 | 203 / 158 | 204 / 154 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class of the package, average climate | | **A+++** | **A+++** | **A+++** | **A+++** |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, cold climate | % | 215 / 161 | 212 / 166 | 215 / 163 | 214 / 160 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, warm climate | % | 205 / 155 | 208 / 162 | 201 / 155 | 205 / 152 |

The reported efficiency of the package also takes the controller into account. If an external supplementary boiler or solar heating is added to the package, the overall efficiency of the package should be recalculated.

## TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

| Model | S1155-6 1x230V | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | **VPB S300** | | | | | |

| Type of heat pump | ☐ Air–water<br>☐ Exhaust–water<br>☒ Brine–water<br>☐ Water–water | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Low-temperature heat pump | ☐ Yes ☒ No | | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | | |
| Climate | ☒ Average ☐ Cold ☐ Warm | | | | | |
| Temperature application | ☒ Medium (55°C) ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | | |
| Applied standards | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 5,5 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_s$ | 150 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 5.0 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.06 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 3.0 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 3.97 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 2.0 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.63 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 1.2 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 4.86 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 5.4 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.84 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 5.4 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.84 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | $T_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.99 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | $P_{OFF}$ | 0.002 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.1 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | $P_{TO}$ | 0.007 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | $P_{SB}$ | 0.007 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | |
| Crankcase heater mode | $P_{CK}$ | 0.009 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air–water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | $L_{WA}$ | 42 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | $Q_{HE}$ | 2,875 | kWh | Brine flow brine–water or water–water heat pumps | | 0.68 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | XL | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_{wh}$ | 99 | % |
| Daily energy consumption | $Q_{elec}$ | 7.73 | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | $Q_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | 1,697 | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | | | |

| Model | S1155-12 1x230V | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | **VPB S300** | | | | | |
| Type of heat pump | ☐ Air-water<br>☐ Exhaust-water<br>☒ Brine-water<br>☐ Water-water | | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | ☐ Yes ☒ No | | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | | |
| Climate | ☒ Average ☐ Cold ☐ Warm | | | | | |
| Temperature application | ☒ Medium (55°C) ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | | |
| Applied standards | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 12,4 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_s$ | 157 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 11.1 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.18 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 6.8 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 4.12 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 4.4 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.67 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 2.6 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 5.06 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 12.3 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.91 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 12.3 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.91 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | $T_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.99 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | $P_{OFF}$ | 0.005 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.1 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | $P_{TO}$ | 0.015 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | $P_{SB}$ | 0.007 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | |
| Crankcase heater mode | $P_{CK}$ | 0.0 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | $L_{WA}$ | 44 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | $Q_{HE}$ | 6,213 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | 1.46 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | XXL | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_{wh}$ | 102 | % |
| Daily energy consumption | $Q_{elec}$ | 9.62 | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | $Q_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | 2,112 | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | | | |

| Model | S1155-6 3x230V | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | **VPB S300** | | | | | |
| Type of heat pump | ☐ Air-water<br>☐ Exhaust-water<br>☒ Brine-water<br>☐ Water-water | | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | ☐ Yes ☒ No | | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | | |
| Climate | ☒ Average ☐ Cold ☐ Warm | | | | | |
| Temperature application | ☒ Medium (55°C) ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | | |
| Applied standards | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 5,5 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_s$ | 150 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 5.0 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.06 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 3.0 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 3.97 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 2.0 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.63 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 1.2 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 4.86 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 5.4 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.84 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 5.4 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.84 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | $T_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.99 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | $P_{OFF}$ | 0.002 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.1 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | $P_{TO}$ | 0.007 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | $P_{SB}$ | 0.007 | kW | Type of energy input | Electric | | |
| Crankcase heater mode | $P_{CK}$ | 0.009 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | $L_{WA}$ | 42 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | $Q_{HE}$ | 2,875 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | 0.68 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | XL | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_{wh}$ | 99 | % |
| Daily energy consumption | $Q_{elec}$ | 7.73 | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | $Q_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | 1,697 | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | | | |

| Model | S1155-12 3x230V | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | **VPB S300** | | | | |
| Type of heat pump | ☐ Air-water<br>☐ Exhaust-water<br>☒ Brine-water<br>☐ Water-water | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | ☐ Yes ☒ No | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | |
| Climate | ☒ Average ☐ Cold ☐ Warm | | | | |
| Temperature application | ☒ Medium (55°C) ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | |
| Applied standards | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 12,4 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_s$ | 157 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 11.1 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.18 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 6.8 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 4.12 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 4.4 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.67 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 2.6 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 5.06 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 12.3 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.91 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 12.3 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.91 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | $T_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.99 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | $P_{OFF}$ | 0.005 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.1 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | $P_{TO}$ | 0.015 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | $P_{SB}$ | 0.007 | kW | Type of energy input | Electric | | |
| Crankcase heater mode | $P_{CK}$ | 0.0 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | $L_{WA}$ | 44 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | $Q_{HE}$ | 6,213 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | 1.46 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | XXL | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_{wh}$ | 102 | % |
| Daily energy consumption | $Q_{elec}$ | 9.62 | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | $Q_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | 2,112 | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | | | |

| Model | | | S1155-6 3x400V | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | | | **VPB S300** | | | | |
| Type of heat pump | | | ☐ Air-water<br>☐ Exhaust-water<br>☒ Brine-water<br>☐ Water-water | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | | | ☐ Yes ☒ No | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | | | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | | | ☒ Yes ☐ No | | | | |
| Climate | | | ☒ Average ☐ Cold ☐ Warm | | | | |
| Temperature application | | | ☒ Medium (55°C) ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | |
| Applied standards | | | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 5,5 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | η$_s$ | 150 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 5.0 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.06 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 3.0 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 3.97 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 2.0 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.63 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 1.2 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 4.86 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 5.4 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.84 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 5.4 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.84 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | T$_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.99 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | P$_{OFF}$ | 0.002 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.1 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | P$_{TO}$ | 0.007 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | P$_{SB}$ | 0.007 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | |
| Crankcase heater mode | P$_{CK}$ | 0.009 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | L$_{WA}$ | 42 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | Q$_{HE}$ | 2,875 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | 0.68 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | XL | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | η$_{wh}$ | 99 | % |
| Daily energy consumption | Q$_{elec}$ | 7.73 | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | Q$_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | 1,697 | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | | | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | |

| Model | S1155-12 3x400V | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | **VPB S300** | | | |
| Type of heat pump | ☐ Air-water<br>☐ Exhaust-water<br>☒ Brine-water<br>☐ Water-water | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | ☐ Yes  ☒ No | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | ☒ Yes  ☐ No | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | ☒ Yes  ☐ No | | | |
| Climate | ☒ Average  ☐ Cold  ☐ Warm | | | |
| Temperature application | ☒ Medium (55°C)  ☐ Low (35°C) | | | |
| Applied standards | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 12,4 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_s$ | 157 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 11.1 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.18 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 6.8 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 4.12 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 4.4 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.67 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 2.6 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 5.06 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 12.3 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.91 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 12.3 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.91 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | $T_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.99 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | $P_{OFF}$ | 0.005 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.1 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | $P_{TO}$ | 0.015 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | $P_{SB}$ | 0.007 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | |
| Crankcase heater mode | $P_{CK}$ | 0.0 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | $L_{WA}$ | 44 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | $Q_{HE}$ | 6,213 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | 1.46 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | XXL | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_{wh}$ | 102 | % |
| Daily energy consumption | $Q_{elec}$ | 9.62 | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | $Q_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | 2,112 | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | | | |

| Model | S1155-16 3x400V | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | **VPB S300** | | | | | |
| Type of heat pump | ☐ Air-water<br>☐ Exhaust-water<br>☒ Brine-water<br>☐ Water-water | | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | ☐ Yes  ☒ No | | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | ☒ Yes  ☐ No | | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | ☒ Yes  ☐ No | | | | | |
| Climate | ☒ Average  ☐ Cold  ☐ Warm | | | | | |
| Temperature application | ☒ Medium (55°C)  ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | | |
| Applied standards | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 16,0 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | η$_s$ | 154 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 14.2 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.0 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 8.7 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 4.1 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 5.6 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.9 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 5.5 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 5.0 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 15.4 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.8 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 15.4 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.8 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | T$_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.99 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | P$_{OFF}$ | 0.002 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.6 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | P$_{TO}$ | 0.020 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | P$_{SB}$ | 0.007 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | |
| Crankcase heater mode | P$_{CK}$ | 0.030 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | L$_{WA}$ | 42 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | Q$_{HE}$ | 8,167 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | 1.84 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | XXL | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | η$_{wh}$ | 105 | % |
| Daily energy consumption | Q$_{elec}$ | 9.33 | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | Q$_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | 2,048 | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | | | |

| Model | S1155-25 3x400V | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Model hot water heater** | **-** | | | | |
| Type of heat pump | ☐ Air-water<br>☐ Exhaust-water<br>☒ Brine-water<br>☐ Water-water | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | ☐ Yes  ☒ No | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional heat | ☒ Yes  ☐ No | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | ☒ Yes  ☐ No | | | | |
| Climate | ☒ Average  ☐ Cold  ☐ Warm | | | | |
| Temperature application | ☒ Medium (55°C)  ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | |
| Applied standards | EN-14825 & EN-16147 | | | | |
| *Rated heat output* | Prated | 25,0 | kW | *Seasonal space heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_s$ | 150 | % |
| *Declared capacity for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | | *Declared coefficient of performance for space heating at part load and at outdoor temperature Tj* | | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 21.7 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 3.0 | - |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 13.7 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 4.0 | - |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 8.4 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.6 | - |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 7.4 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 4.7 | - |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 23.9 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.8 | - |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 23.9 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.8 | - |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | $T_{biv}$ | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 1.0 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Power consumption in modes other than active mode* | | | | *Additional heat* | | | |
| Off mode | $P_{OFF}$ | 0.016 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.0 | kW |
| Thermostat-off mode | $P_{TO}$ | 0 | kW | | | | |
| Standby mode | $P_{SB}$ | 0.022 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | |
| Crankcase heater mode | $P_{CK}$ | 0.008 | kW | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| *Other items* | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | | m³/h |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | $L_{WA}$ | 47 / - | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h |
| Annual energy consumption | $Q_{HE}$ | 13,063 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | 2.30 | m³/h |
| | | | | | | | |
| *For heat pump combination heater* | | | | | | | |
| *Declared load profile for water heating* | | - | | *Water heating energy efficiency* | $\eta_{wh}$ | | % |
| Daily energy consumption | $Q_{elec}$ | | kWh | Daily fuel consumption | $Q_{fuel}$ | | kWh |
| Annual energy consumption | AEC | | kWh | Annual fuel consumption | AFC | | GJ |
| Contact information | *NIBE Energy Systems – Box 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sweden* | | | | | | |

# Item register

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